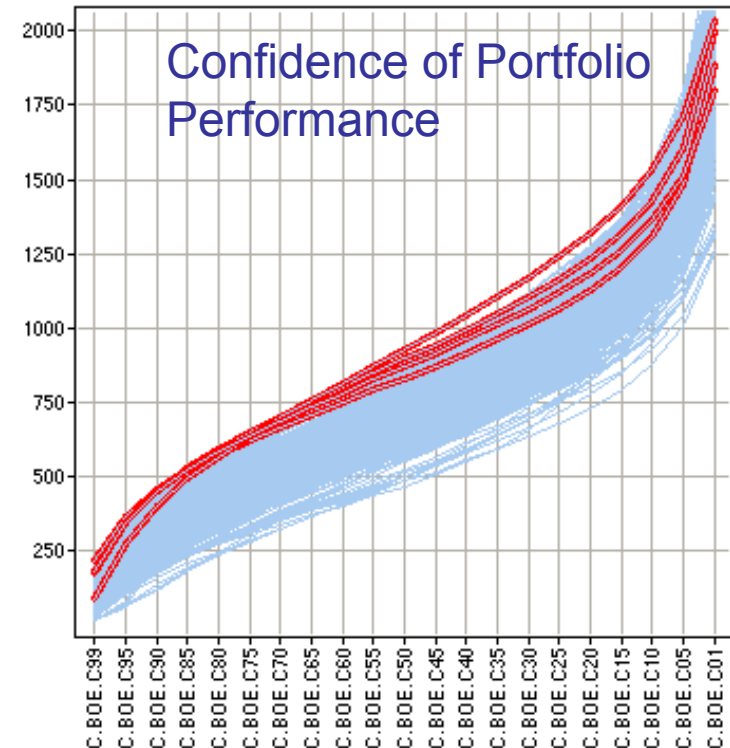
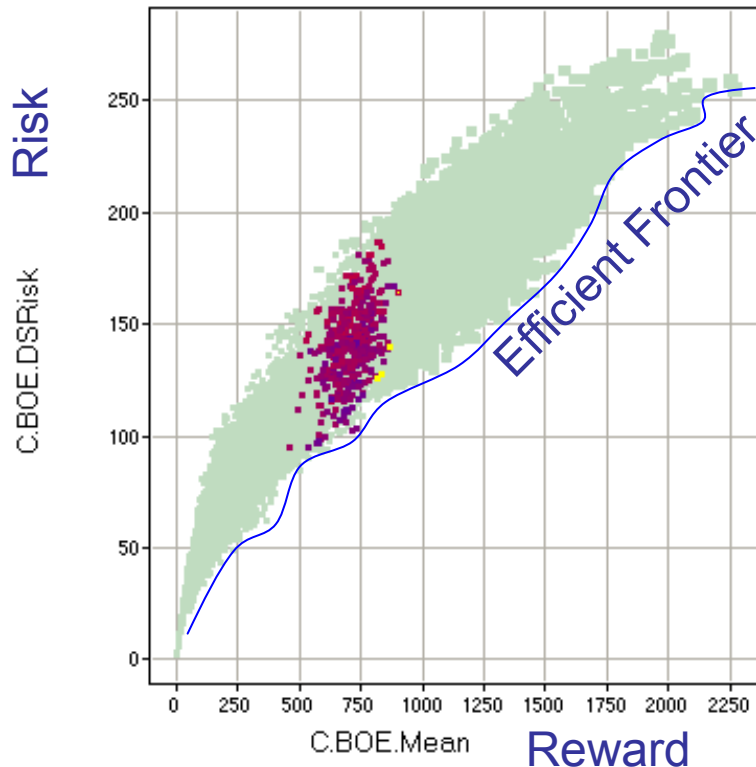


Spotfire Enables Portfolio Analysis of Investment Opportunities on Efficient Frontiers of Many Measures

Dr. Stephen M. Rasey, Director, WiserWays LLC
for Spotfire Energy Users Meeting, Feb. 20, 2003, The Woodlands, TX.



Definitions

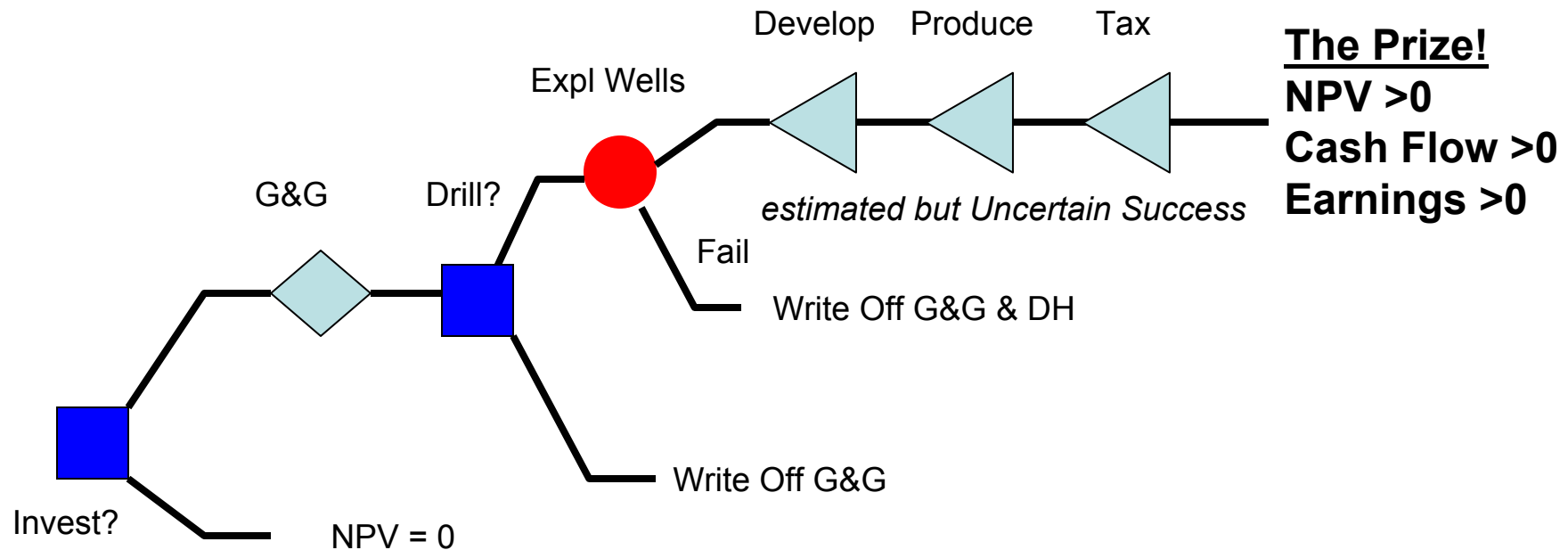
- Portfolio
 - A **collection of** investments all owned by the same individual or organization.
- Efficient Portfolio
 - A portfolio that provides the greatest expected return for a given level of risk, or equivalently, the lowest risk for a given expected return. **also called** optimal portfolio.
- Efficient Frontier
 - The line on a risk-reward graph comprised of all efficient portfolios.
 - (Source: <http://www.investorwords.com>)

Portfolio Analysis

- A search for Efficient *candidate* Portfolios from a collection of *potential Investment Opportunities*.
- Acceptable Candidate Portfolios must satisfy Investors Requirements:
 - Operational – Physically doable
(rig avail, lead time, partners, Working Interest availability)
 - Political – (BU Capex avail, Maximum \$ exposure)
 - Resource – Budget, People
 - Performance – Resources found, Production & Earnings Goals, Minimum acceptable results.

Investment Opportunities

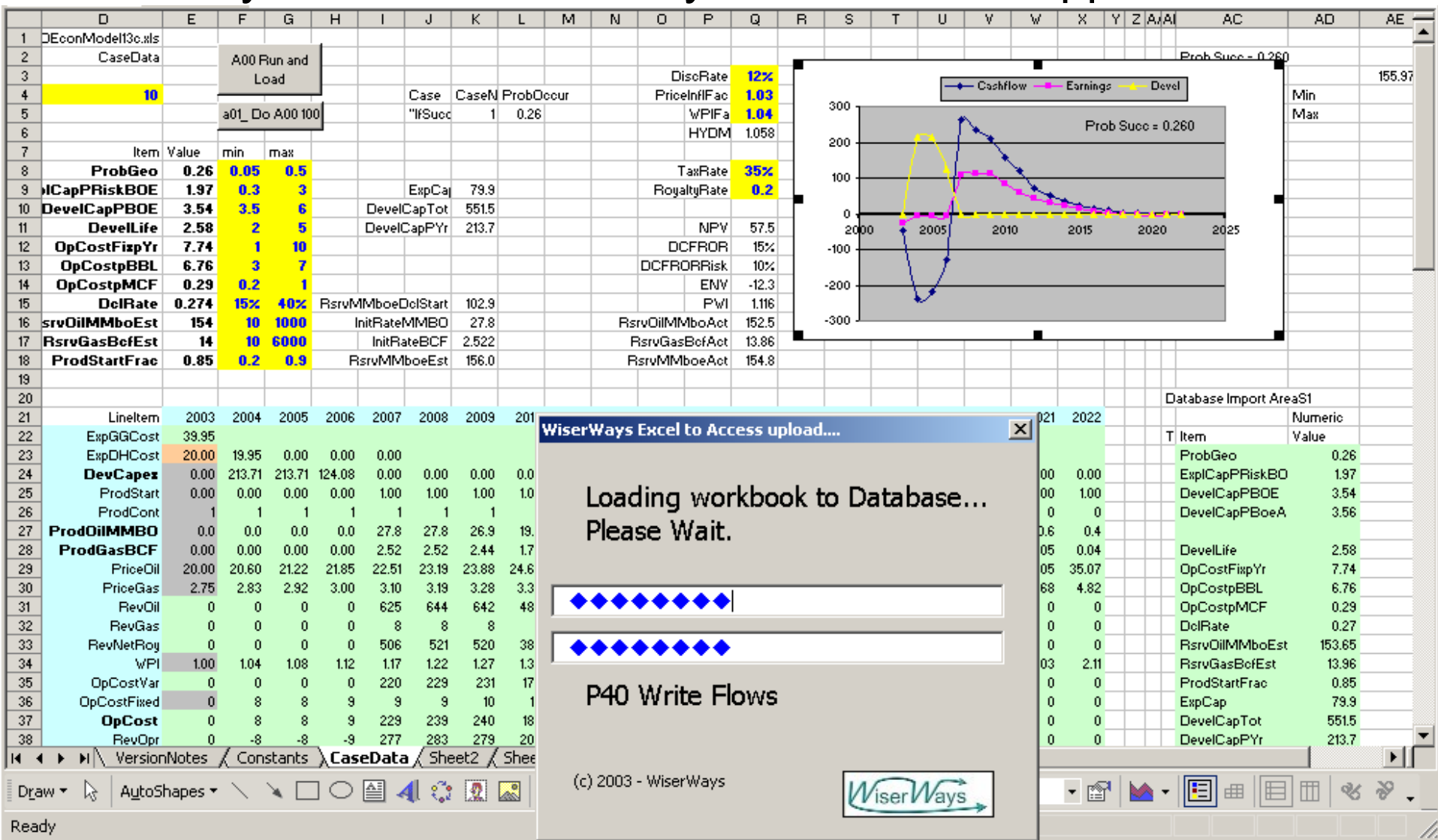
- Projects where you have an opportunity to invest capital with estimated, but uncertain, profitable returns in the future.
- Example here: Exploration Projects



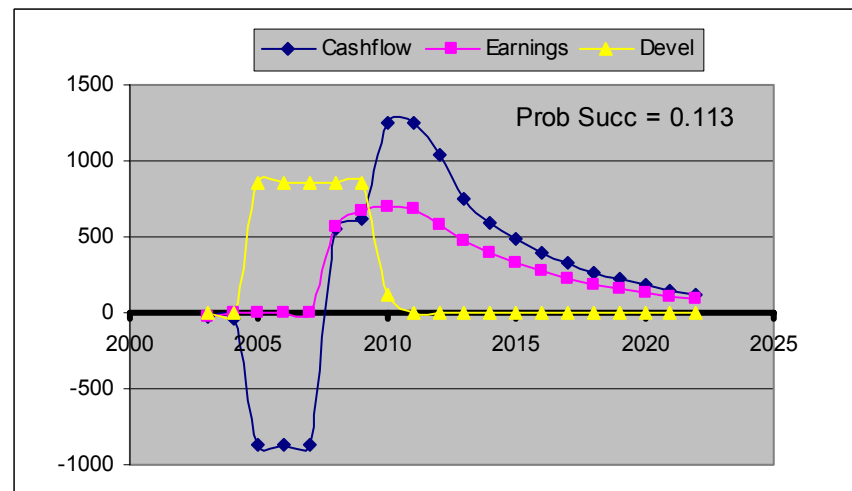
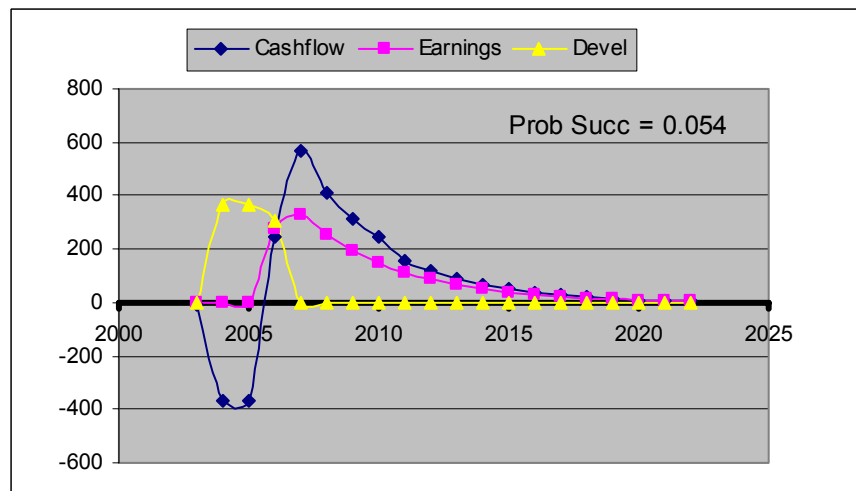
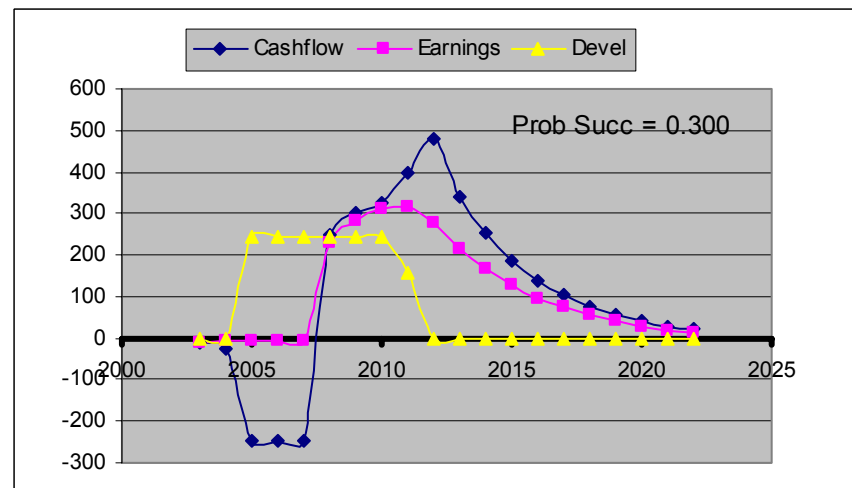
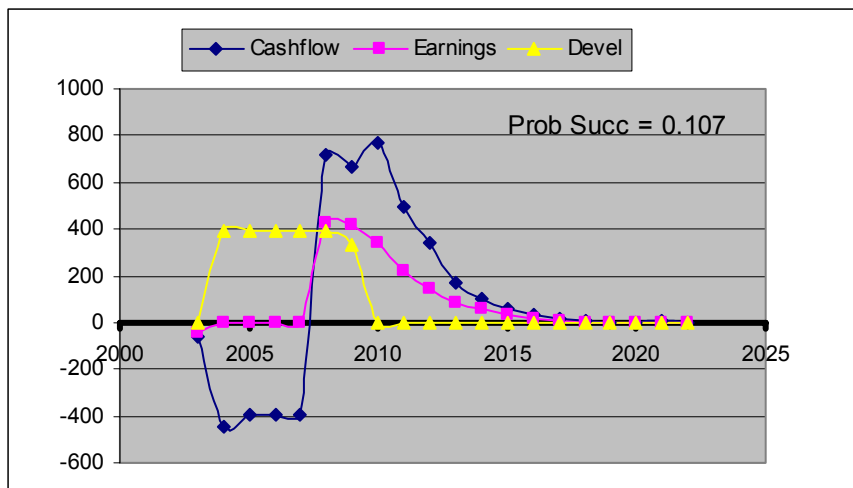
Key Parameters of Exploration Investments

- Cost of Entry
- Probability of Entry
- Cost of G&G (Geological and Geophysical) + Overhead
- Cost of Exploratory Wells
- Probability of Success
- Recoverable Resource Size
- Cost and Timing of Development and Production
- Prices

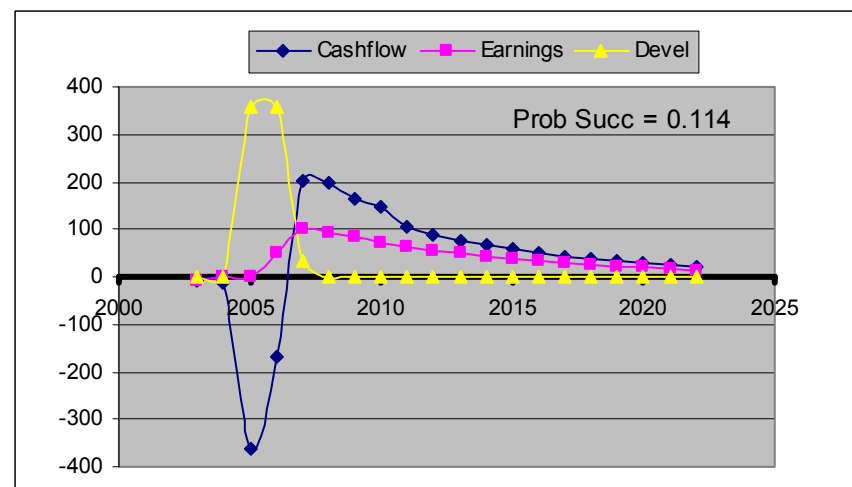
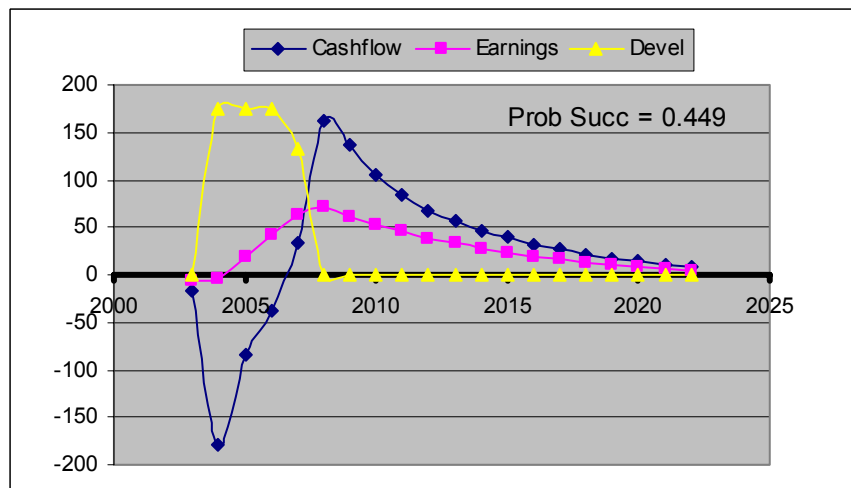
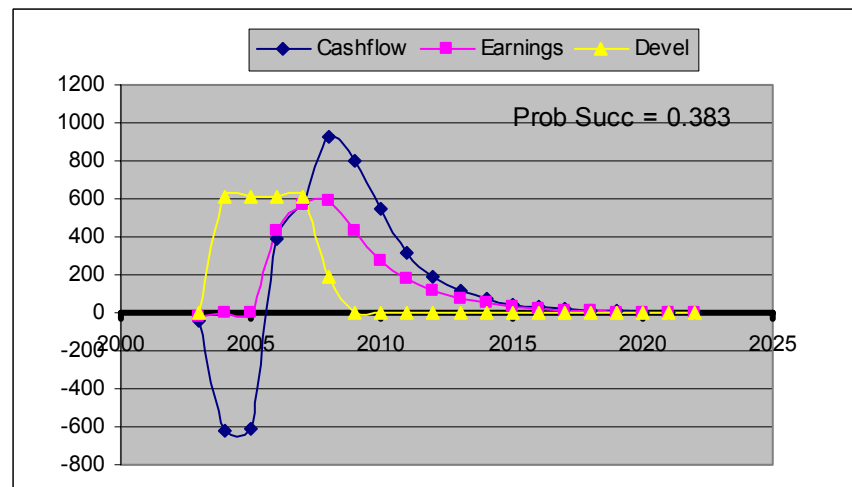
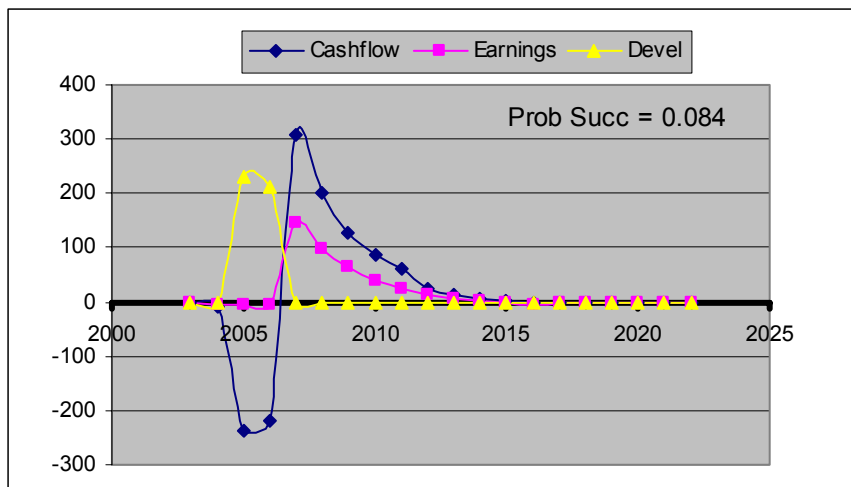
A way to build an inventory of Investment Opportunities



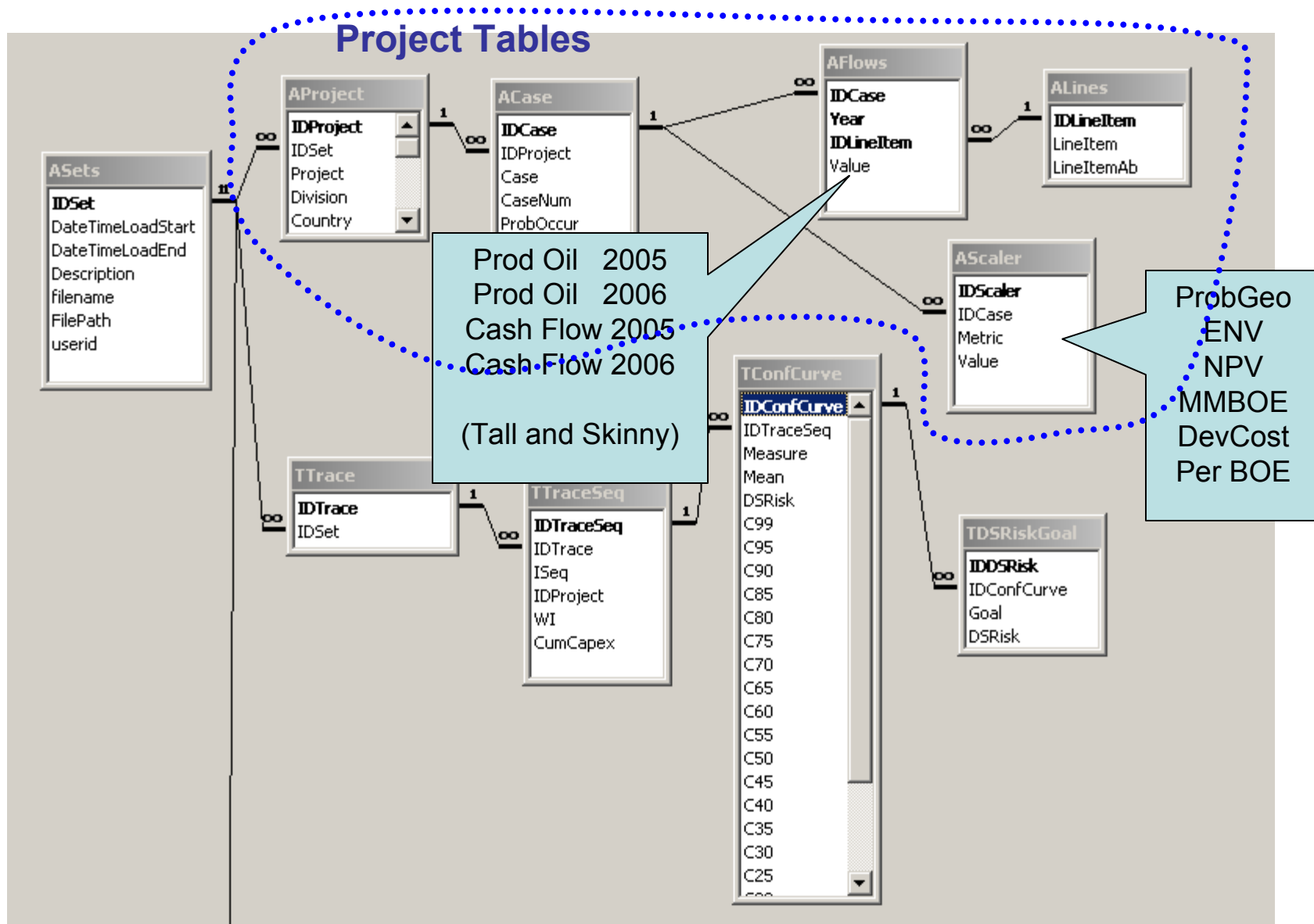
Types of Projects in this example



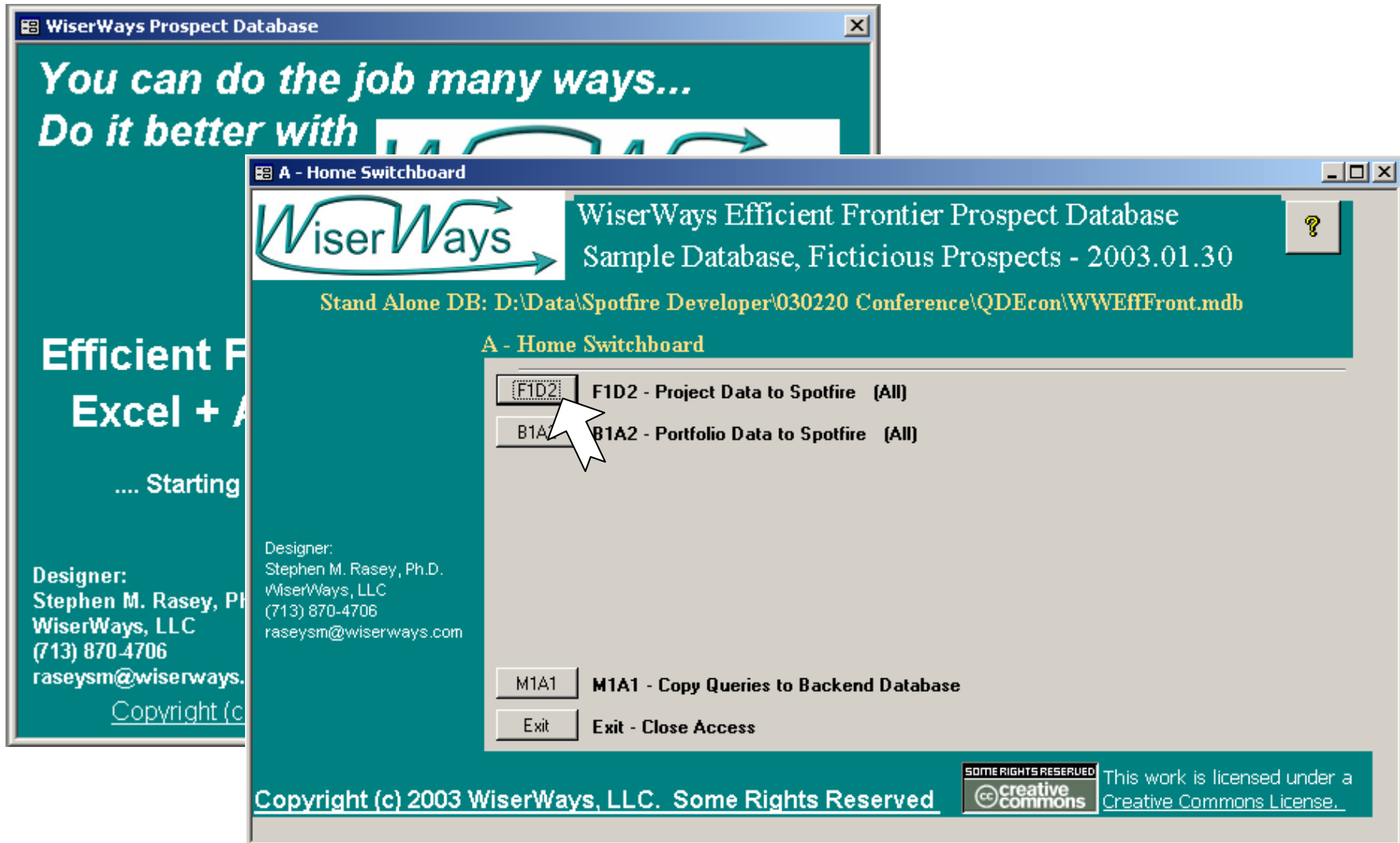
Types of Projects in this example



Data Base Schema (Projects)



Use the Access Database to prepare Querys for Spotfire



WiserWays Prospect Database

*You can do the job many ways...
Do it better with*

Efficient Frontier

Excel + A

.... Starting

Designer:
Stephen M. Rasey, Ph.D.
WiserWays, LLC
(713) 870-4706
raseysm@wiserways.com

WiserWays Efficient Frontier Prospect Database
Sample Database, Fictitious Prospects - 2003.01.30

Stand Alone DB: D:\Data\Spotfire Developer\030220 Conference\QDEcon\WWEffFront.mdb

A - Home Switchboard

F1D2 - Project Data to Spotfire (All)

B1A2 - Portfolio Data to Spotfire (All)

M1A1 - Copy Queries to Backend Database

Exit - Close Access

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F1D2 – Choose Canned Queries to send to Spotfire

F1D2frmProspectsToSpotfireNoWhere : Form

Send Prospect Data to Spotfire (F1D2)

Project Queries Available

S1D1	Project Scalers and Flows in columns, Year Row	S1D1qnuScalersAndFlows_S1B3_S1C2
S1B3	Project Scalers only	S1B3qxtScalers
F1A1	Project Rows(LineItem, Year)	F1A1qryLineItemFlows
F1B2	Project Rows(LineItem), Cols(Year)	F1B2qnuCaseLineYear
F1C2	Project Rows(Year), Cols(LineItem-Organized)	F1C2qnuF1C1LinesInColumnOrder

Spotfire Templates Available

S1D1	Spotfire Scalers and Flows	spot\S1D1ScalersAndFlows.sfs
------	----------------------------	------------------------------

Connection and Query String sent to Spotfire:

```
Select f.ItemTID2, F.ItemDescription, F.ItemTID3 From
F1D2qryAProjectSFTemplates as F WHERE ItemTID2 = 'S1D1';
```

--> Send to Spotfire

☐ Create New Spotfire Window

Choose the Query

Choose a Spotfire Template that is compatible with the query

Launch the Query

Use an existing instance of Spotfire or create a new one

Typical VBA to send a Query to Spotfire to read data and apply a template.

- 'Get a Spotfire application
- Set appSF = wwSpotfireDSAny()
- appSF.Visible = True
-
- sqlQname = lbxQueries.Column(2)
- strSFTempl = lbxSpotfire.Column(2)
-
- 'Spotfire OpenODBC Works, but you must use a backend .mdb containing tables and queries.
-
- strProv = "Provider=Microsoft.Jet.OLEDB.4.0;"
- mdbpath = gstrDBNameBack
- mdbpath = strPathTemplate & "\" & mdbpath 'Differees between Access 97 and 2002.
- mdbpath = "Data Source=" & mdbpath & ";"
- strConn1 = strProv & mdbpath
-
- sql1 = "Select * from " & sqlQname
-
- strStep = "Close ActiveVisualization"
- **appSF.ActiveVisualization.Close False** 'close without saving
-
- strStep = "Spotfire OpenODBC"
- **appSF.OpenODBC strConn1, 0, sql1**
-
- strStep = "Apply Template: " & strSFTempl
- **appSF.ActiveVisualization.ApplySettings strPathTemplate & "\" & strSFTempl**

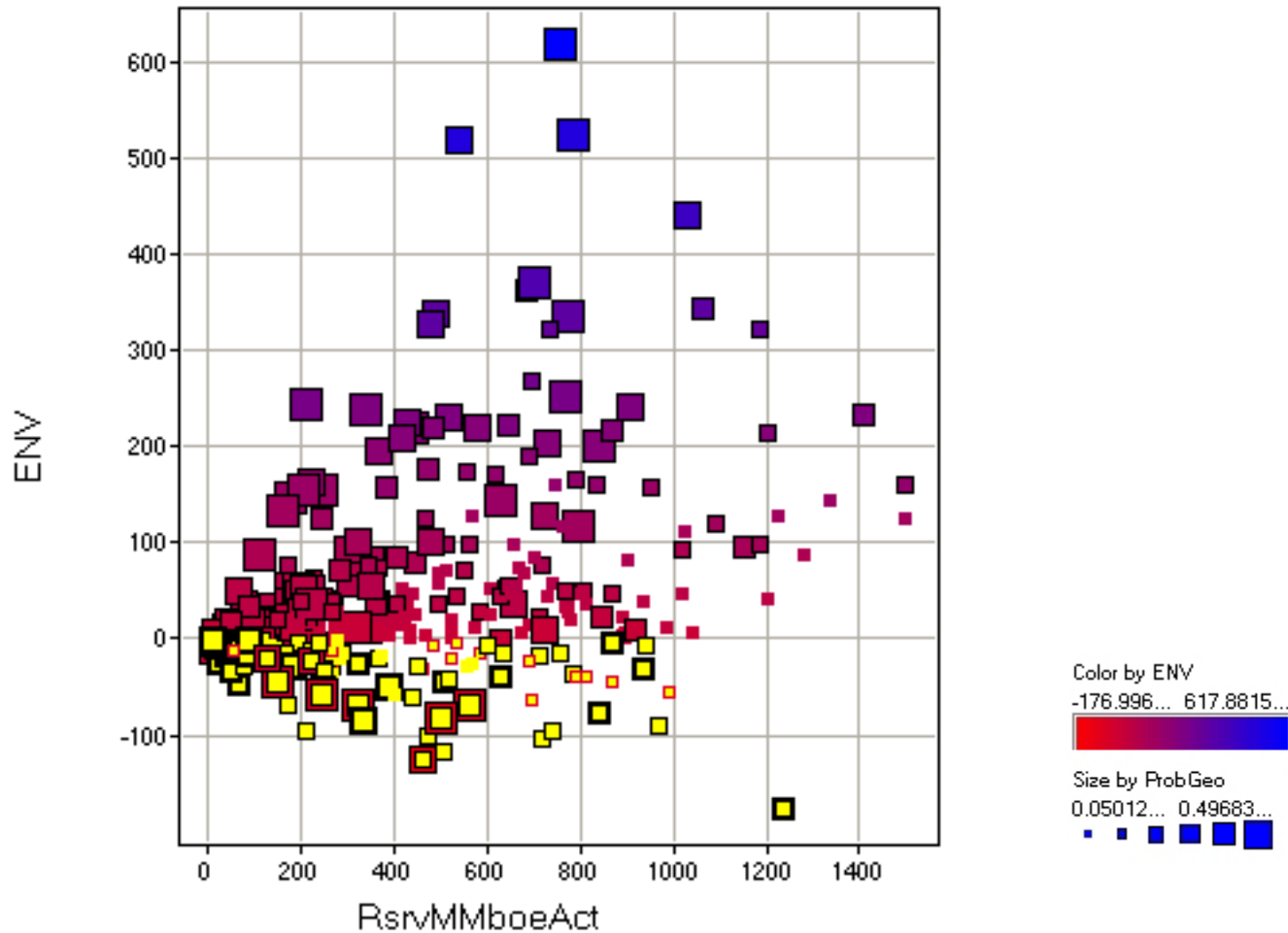
View the Project Metrics and Flows.

- S1D1 Query: Project Scalars with Flow Data oriented with Line Items in Columns, Years in rows.

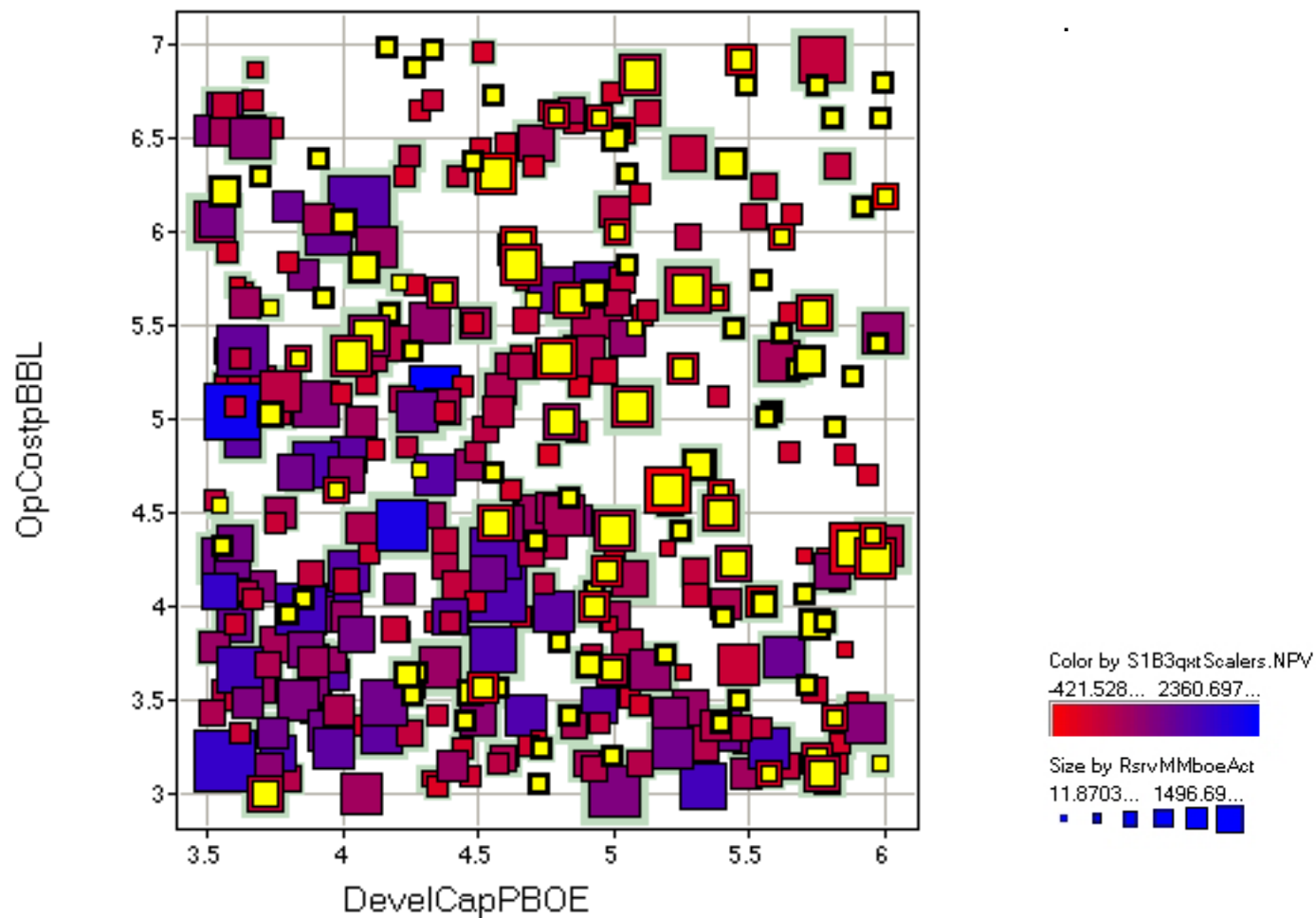
Projects	Project Metrics (NPV, ENV, Reserves)	Year	Flow Line Item: Prod, Capex, CF, NIAT:
	Repeated		Flow Data CrossTab: By Type and Year
	Project Metrics (NPV, ENV, Reserves)	Year	Flow Line Item: Prod, Capex, CF, NIAT:
	Repeated		Flow Data CrossTab: By Type and Year

400 Projects → 8000 records, ~ 50 columns.

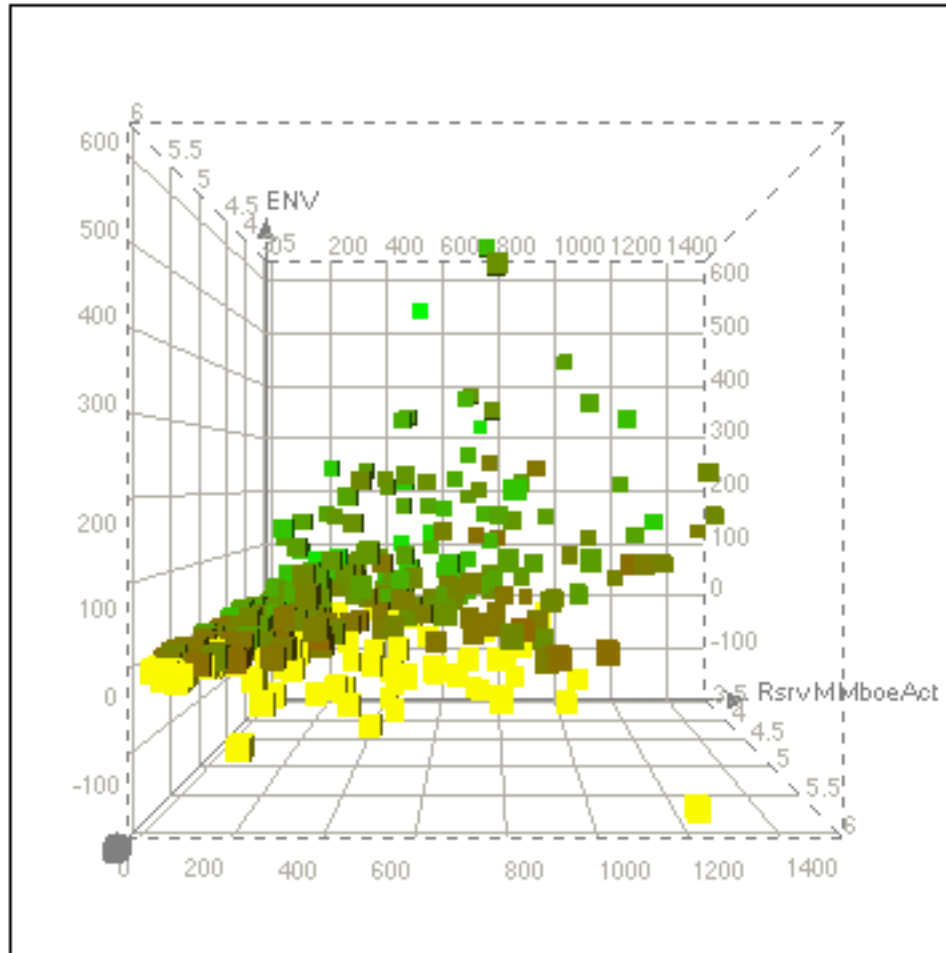
ENV vs MMBOE, Color NPV, Size ProbGeo



Op vs Dev

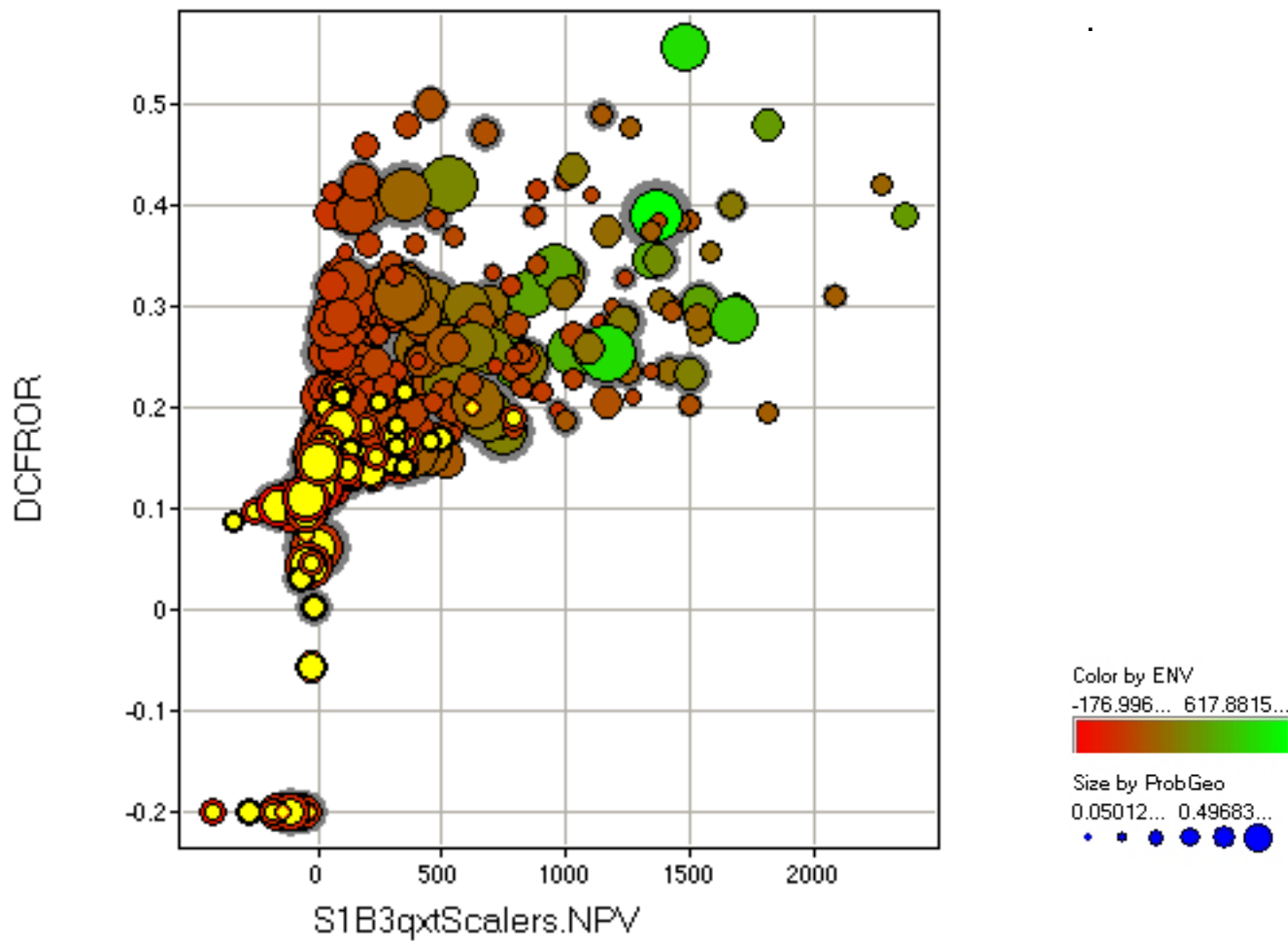


ENV vs DevCapex/BOE vs MMBOE Produced Full Life -



Color by DCFROR
-0.20000... 0.556030...

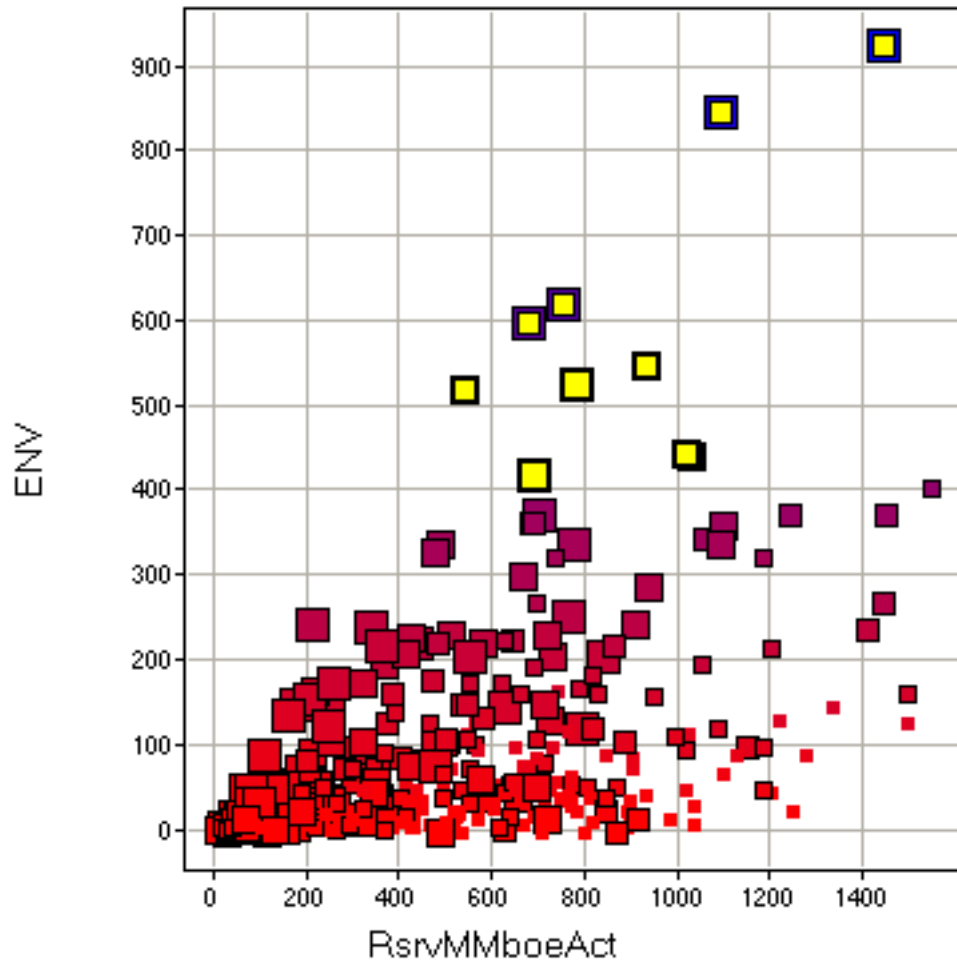
ROR vs NPV color:Env Size:Prob



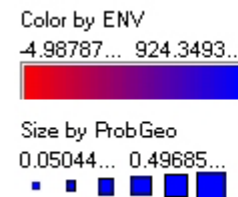
Remove all Projects with ENV < -5 from the database

-

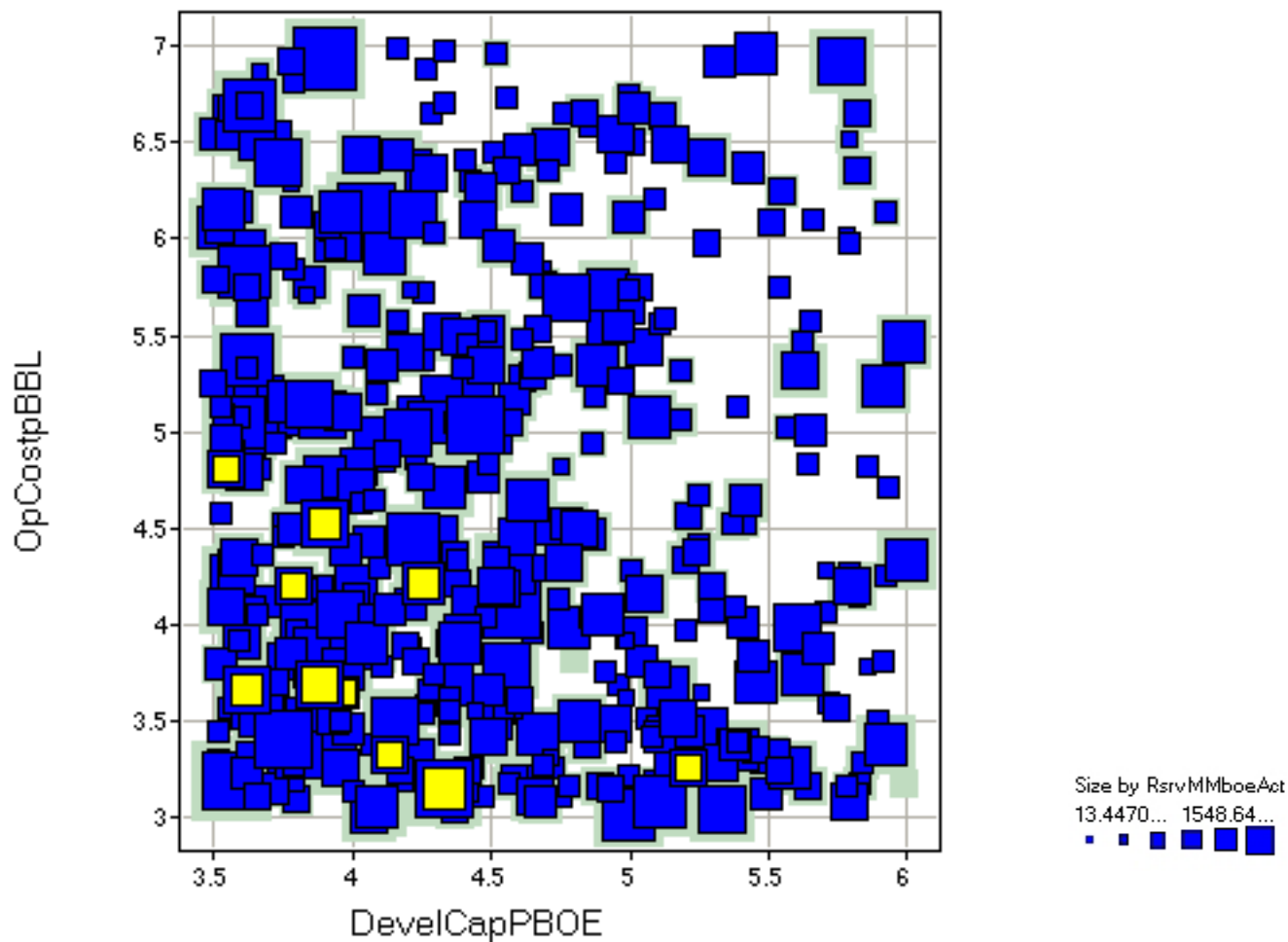
MMBOE vs ENV, Color NPV, Size ProbGeo



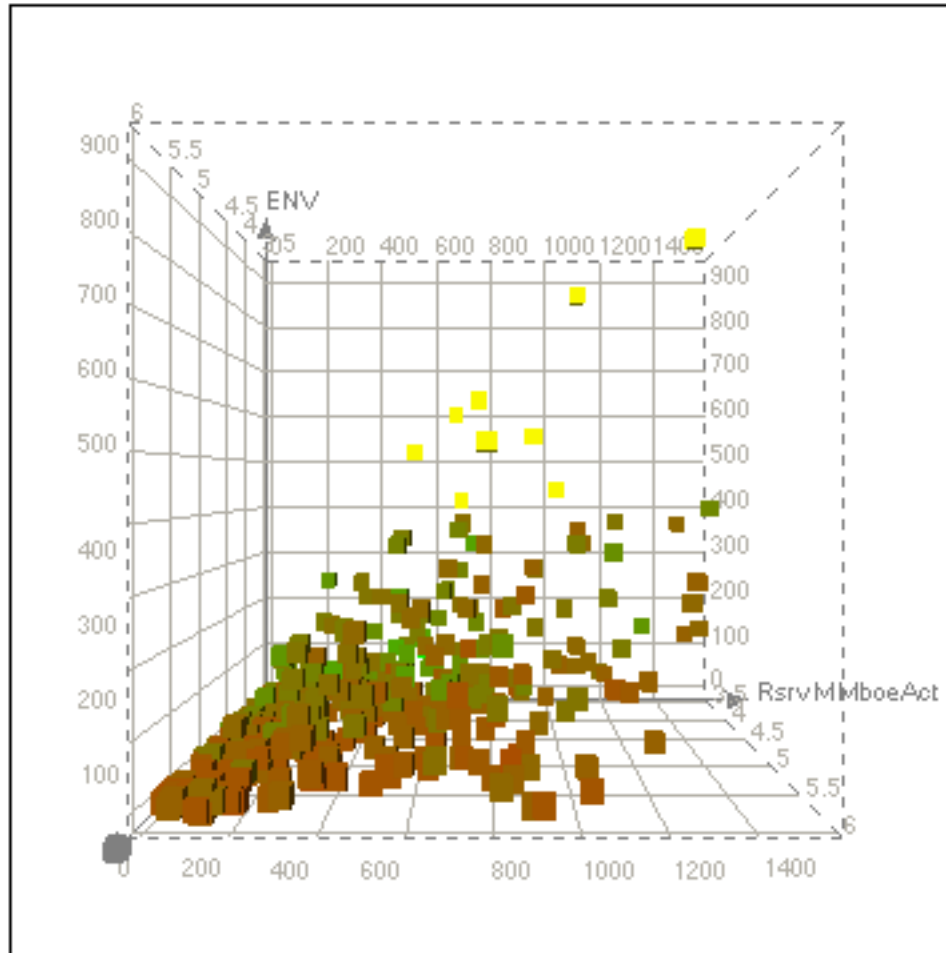
Select the Projects with ENV > 400.
See what other attributes they have in other views.



Op Cost / BOE vs Dev Cost / BOE

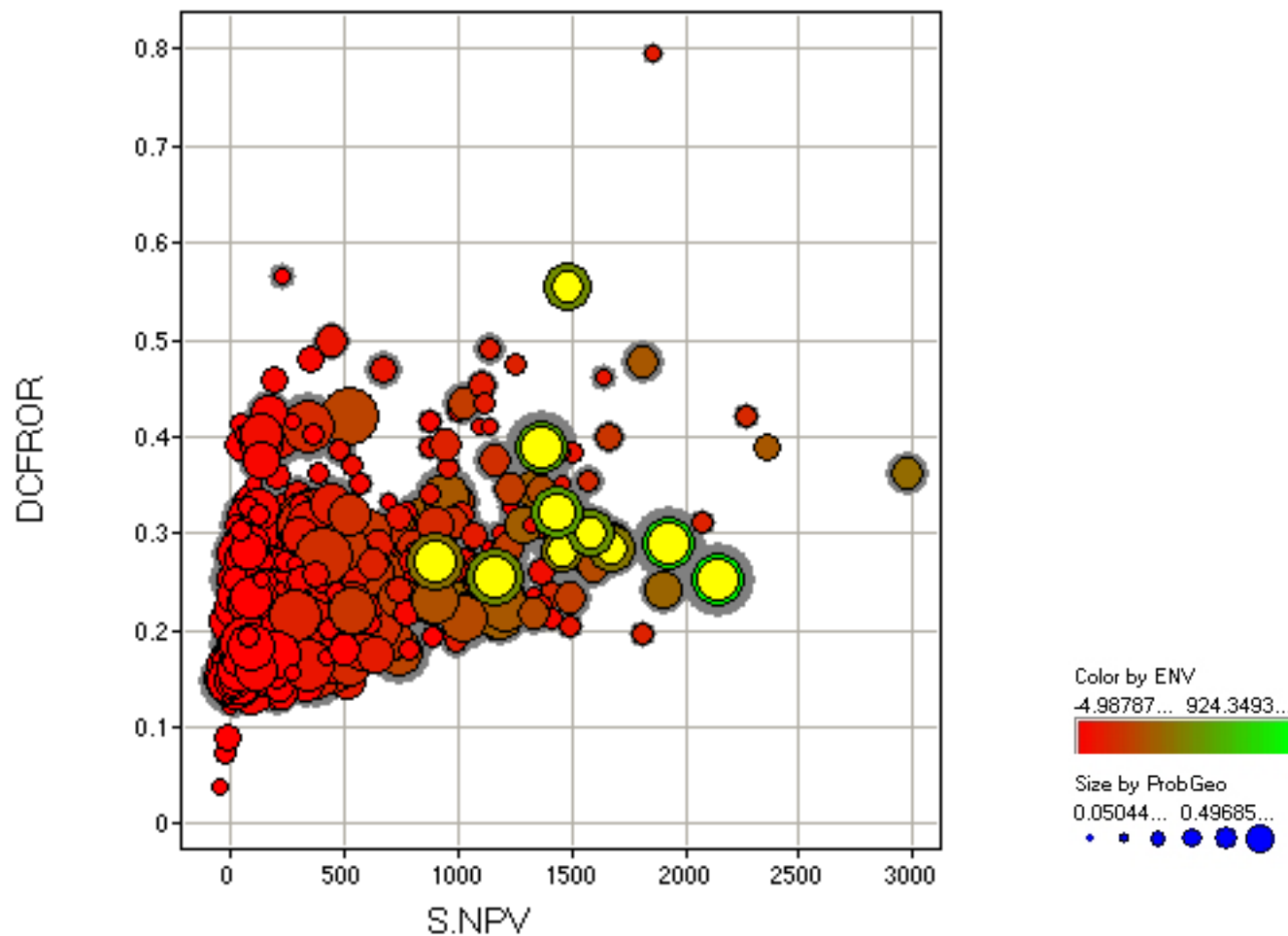


ENV vs DevCapex/BOE vs MMBOE Produced Full Life - RsrvMMboeAct vs. ENV vs. DevelCapPBOE

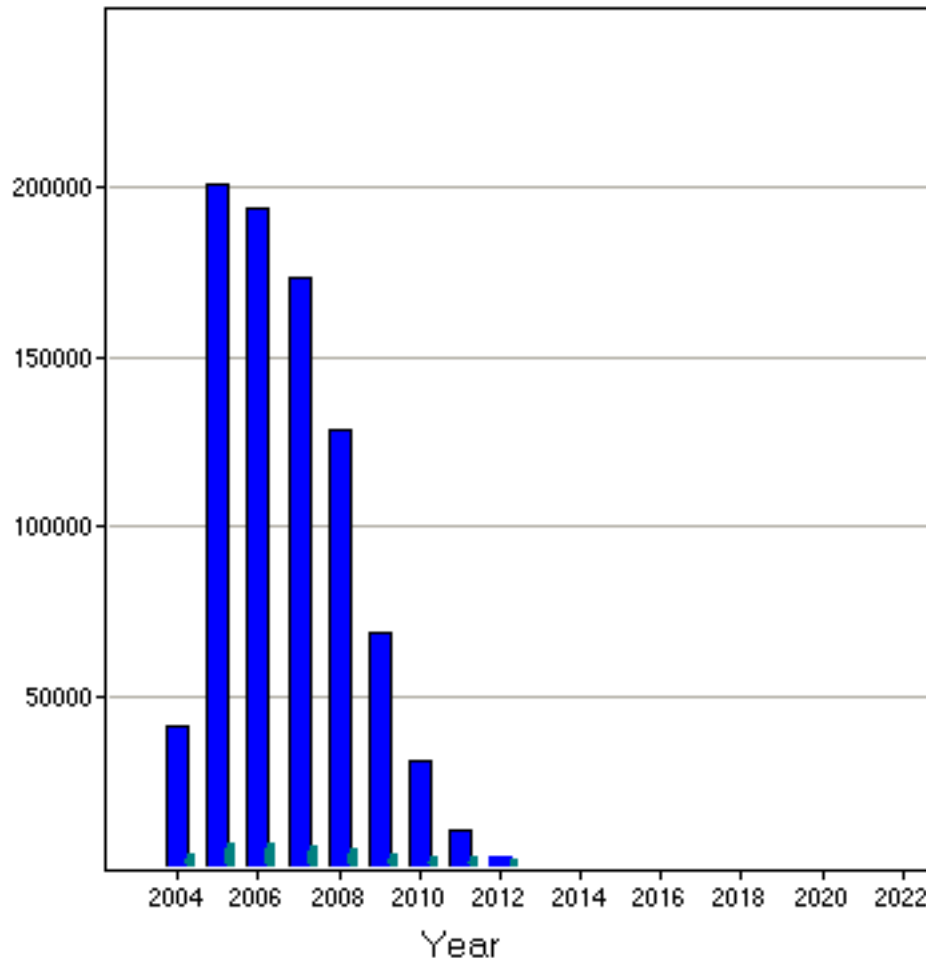


Color by DCFROR
-0.20000... 0.796421...

ROR vs NPV color:Env Size:Prob



Devel Capex Bar Chart - Year



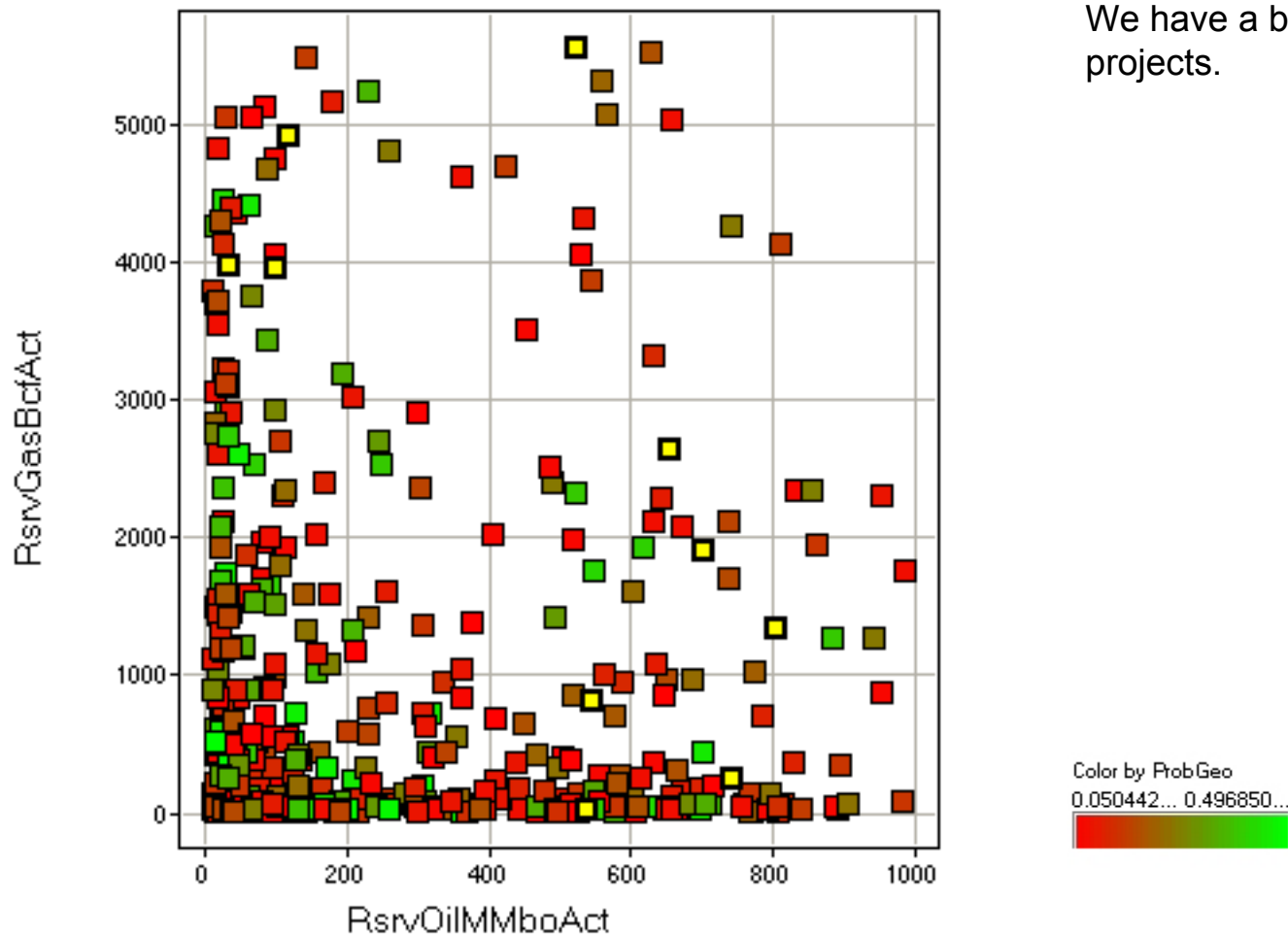
This chart would be more meaningful if I plotted RISKED Development Cost.

Summing by selected projects gives a real-time Portfolio Sum

This is a Summation Bar chart using Year as the X dimension as a variable and the Devel Capex Metric (in a column) for the sum.

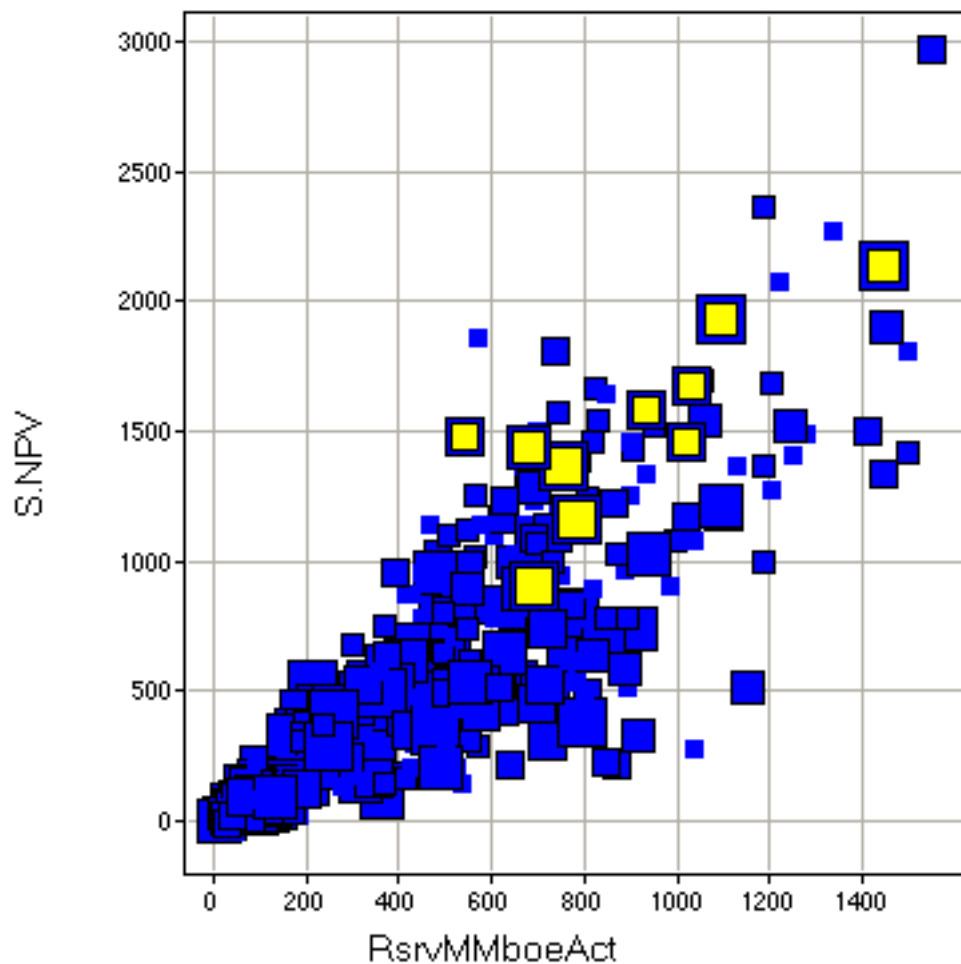
The height of a bar represents the sum of 'DevCapex'

Gas vs Oil



We have a big mix of Oil and Gas projects.

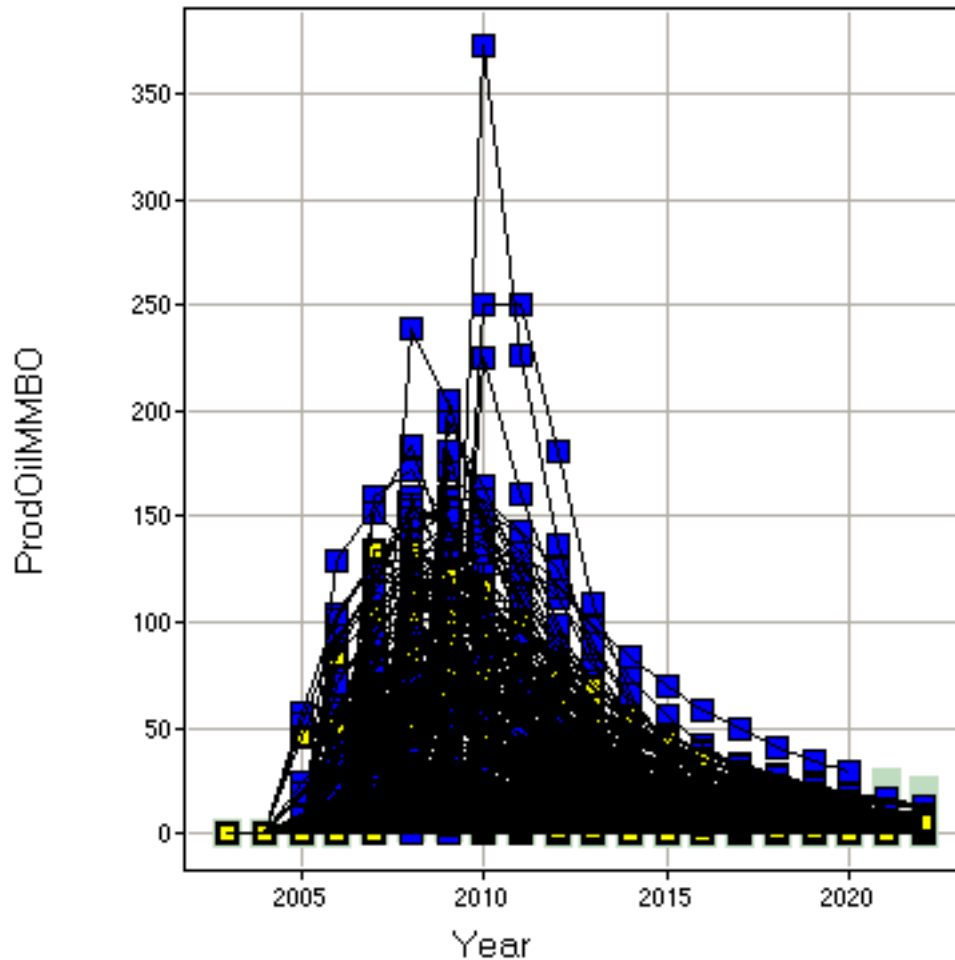
NPV vs MMBOE



The High ENV projects have higher than average NPV/BOE.

Size by ProbGeo
0.05044... 0.49685...

Prod Oil vs Year

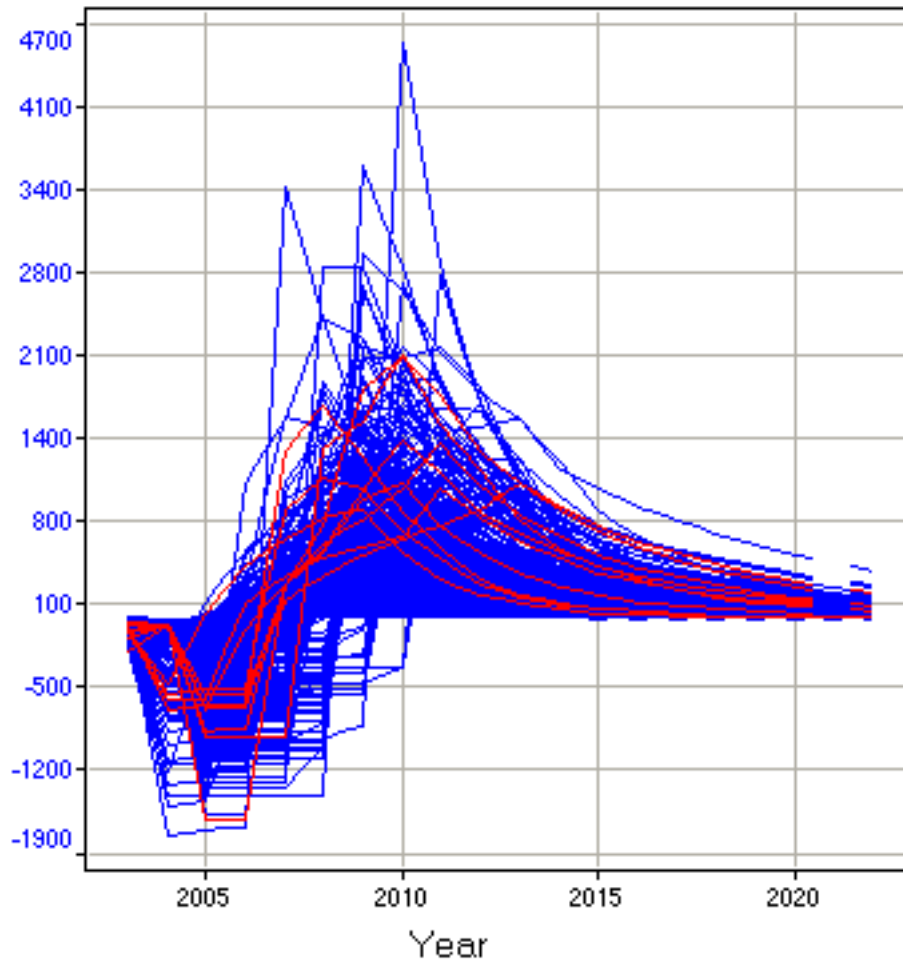


This is a Scatter Plot using lines to connect Portfolios ordered by year.

It is tough to make out the selected projects with all the lines, but the lines are necessary.

Markers are connected by IDCase, and ordered by Year.

If Success Cash Flow After Tax by year



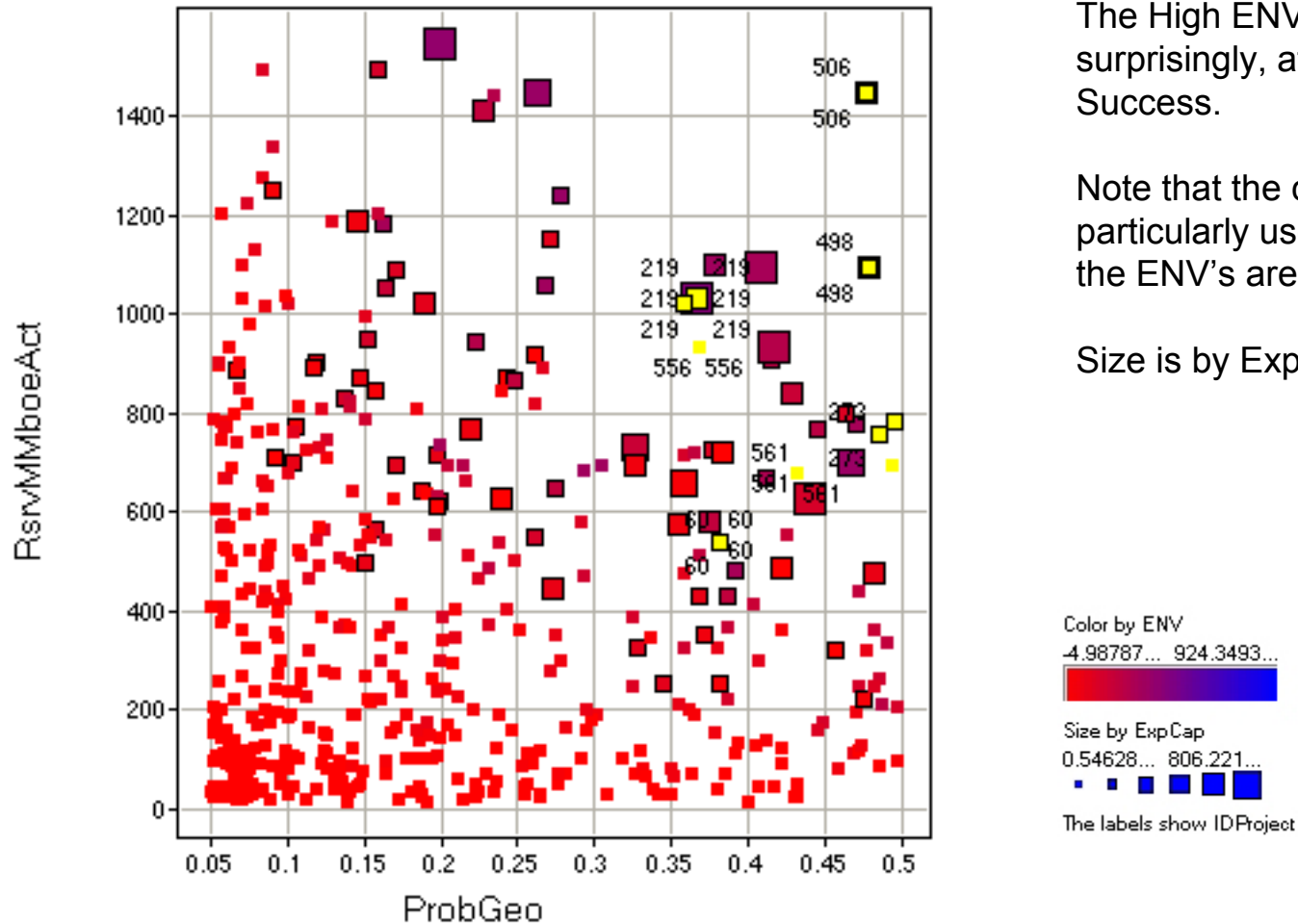
A Line Chart is a much better way to show theFlow data.

All columns use individual scales.

— CashFlow

Markers are connected by IDProject, and ordered by Year.

MMBOE vs ProbGeo

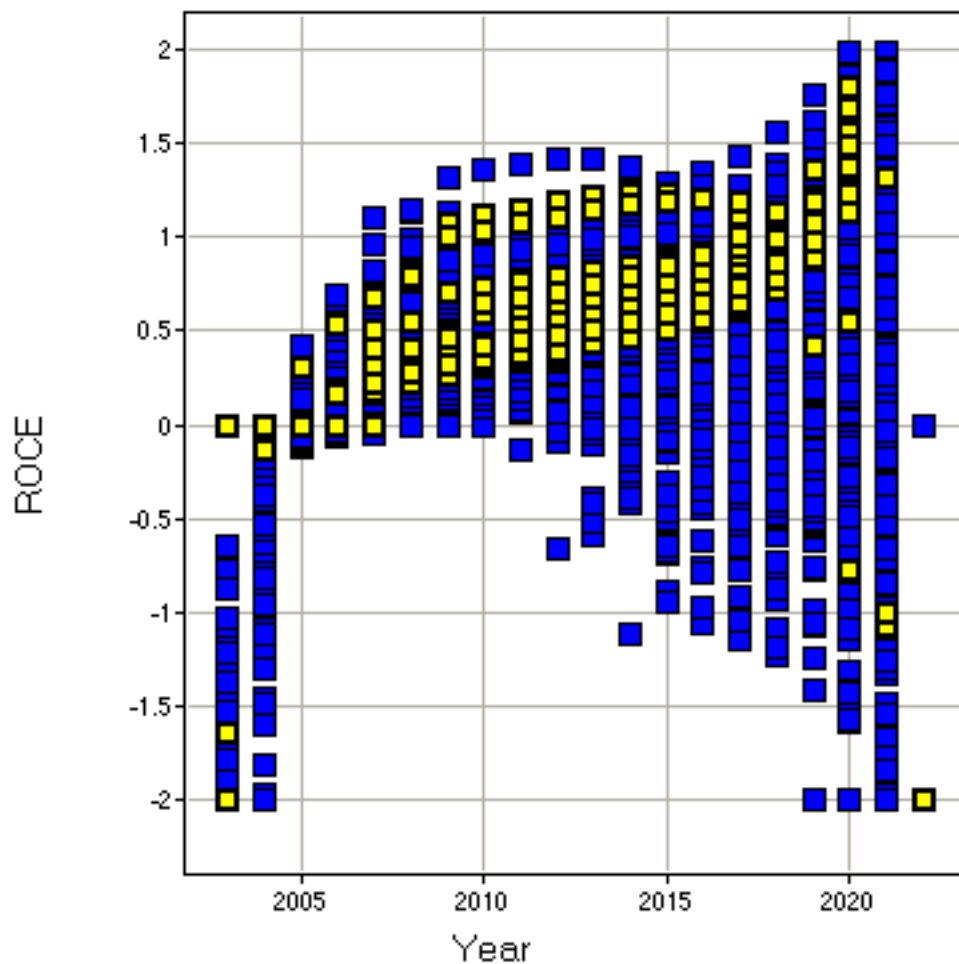


The High ENV Projects are, not surprisingly, at high Probabilities of Success.

Note that the color scale is not particularly useful because most of the ENV's are very low.

Size is by Exploration Capex.

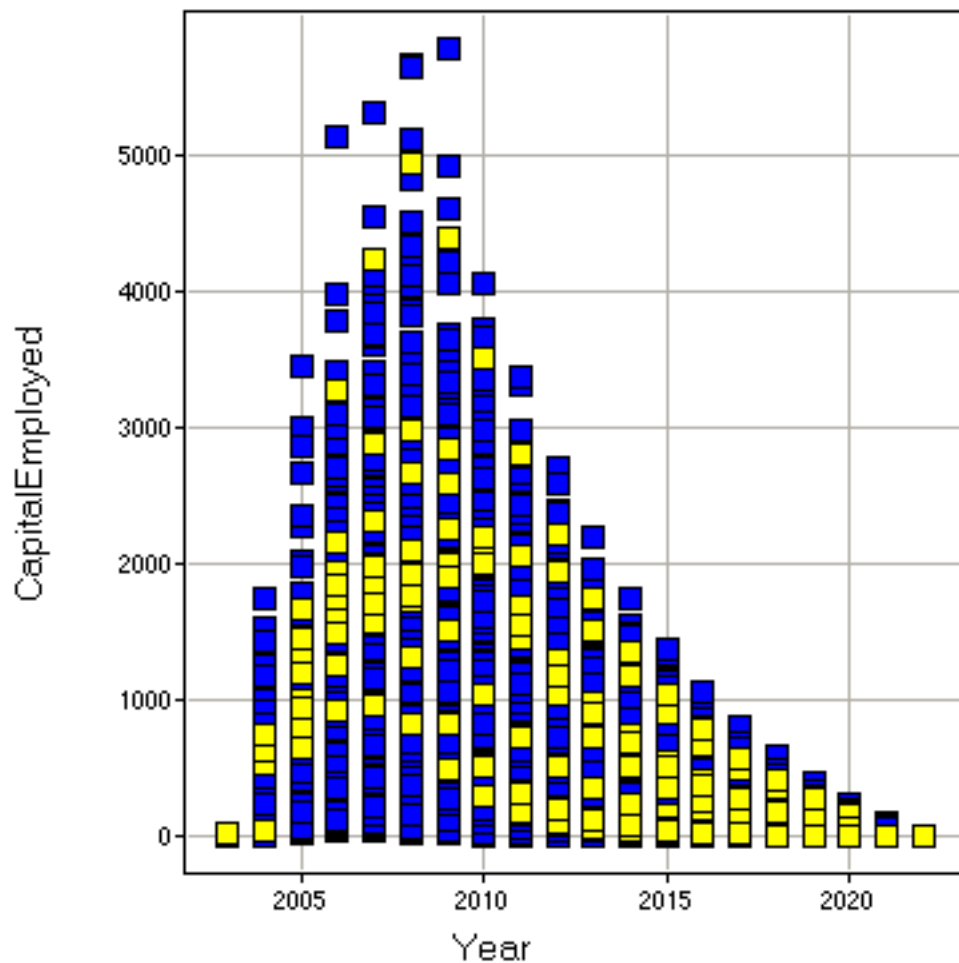
ROCE by Year



If Success Return On Capital Employed.

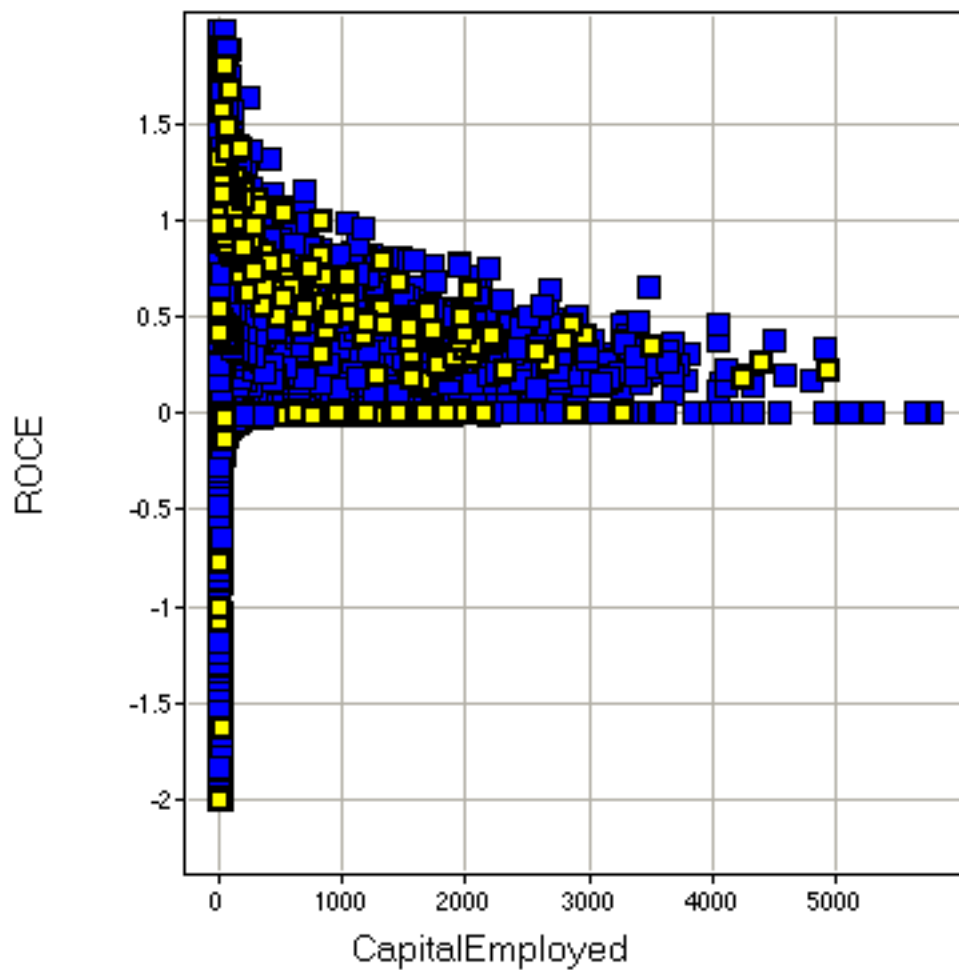
See how they trend up toward the end of the project life?

Capital employed



It's because the Capital Employed is dropping fast..

Scatter – ROCE vs. CapitalEmployed

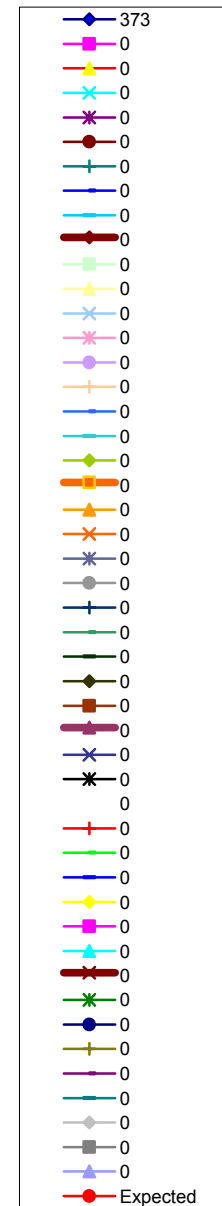
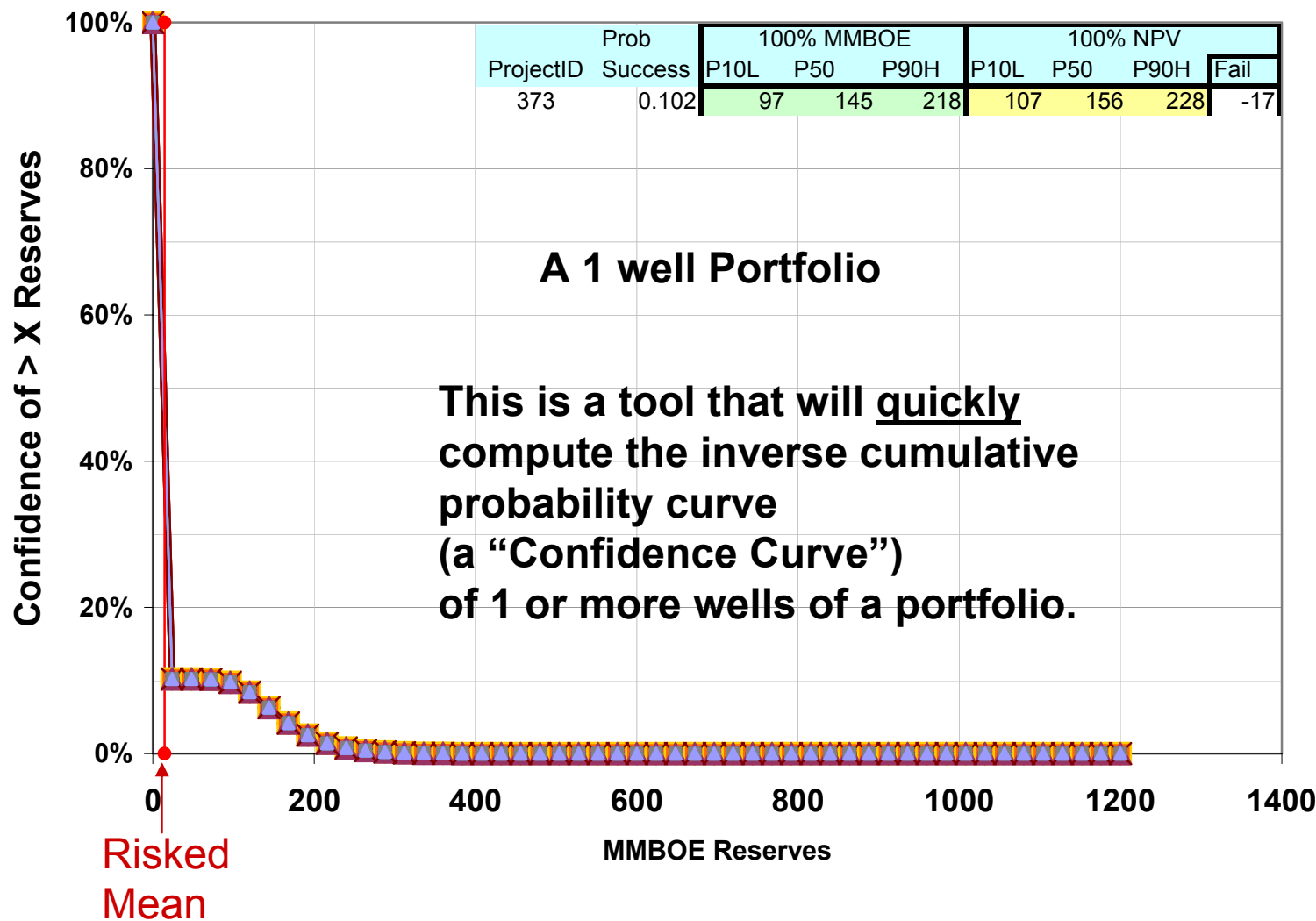


Cross plot ROCE vs Capital Employed.

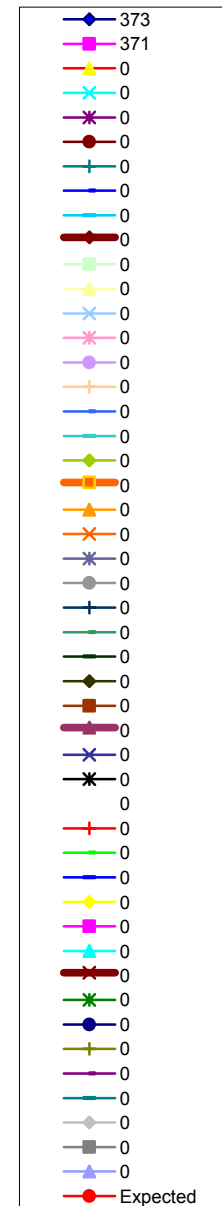
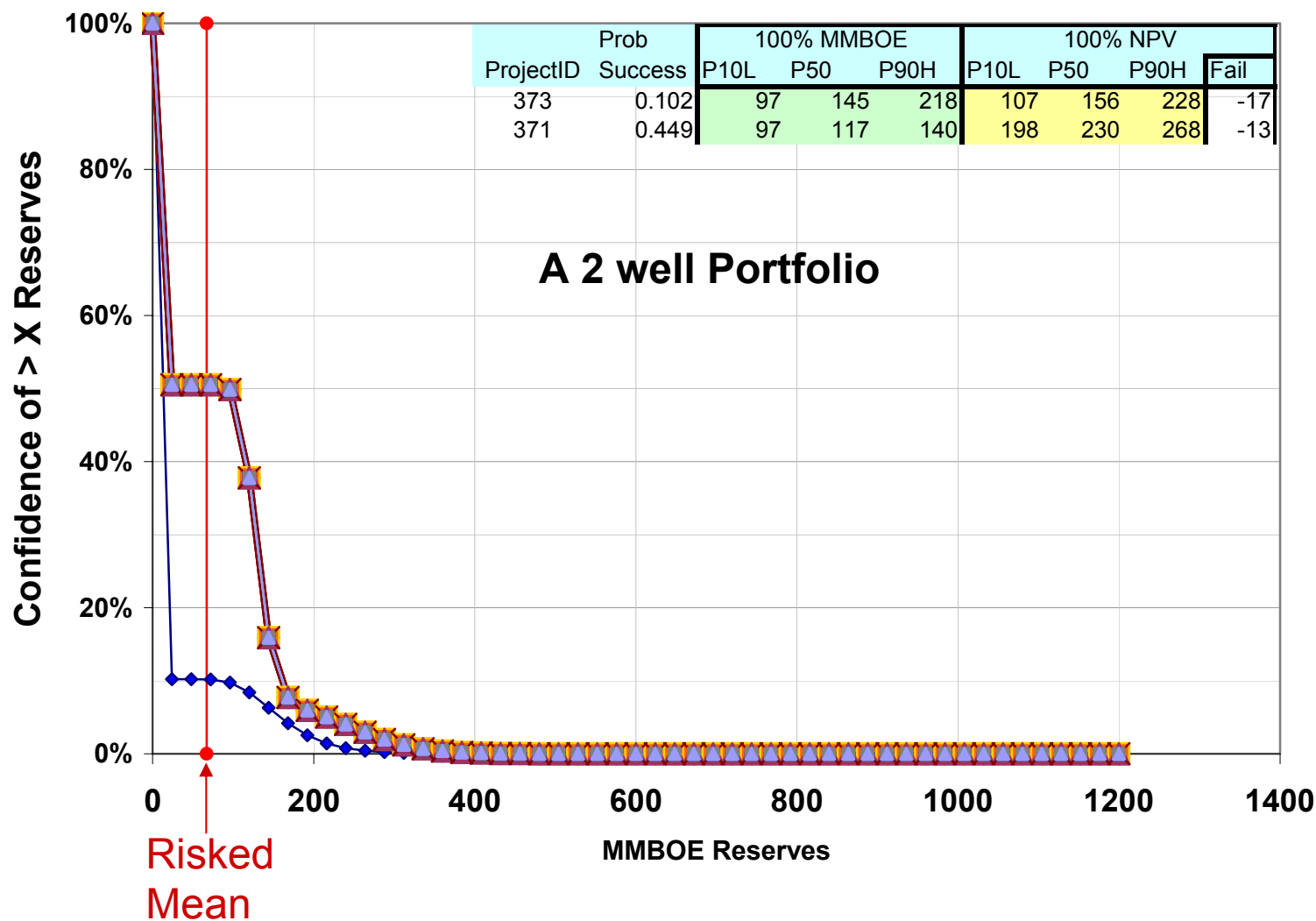
Building a Candidate Portfolio

ProjectID	Prob Acquire	Prob Success	100% MMBOE			100% NPV			
			P10L	P50	P90H	P10L	P50	P90H	Fail
359	1	0.102	97	145	218	107	156	228	-17
360	1	0.449	97	117	140	198	230	268	-13
361	1	0.083	291	437	655	398	543	762	-10
362	1	0.457	107	128	154	42	63	89	-45
364	1	0.475	75	90	108	70	85	103	-48
365	1	0.220	237	308	401	261	332	424	-67
366	1	0.056	335	586	1026	160	411	851	-9
368	1	0.125	249	374	561	644	829	1105	-21
369	1	0.209	205	266	346	187	249	329	-36
370	1	0.327	244	293	351	383	444	518	-94
371	1	0.126	76	114	171	110	148	205	-4
373	1	0.200	227	295	383	596	725	892	-21

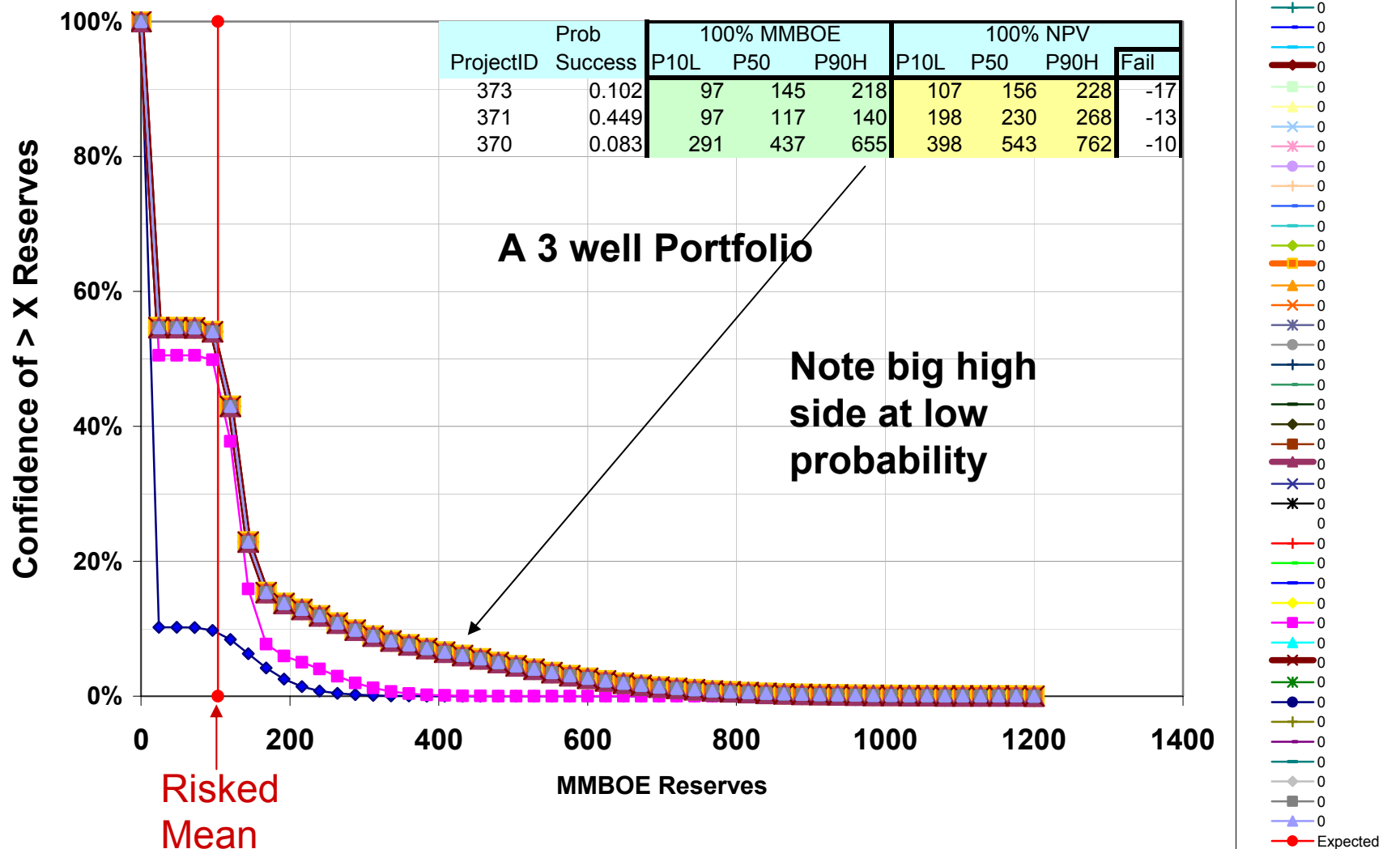
Confidence of At Least X Reserves



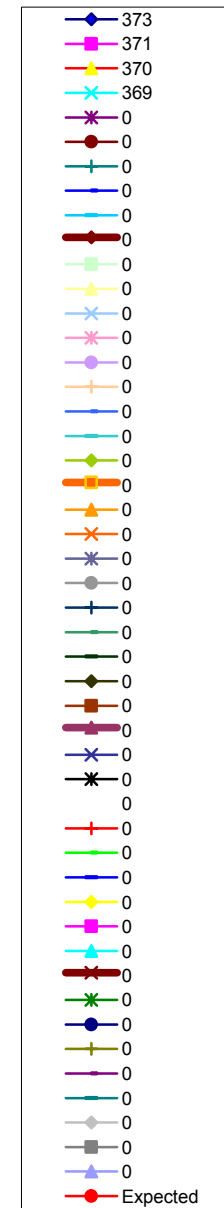
Confidence of At Least X Reserves



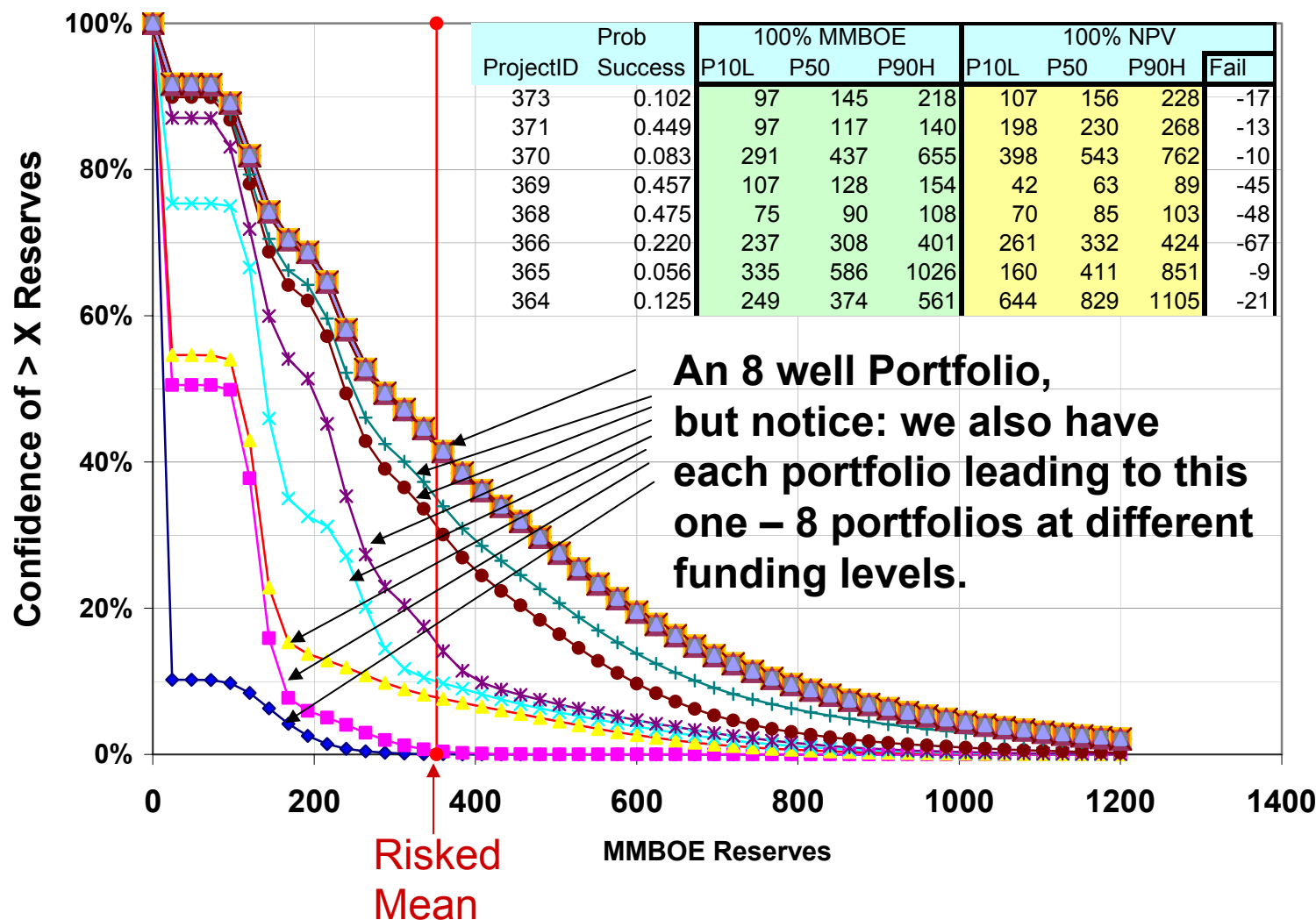
Confidence of At Least X Reserves



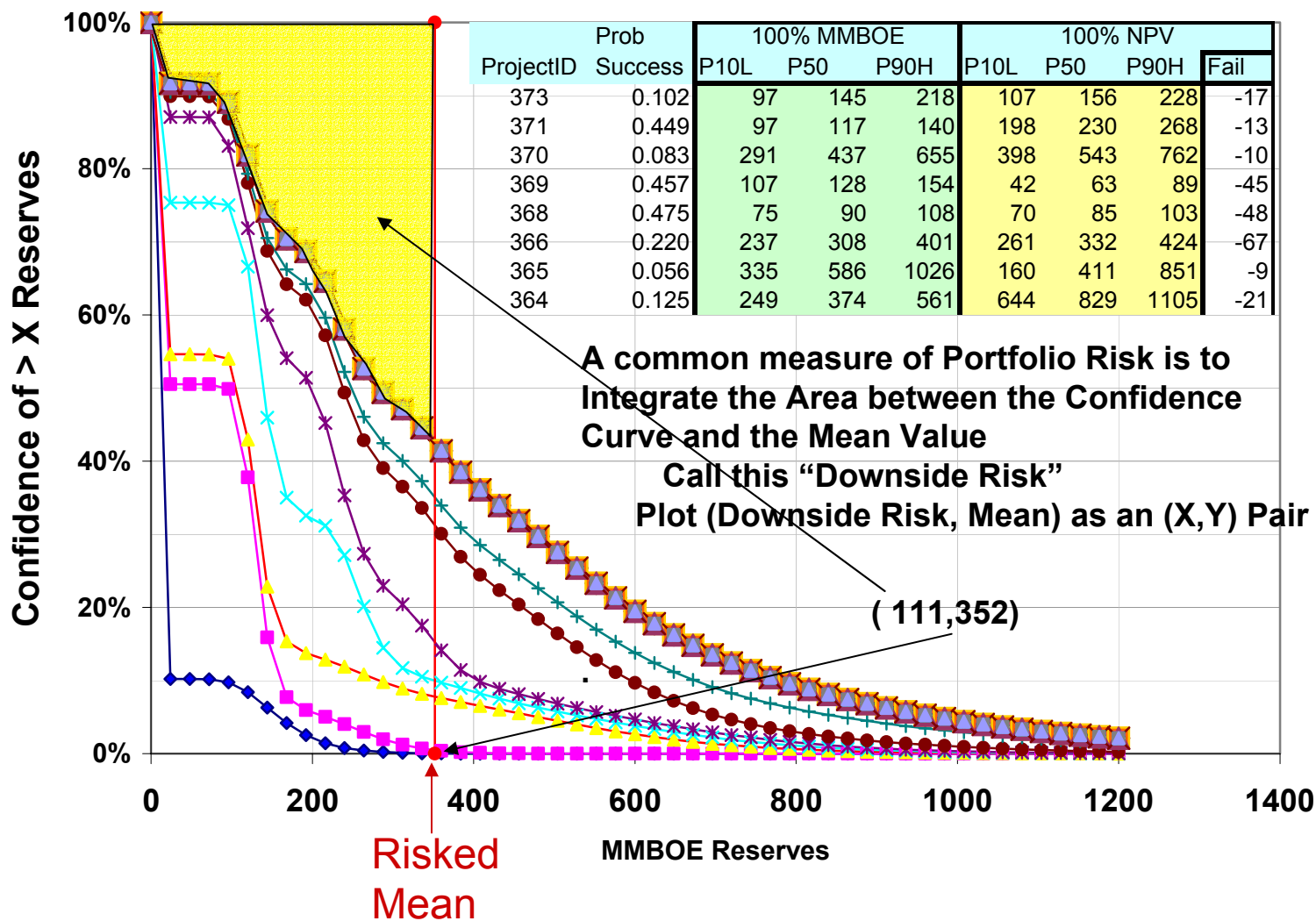
A 4 well Portfolio



Confidence of At Least X Reserves

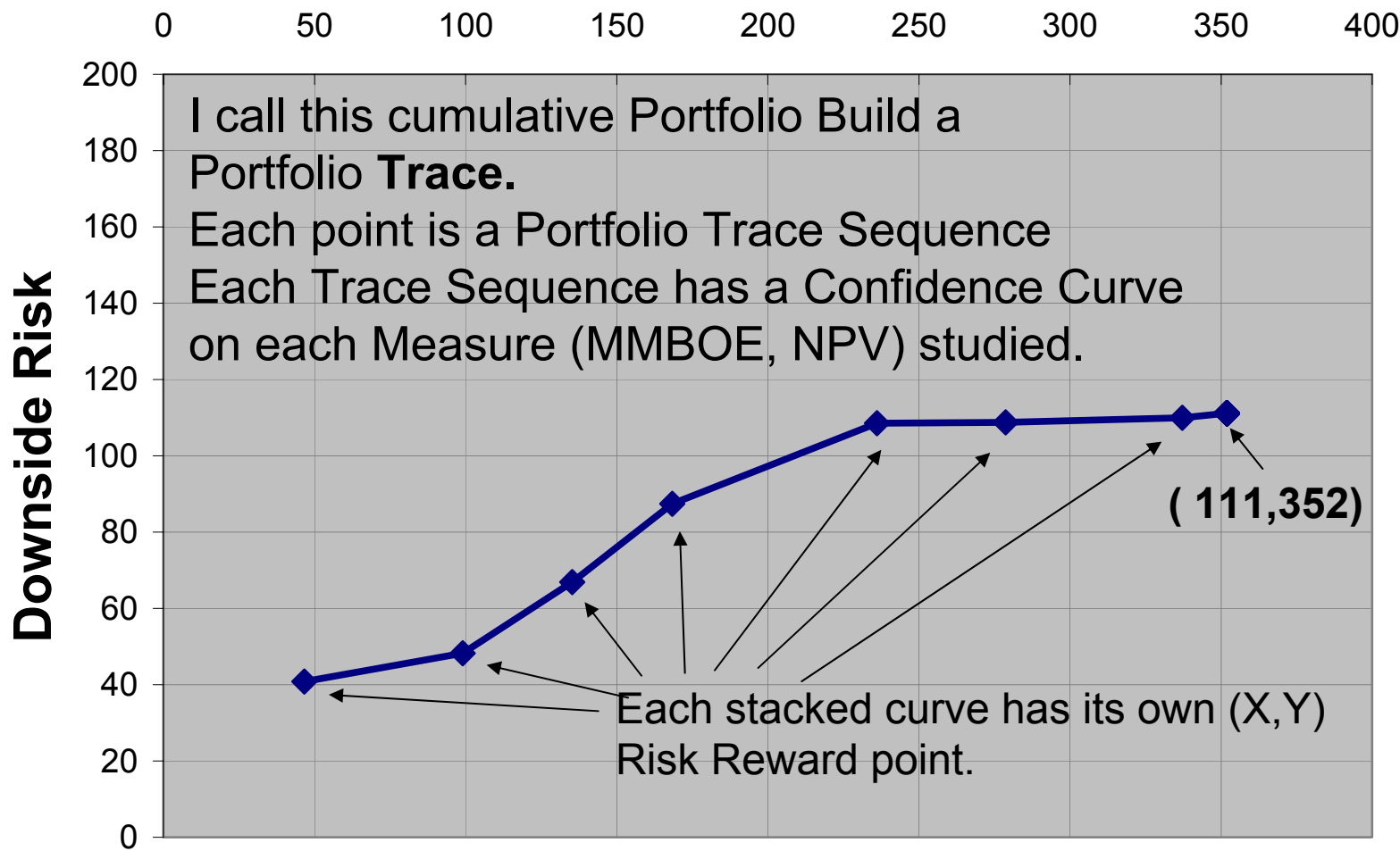


Confidence of At Least X Reserves

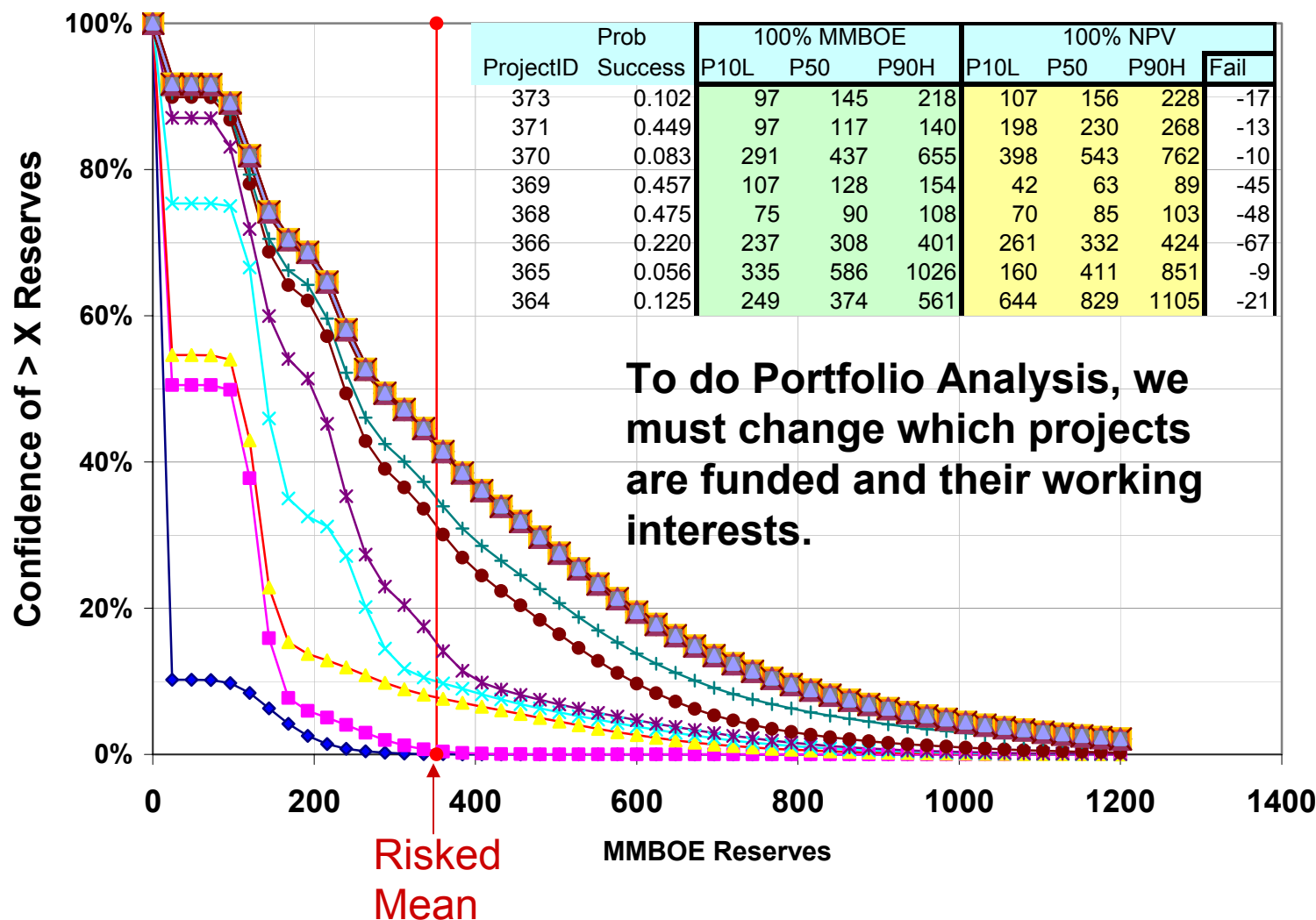


Risk Reward Plot for a Portfolio Trace

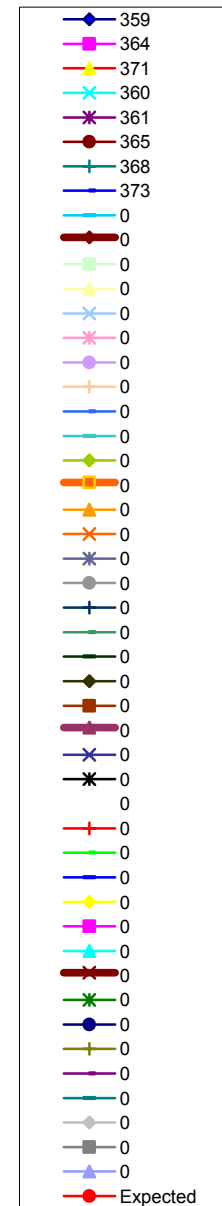
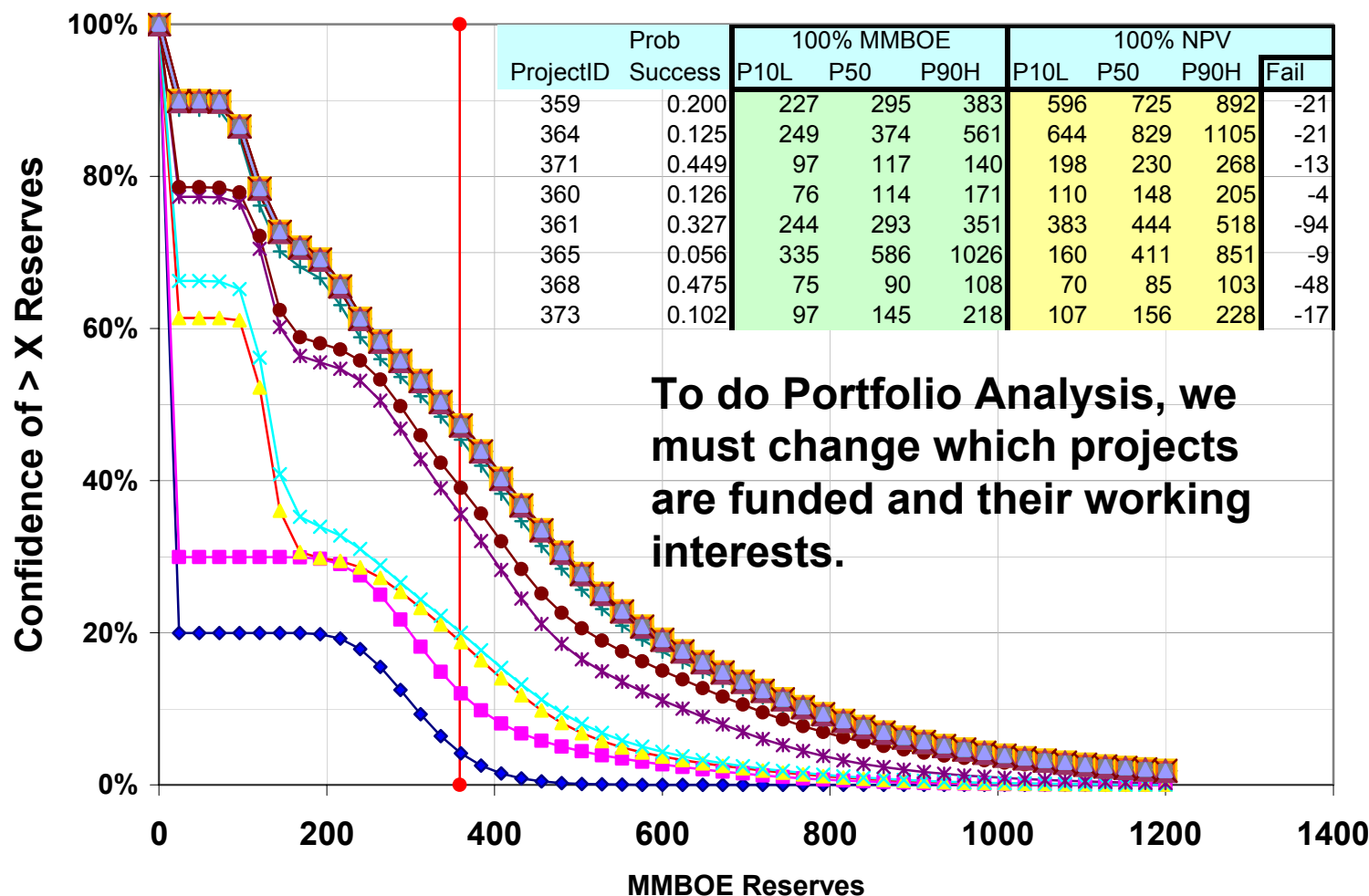
Reward (Mean)



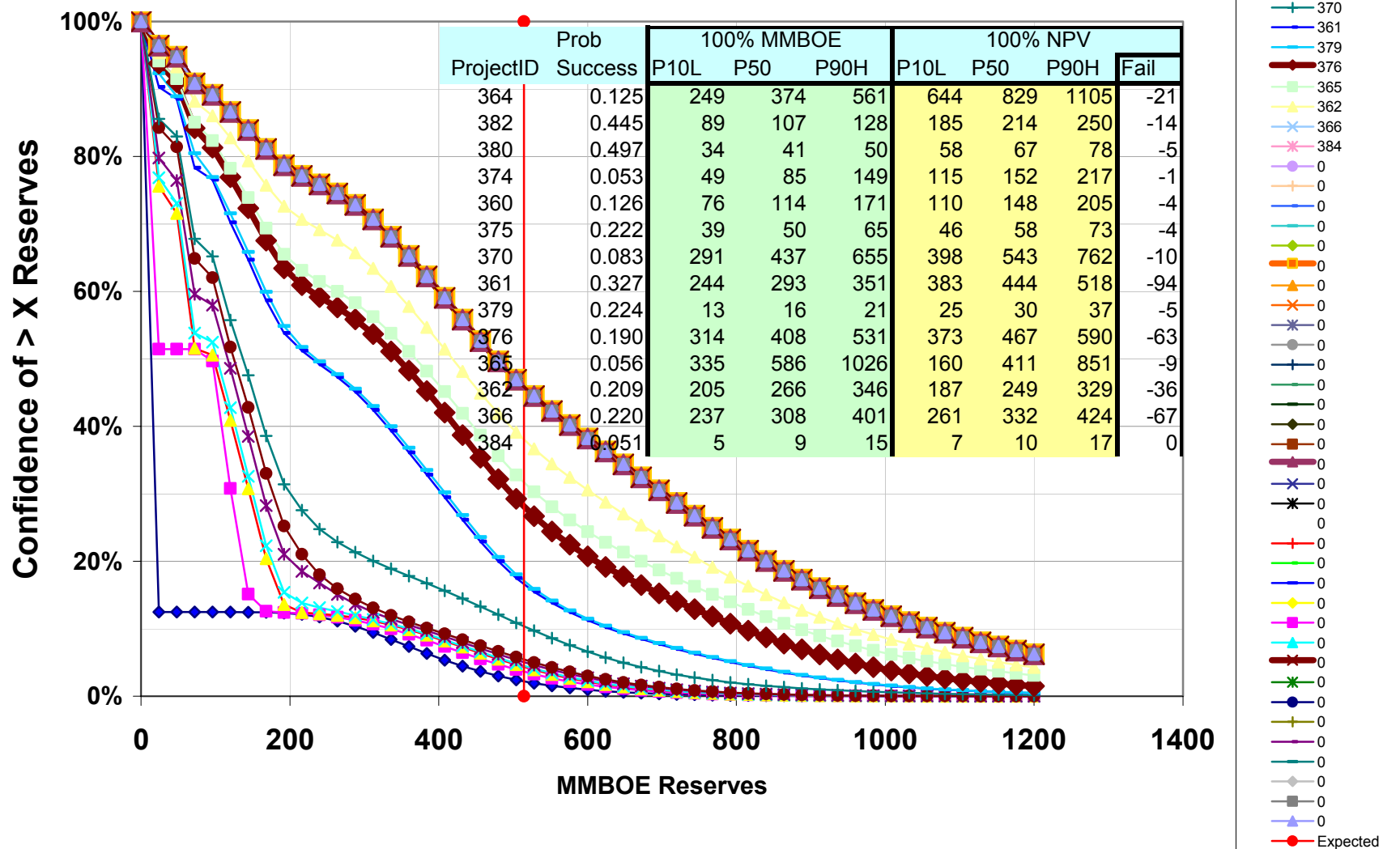
Confidence of At Least X Reserves



Confidence of At Least X Reserves



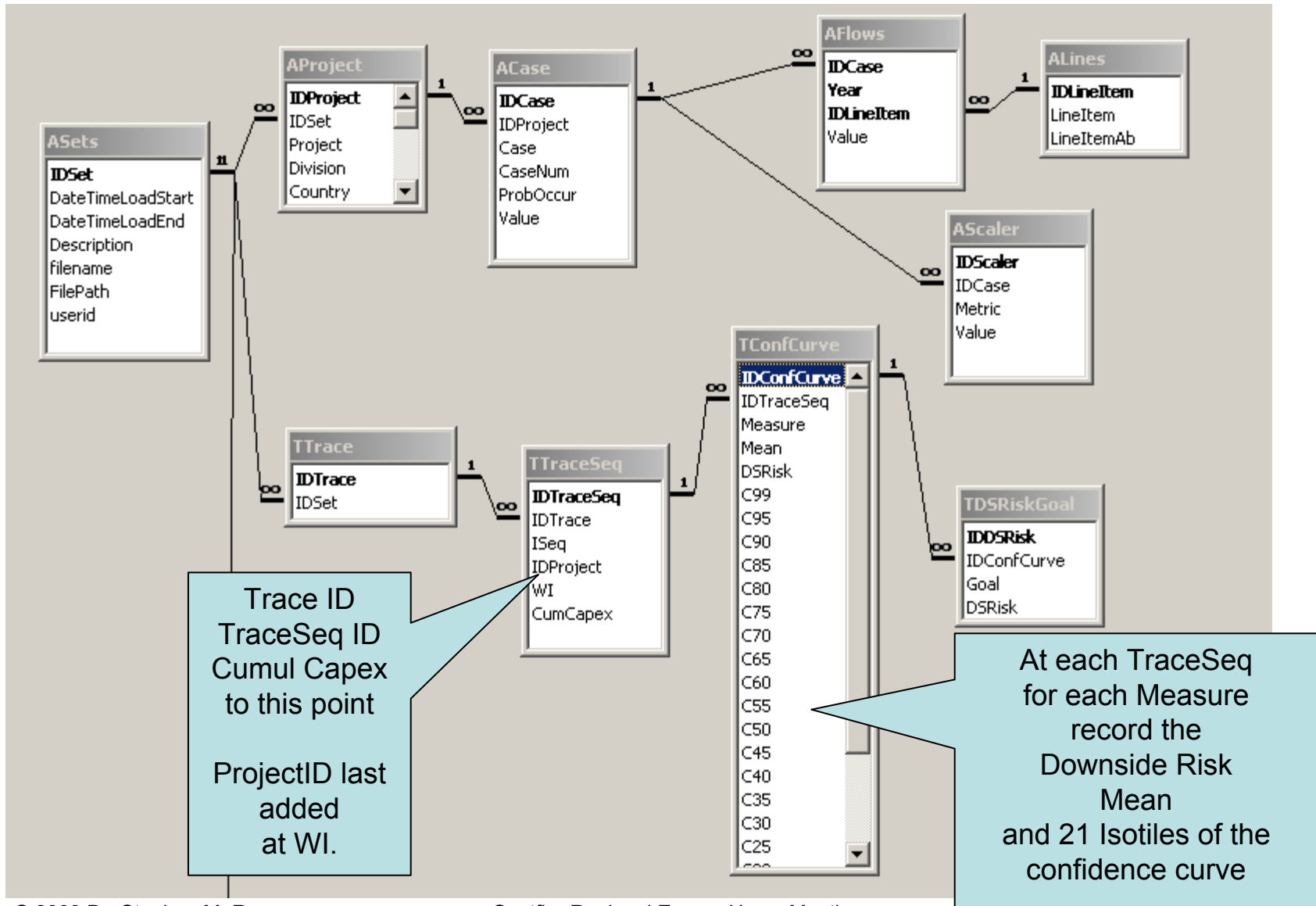
Confidence of At Least X Reserves



WiserWays MultiField Confidence Curve Calculator

- The version used here can handle
 - a 200 Project inventory,
 - Up to 50 funded at any one portfolio
 - Up to 3 discrete working interest per project
 - Customized weighted project selection based upon good heuristics.
- Each trace calculates has up to 50 Portfolio points.
- Each Portfolio point has two confidence curves at isotiles (every 5%) for MMBOE and NPV written to the database.
- Process time: 4 seconds per trace including writing to the Database. -- 10 Portfolios per second.

Data Base Schema (Projects)



View the Portfolio Confidence Curves and Project Funding.

- T1D5 Query: Confidence Curves (MMBOE, NPV) and Funding level Each Project (Wk.Int.) by Trace Sequence Number

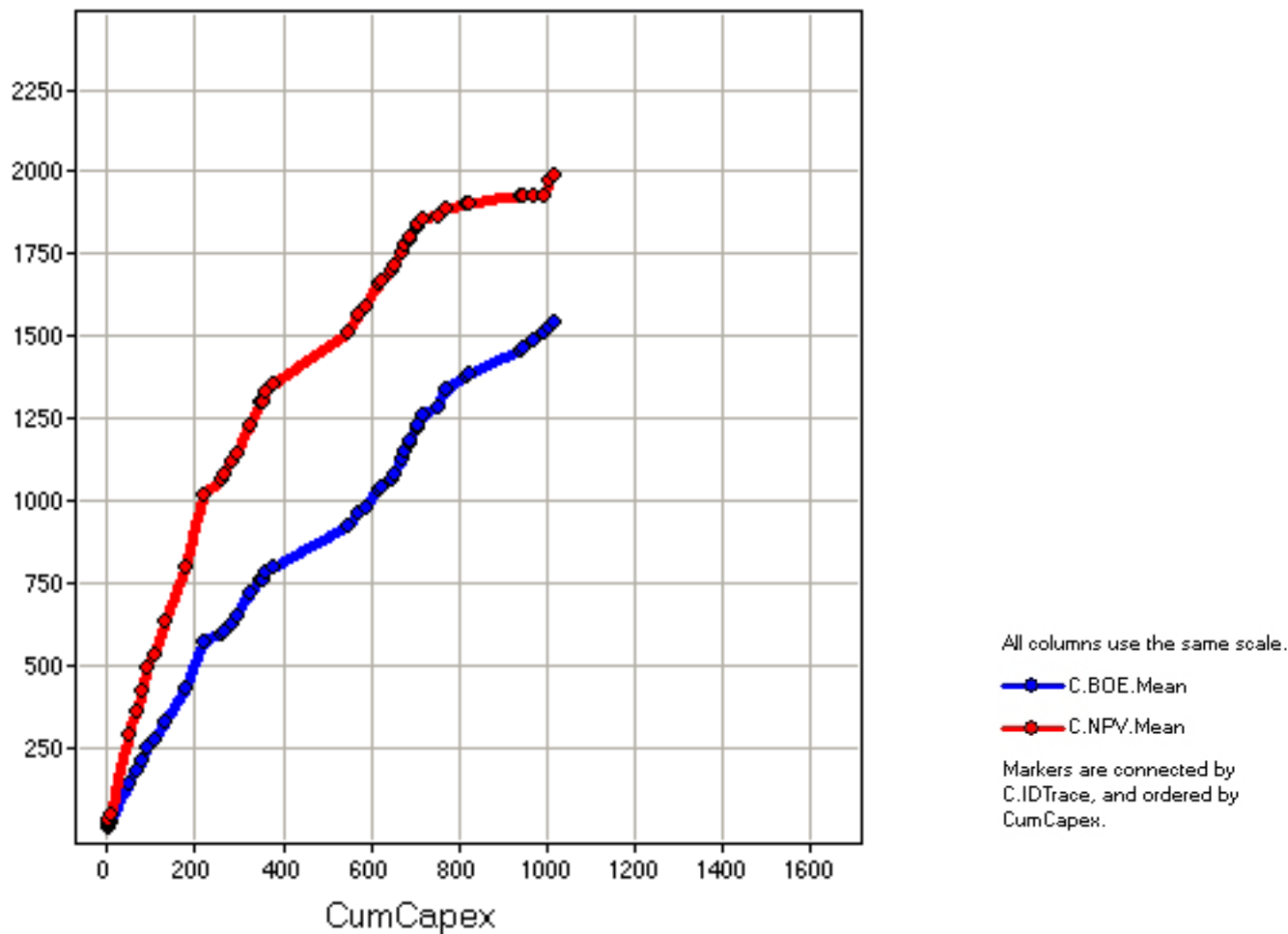
		200 Projects in columns	
Set	Trace	TraceSeq, CumulCapex, Conf Curves (MMOBE, NPV)	Wk Int of each project in each TraceSeq (Portfolio Point)
		TraceSeq, CumulCapex, Conf Curves (MMOBE, NPV)	Wk Int of each project in each TraceSeq (Portfolio Point)
	Trace		

↓

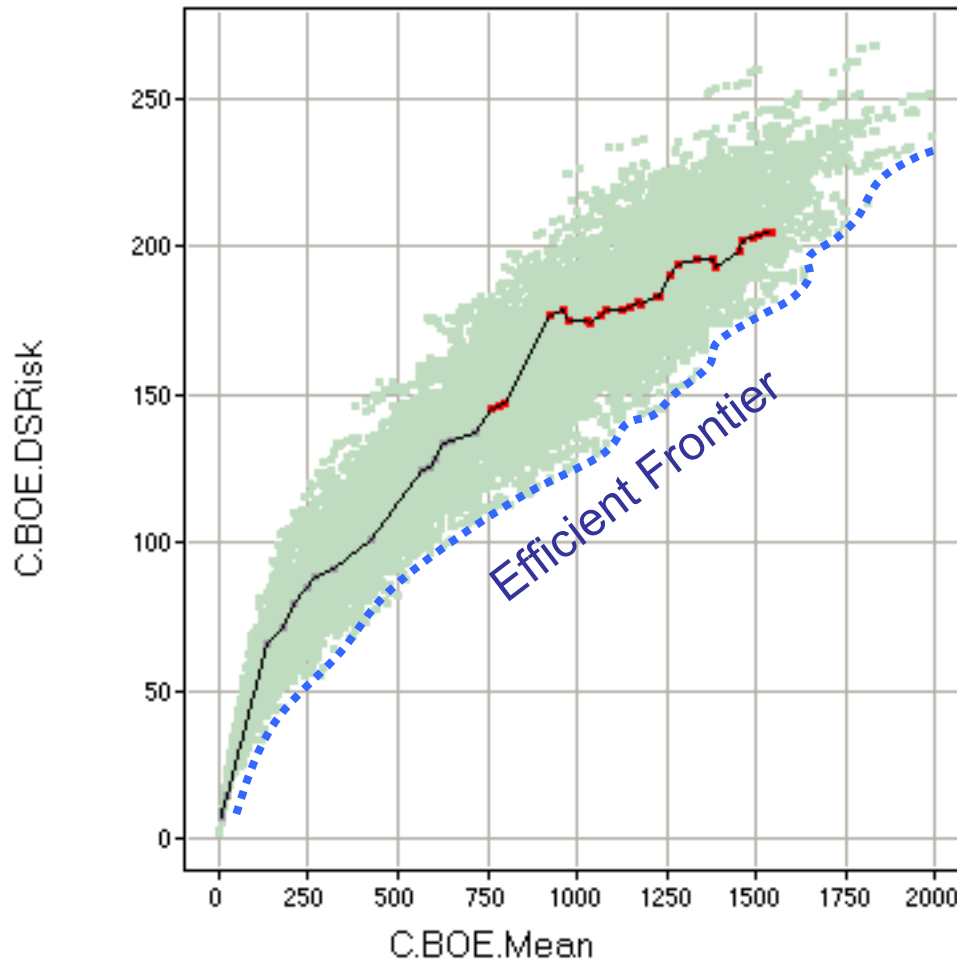
1 to 4 Sets, 100-400 Traces per Set, 20-50 Portfolio per Trace. 2000-80000 records, 256 columns. (Max)

16000 records in about 20 seconds (PIV 2.4 GH) Access 2002

MMBOE & NPV vs Cum Capex Trace 602



MMBOE Risk Reward (Scatter Plot) Trace 602



Pale blue grey points are “Shown deselected” points of all portfolios in all traces run.

Showing only the portfolios along Trace 602.

The red Portfolio points are those where Project 422 were funded at 33% working interest.

These portfolios are not particularly close to the Efficient Frontier.

Color by 422

0.333333343267441

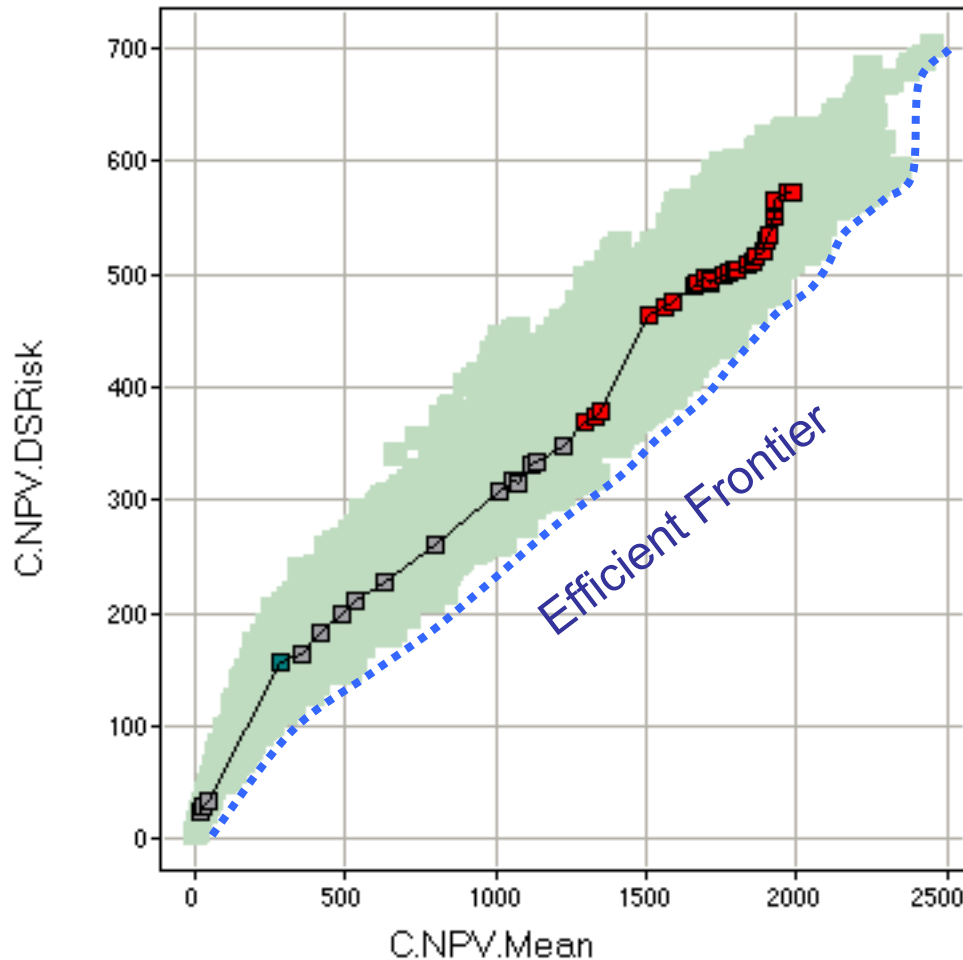
0.5

1

(Empty)

Markers are connected by C.IDTrace, and ordered by C.IDTraceSeq.

NPV Risk Reward (Scatter Plot), Trace 602



Same type of Risk / Reward plot, but this is for the NPV metric.

Also showing just the portfolios along Trace number 602 against a background of all portfolio points (Shown deselected).

Color by 422

0.333333343267441

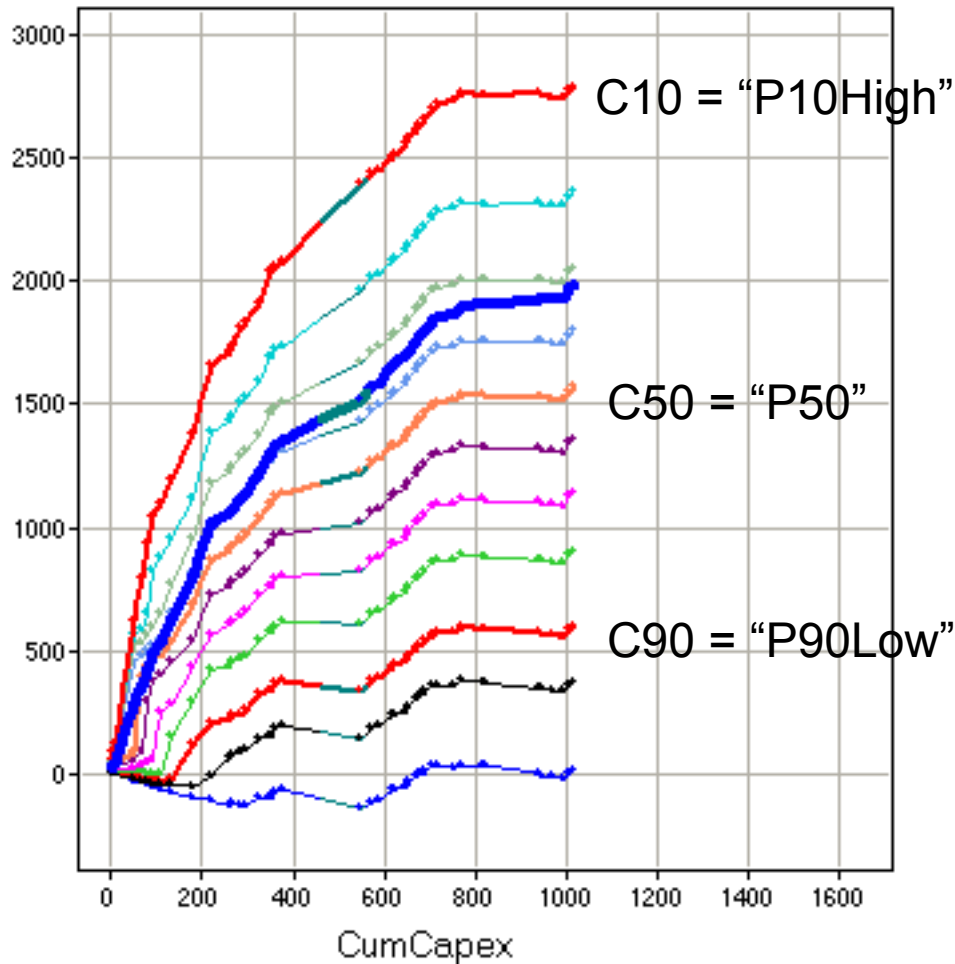
0.5

1

(Empty)

Markers are connected by C.IDTrace, and ordered by C.IDTraceSeq.

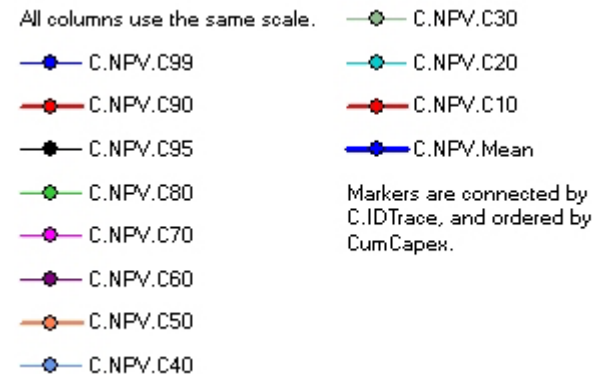
NPV Prob by Cumul Capex Trace 602



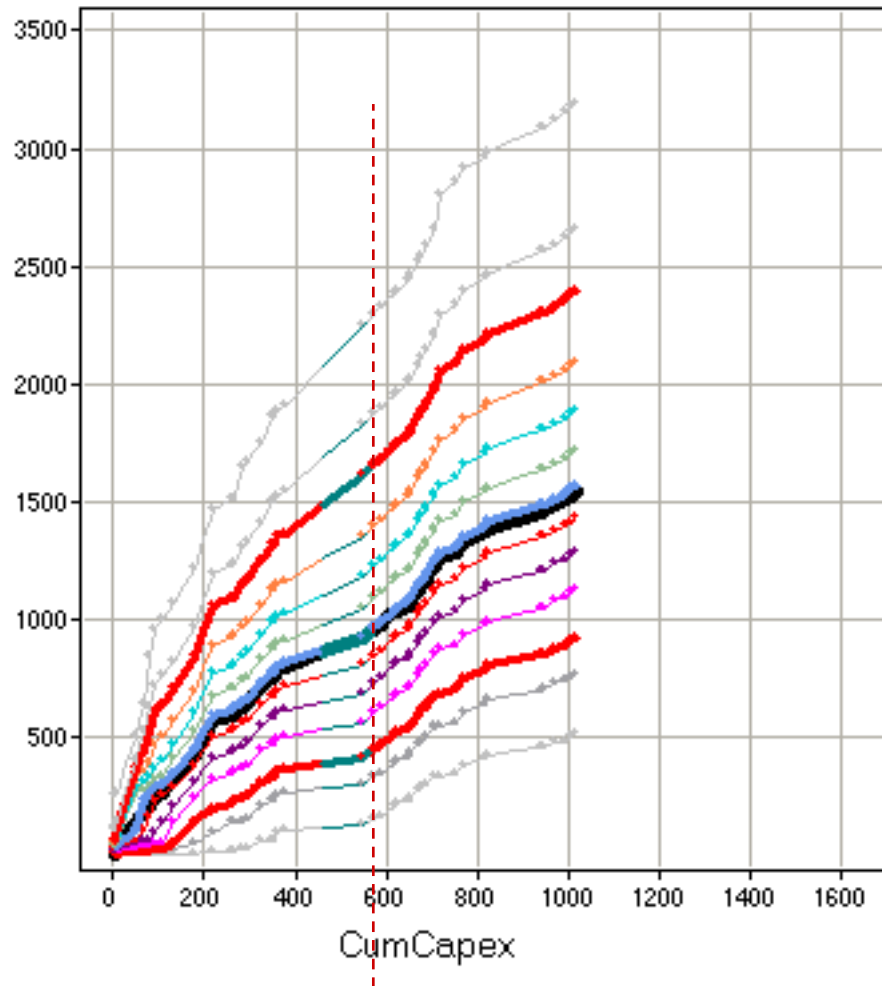
This is a Line Chart, X-Axis as Cumulative Capex.

Here we display Each confidence Level as more and more project are funded.

This Metric is Portfolio NPV



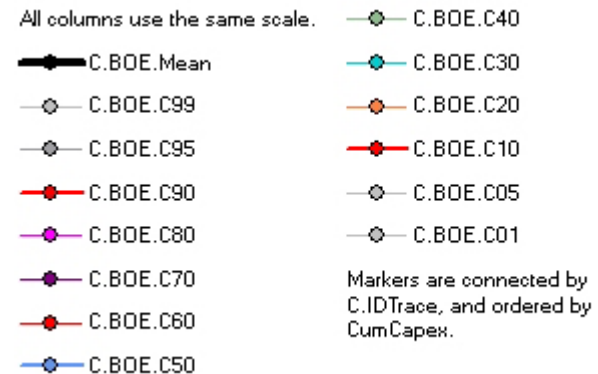
MMBOE Prob by Cumul Capex



This is a Line Chart, X-Axis as Cumulative Capex.

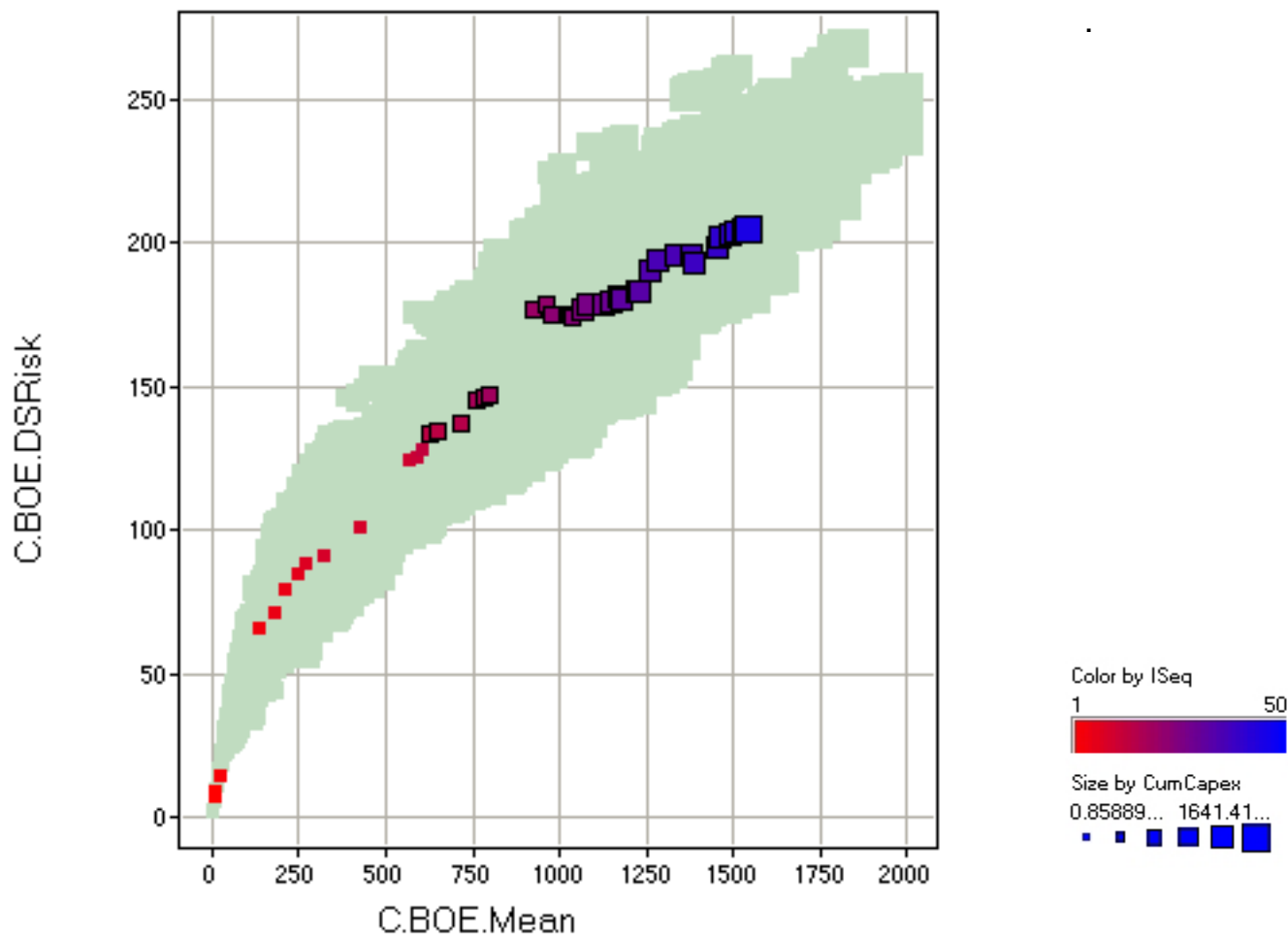
Here we display Each confidence Level as more and more project are funded.

This Metric is Portfolio MMBOE

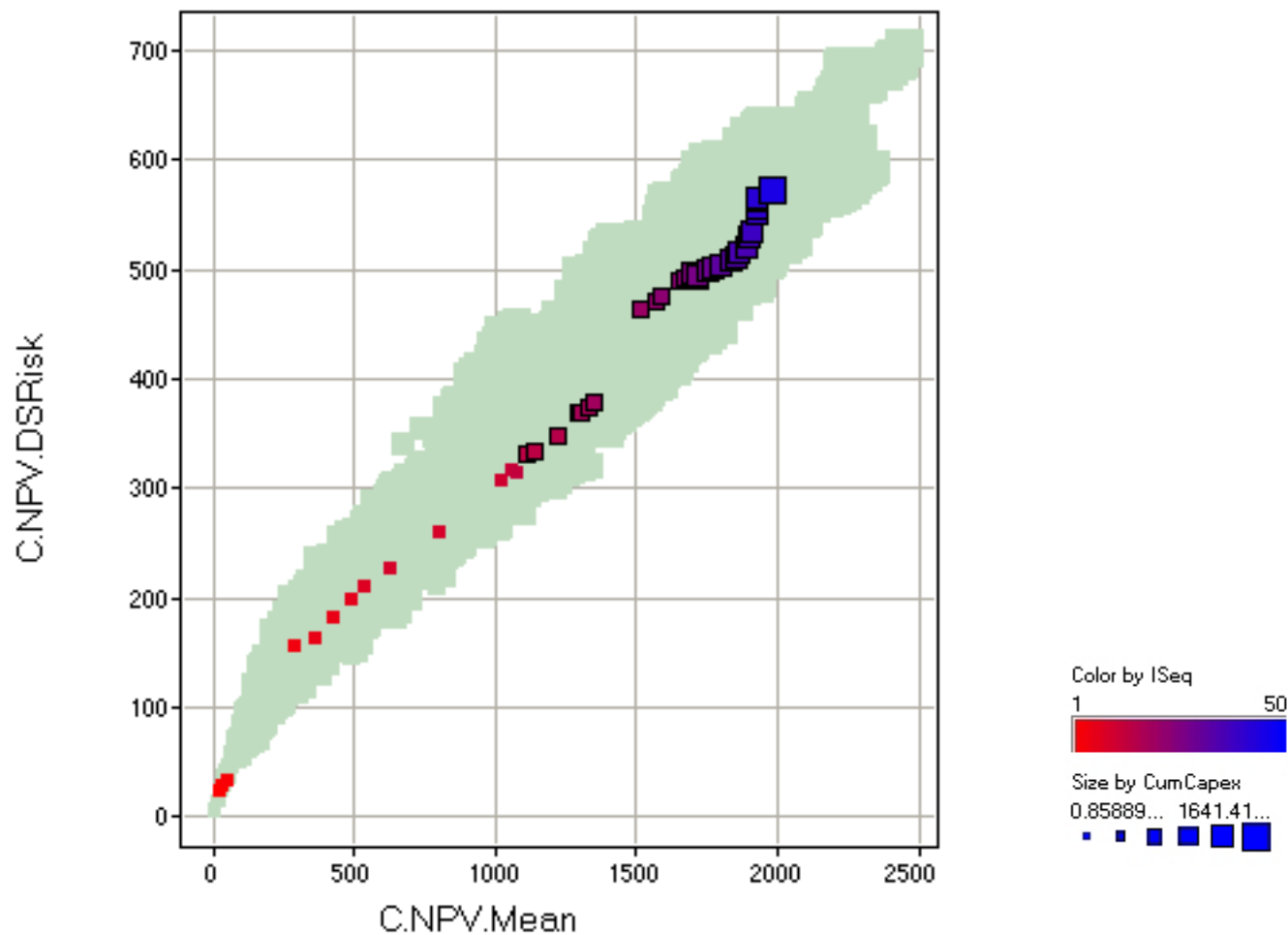


Pick a funding level, see the range of results

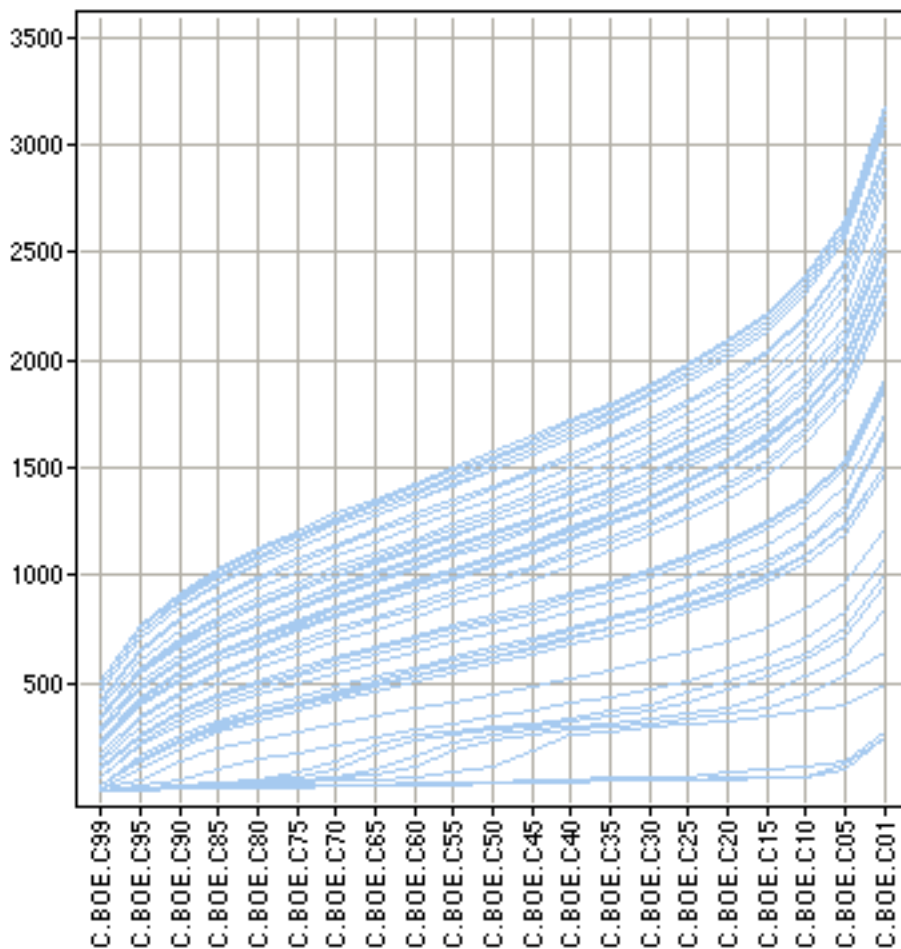
DS BOE



DS NPV

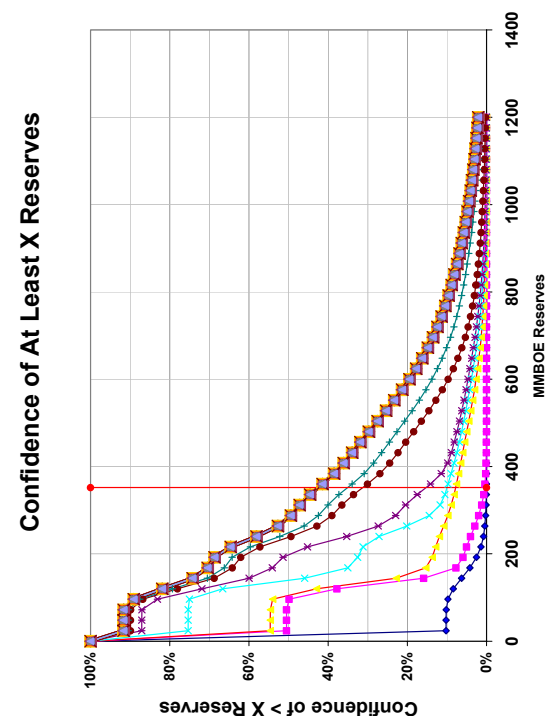
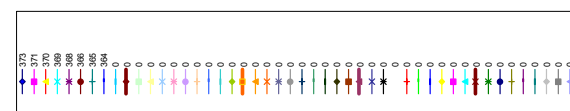


MMBOE Confidence Curves

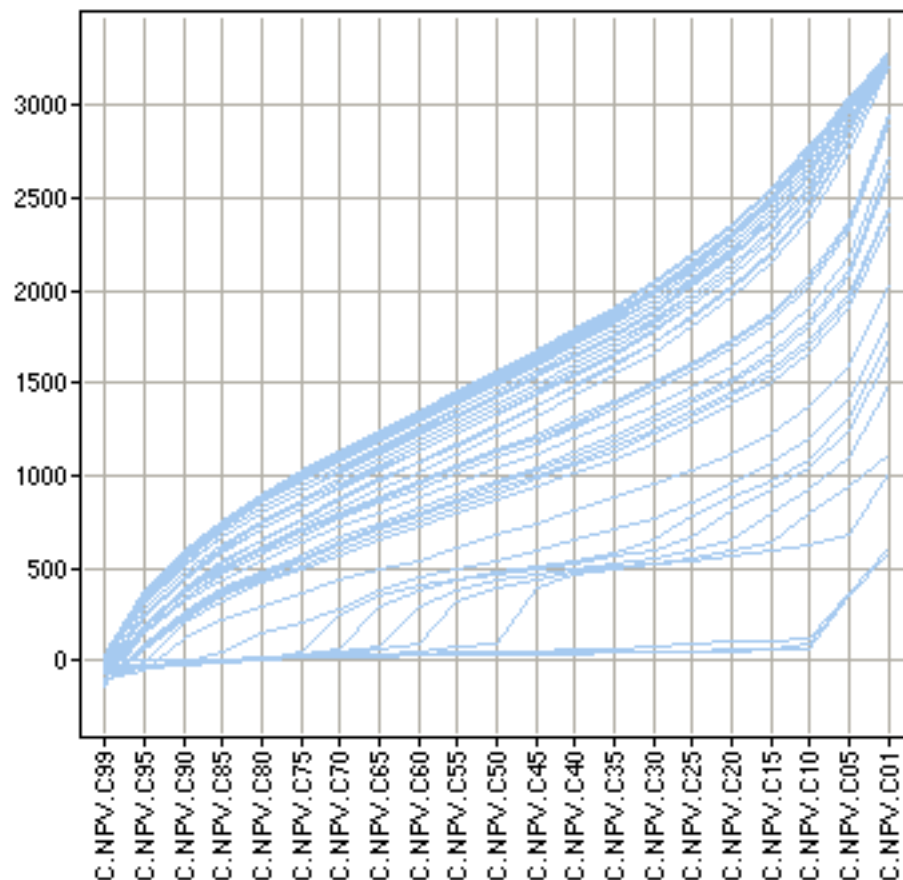


All columns use the same scale.

Spotfire requires we use a Line Chart on the 21 columns of confidence levels. Therefore the plot is rotated from

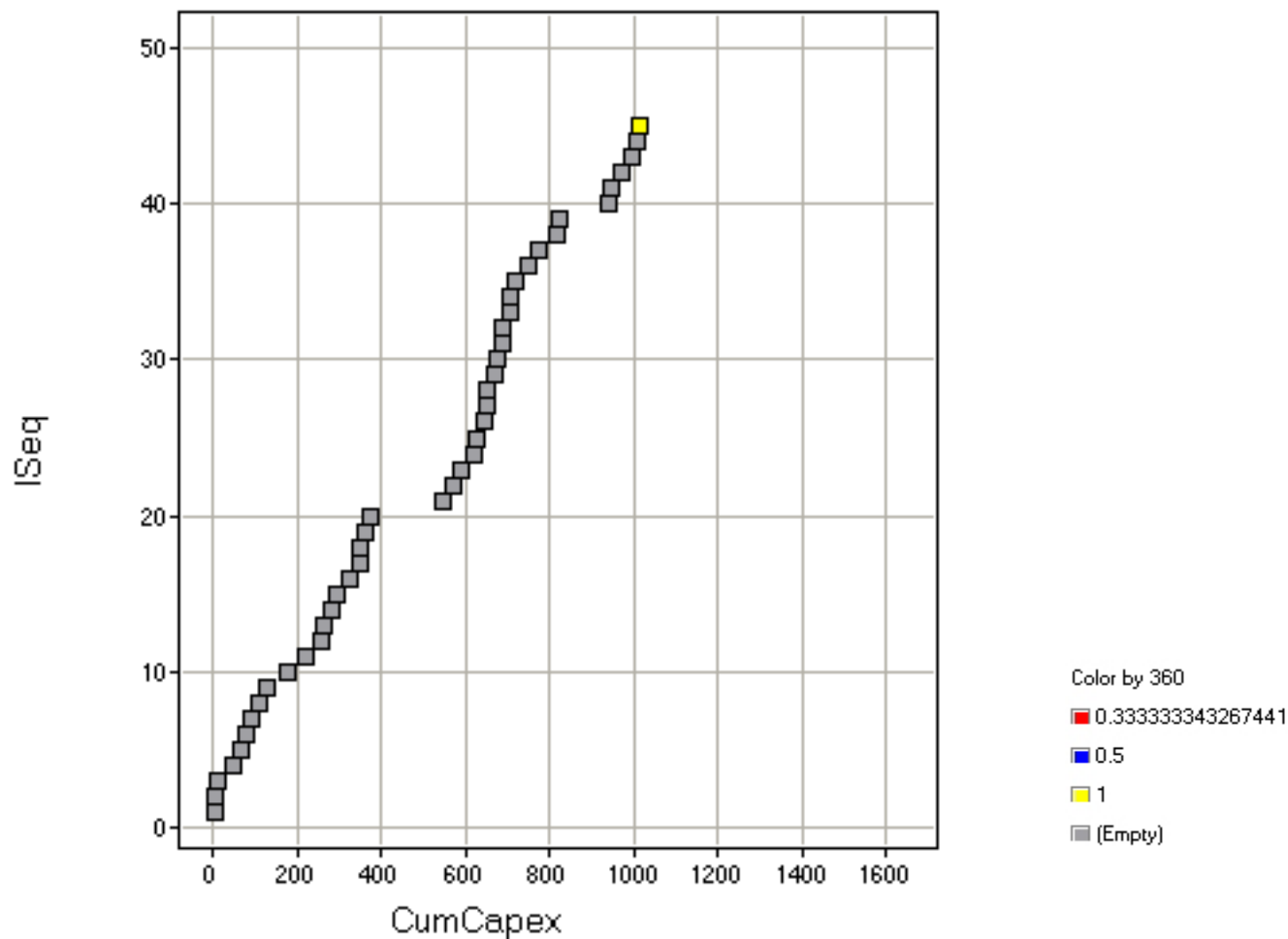


NPV Confidence Curves

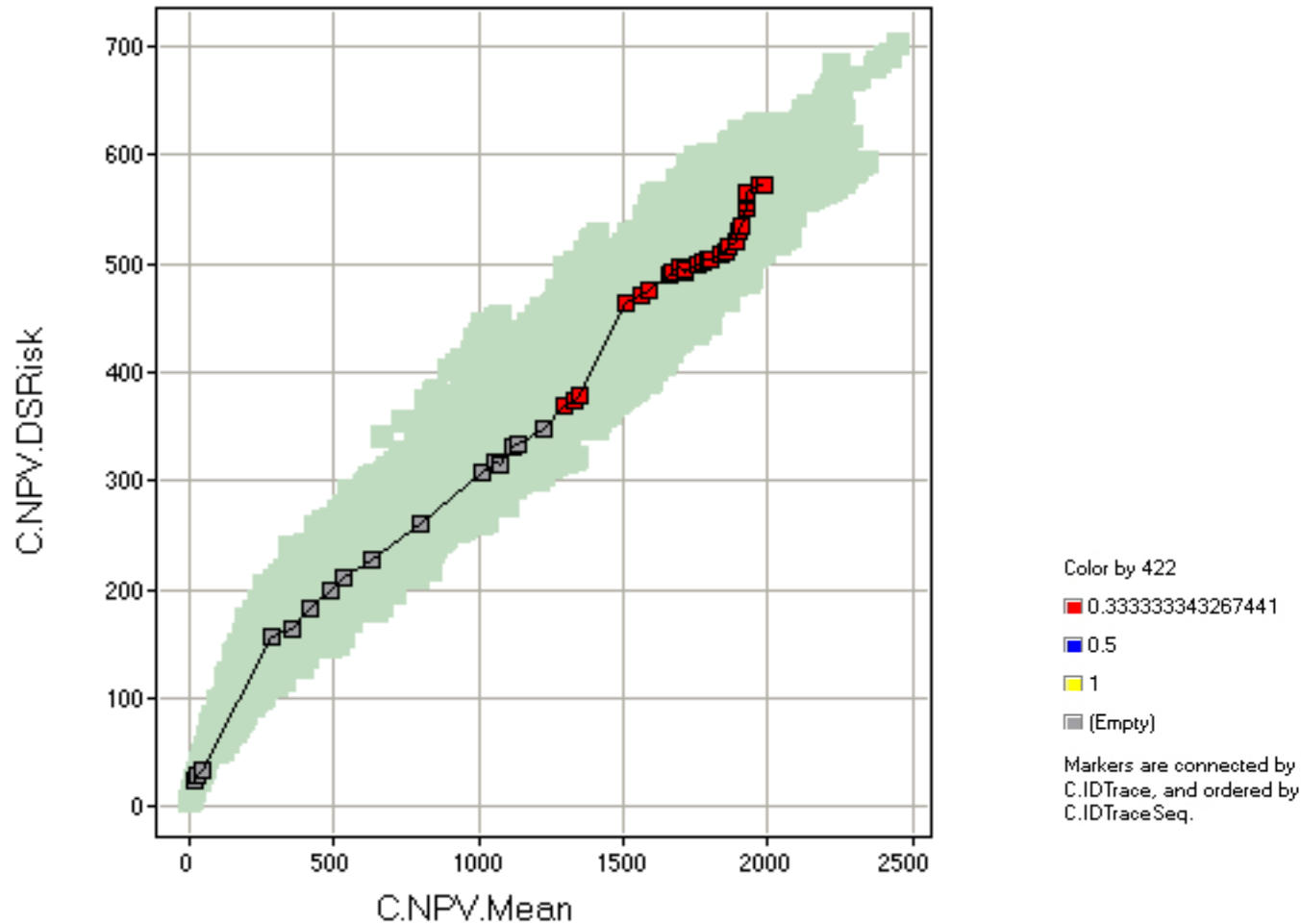


All columns use the same scale.

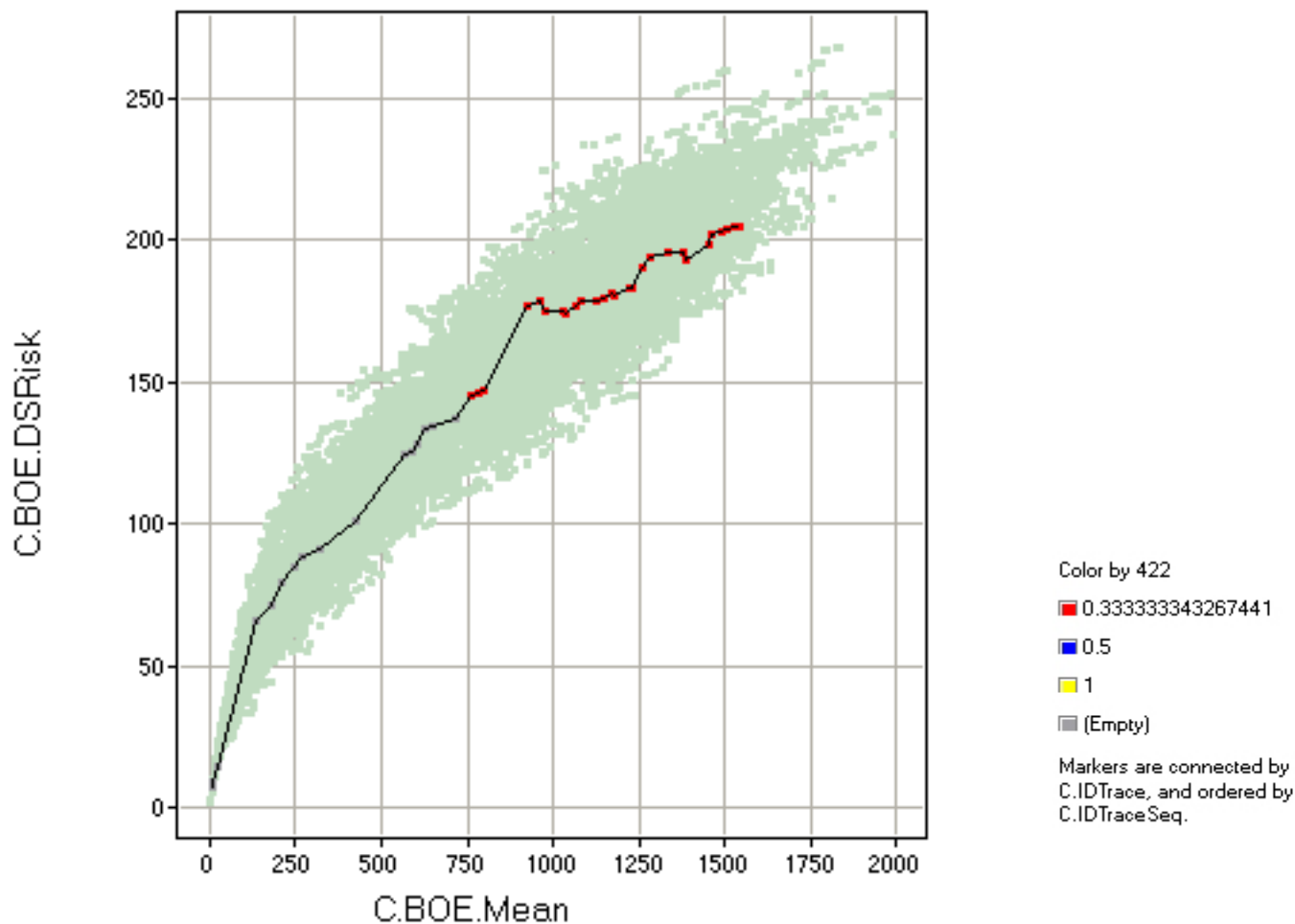
ISeq (sequence number within a Trace)



DS NPV - Color by WI of 1 Project -



Scatter Plot



The screenshot displays the Spotfire software interface. The main window shows a scatter plot with 'C.NPV.DSRisk' on the y-axis (ranging from 0 to 700) and 'C.NPV.Mean' on the x-axis (ranging from 0 to 2500). A green shaded area represents the confidence interval. A line of data points is plotted, with a specific point highlighted by a red circle and arrows pointing to it from the table below. The table below the plot shows a list of records with columns for various metrics, including 'C.NPV.Mean' and 'C.NPV.DSRisk'. The table is filtered to show 45 out of 17197 records.

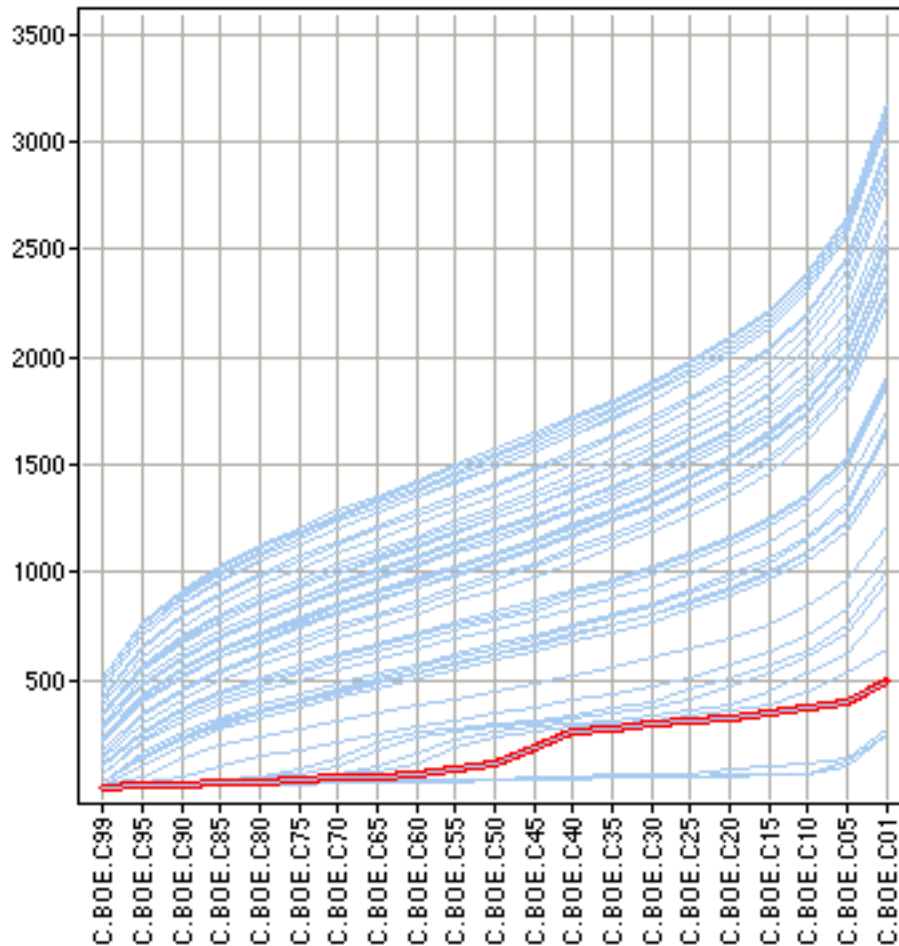
Record ID	C.NPV.Mean	C.NPV.DSRisk
541	0.5	0.33...
542	0.5	0.33...
543	0.5	0.33...
544	0.5	0.33...
545	0.5	0.33...
546	0.5	0.33...
547	0.5	0.33...
548	0.5	0.33...
549	0.5	0.33...
550	0.5	0.33...
551	0.5	0.33...
552	0.5	0.33...
553	0.5	0.33...
554	0.5	0.33...
555	0.5	0.33...
556	0.5	0.33...
557	0.5	0.33...
558	0.5	0.33...
559	0.5	0.33...
560	0.5	0.33...
561	0.5	0.33...
562	0.5	0.33...
563	0.5	0.33...
564	0.5	0.33...

45 out of 17197 records visible (0,26 %), 45 marked

© 2003 Dr. Stephen M. Rasey,
WiserWays LLC

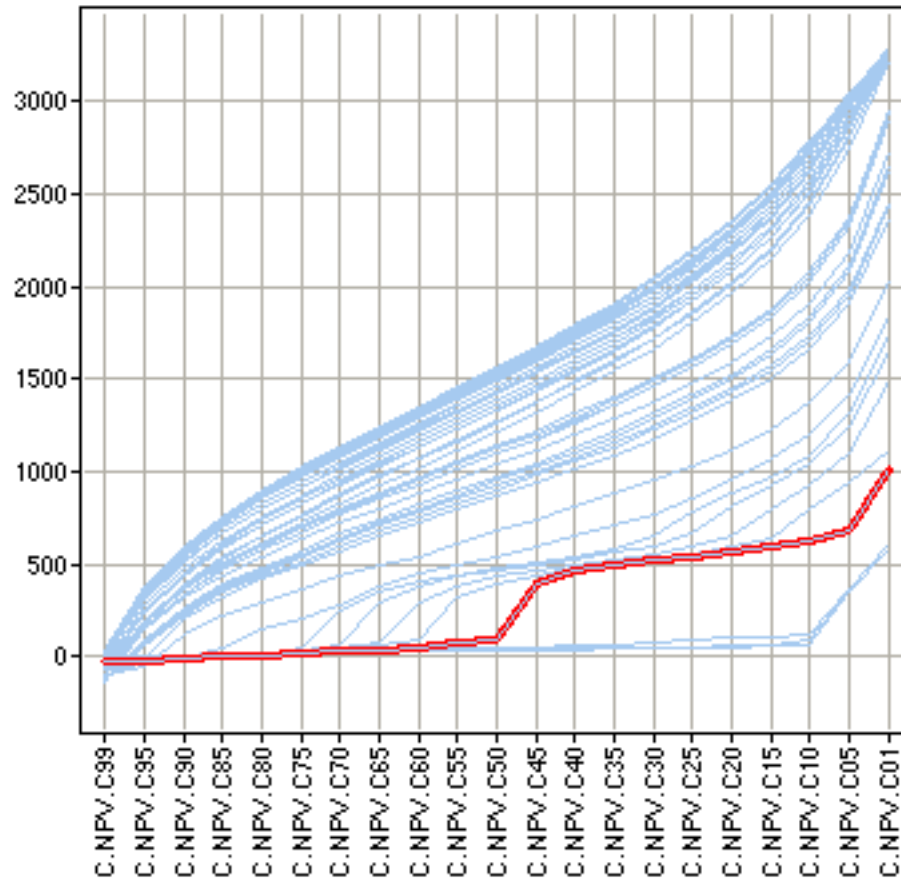
Spotfire Regional Energy Users Meeting,
Feb. 20, 2003

MMBOE Confidence (Profile Chart) Trace 602



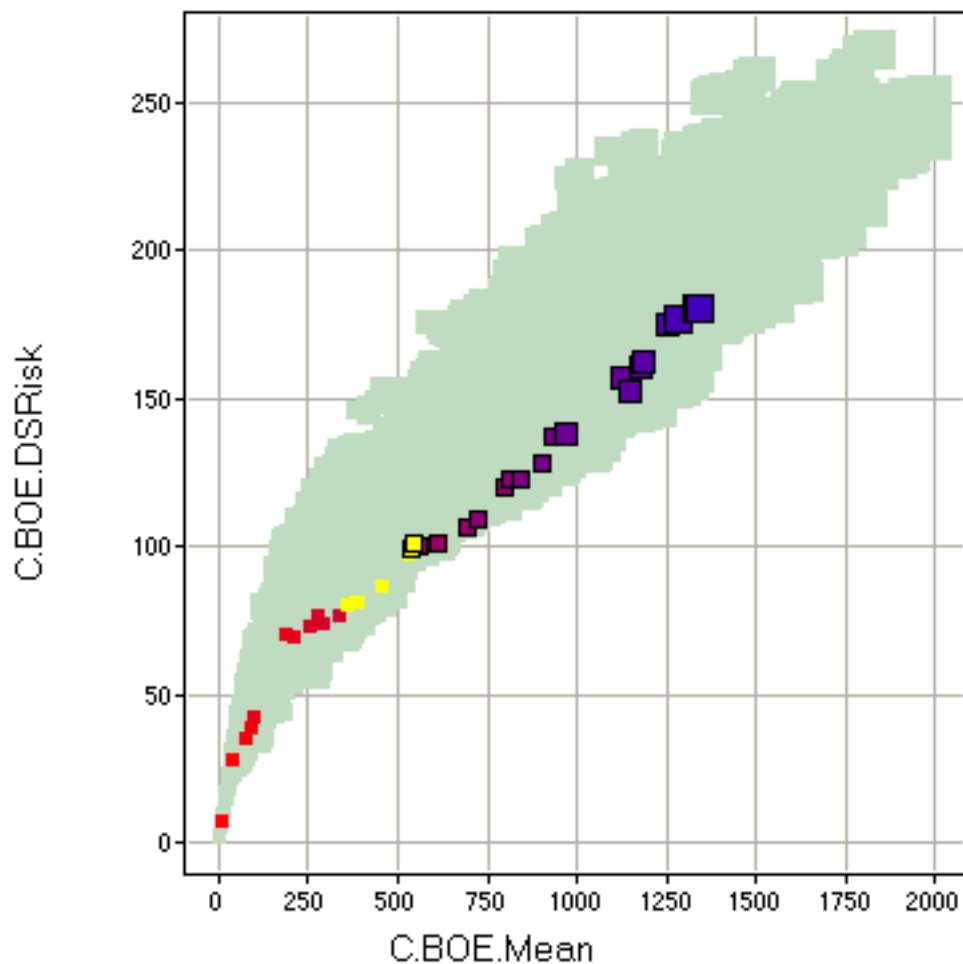
All columns use the same scale.

NPV Confidence (Profile Chart) Trace 602

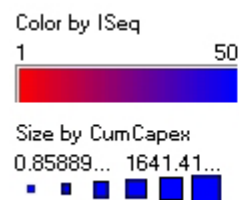


All columns use the same scale.

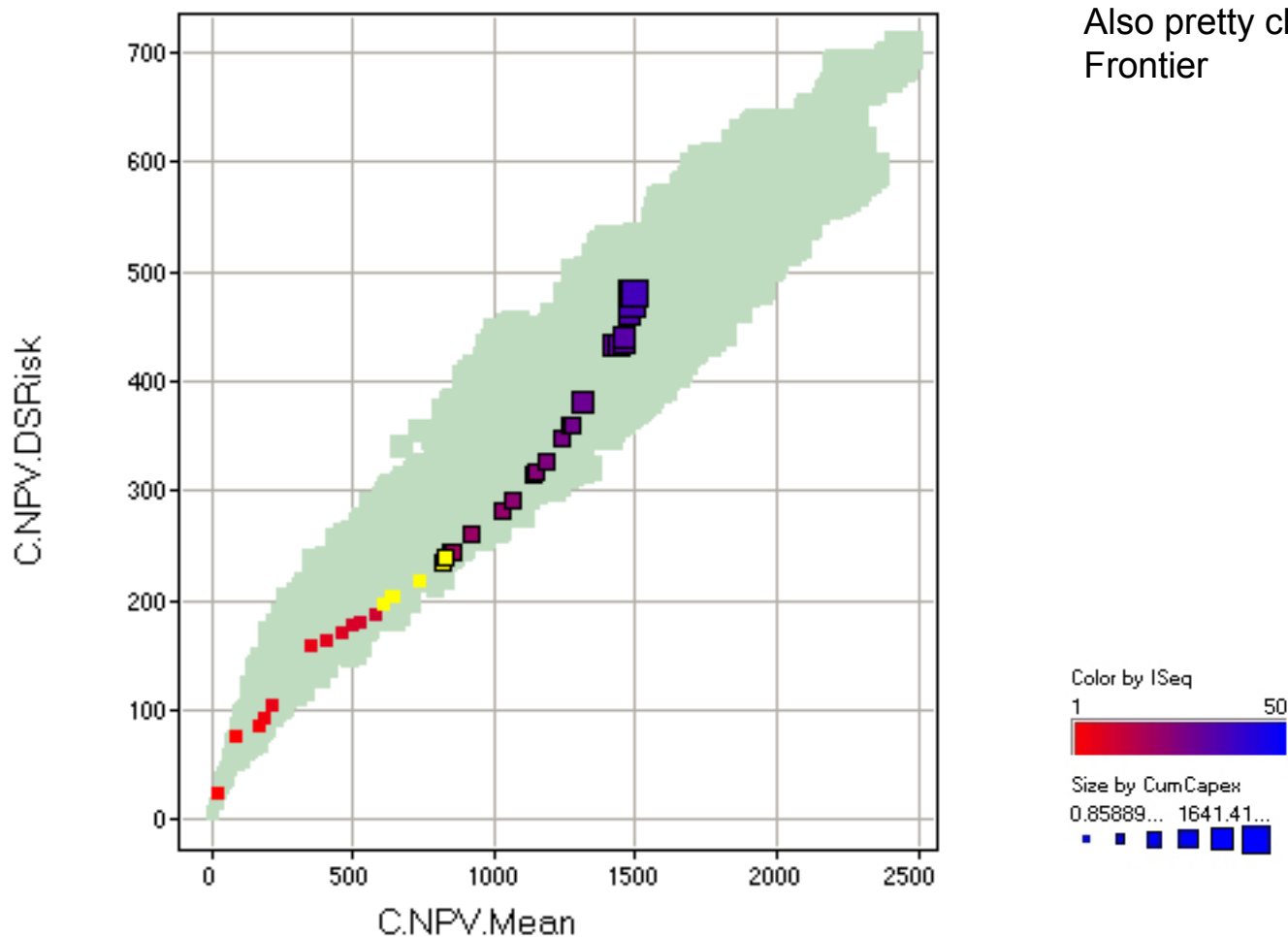
DS BOE Trace 616



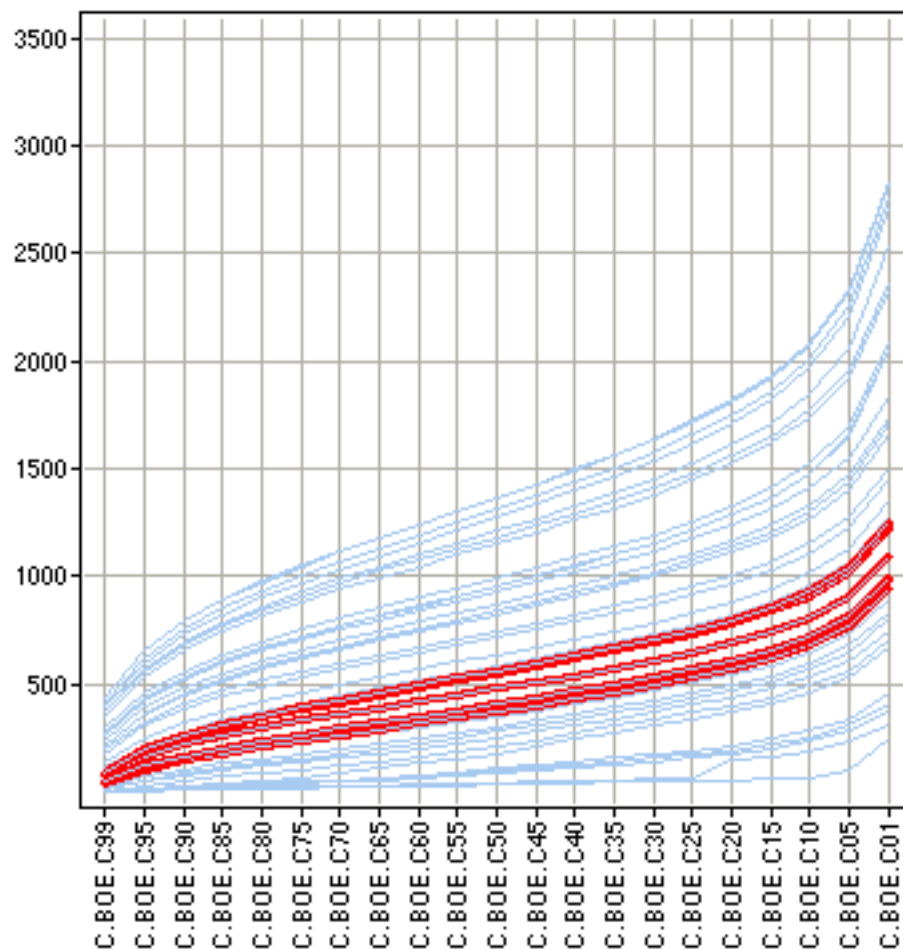
Some of the Portfolios in Trace 616 are close to the efficient frontier
These points are selected.



DS NPV Trace 616



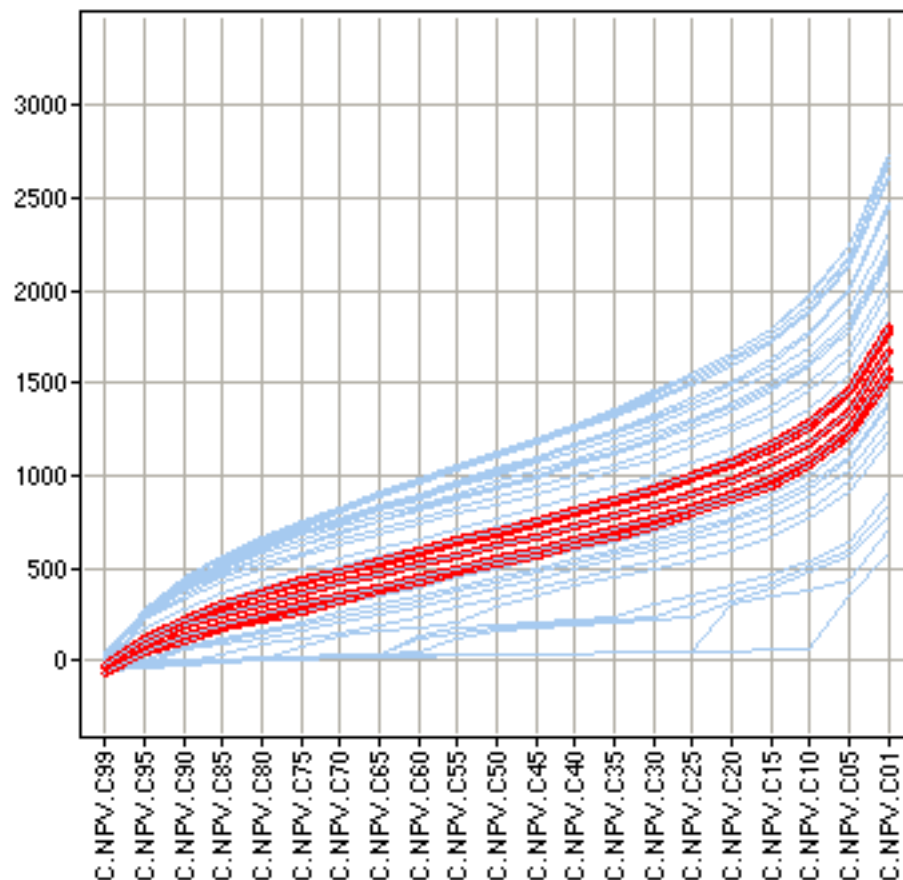
Profile Chart Trace 616



Those selected points seen with their confidence curves. BOE.

All columns use the same scale.

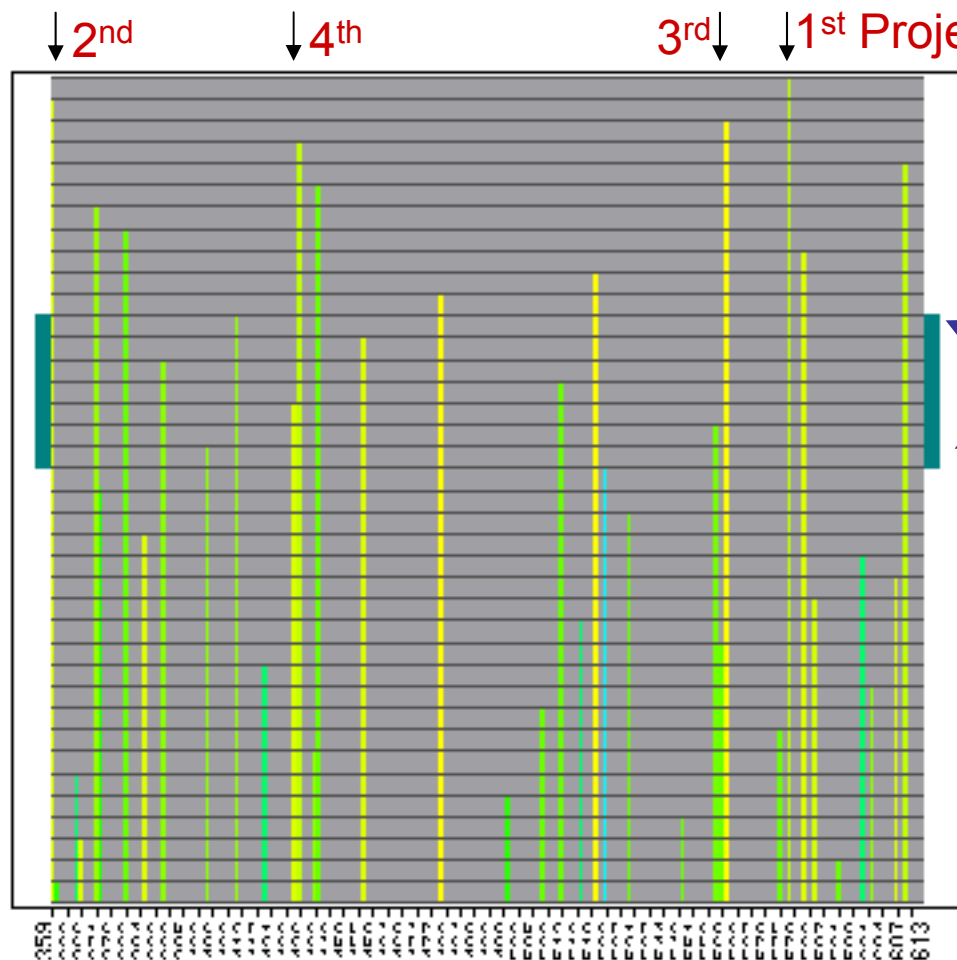
Profile Chart Trace 616



And the selected points seen in their confidence curves of NPV.

All columns use the same scale.

Heat Map Trace 616

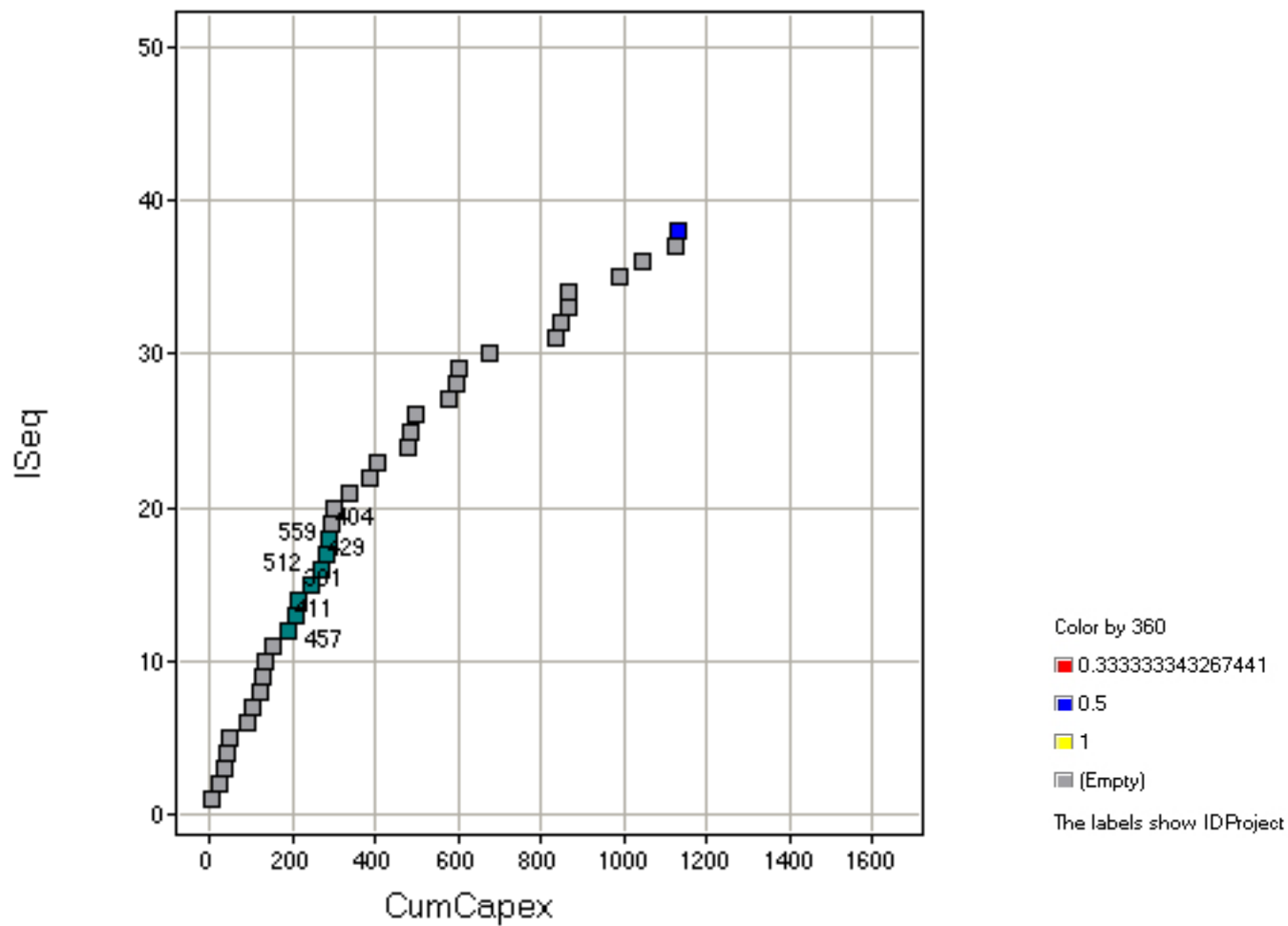


The Heat map shows which projects are funded at each portfolio.

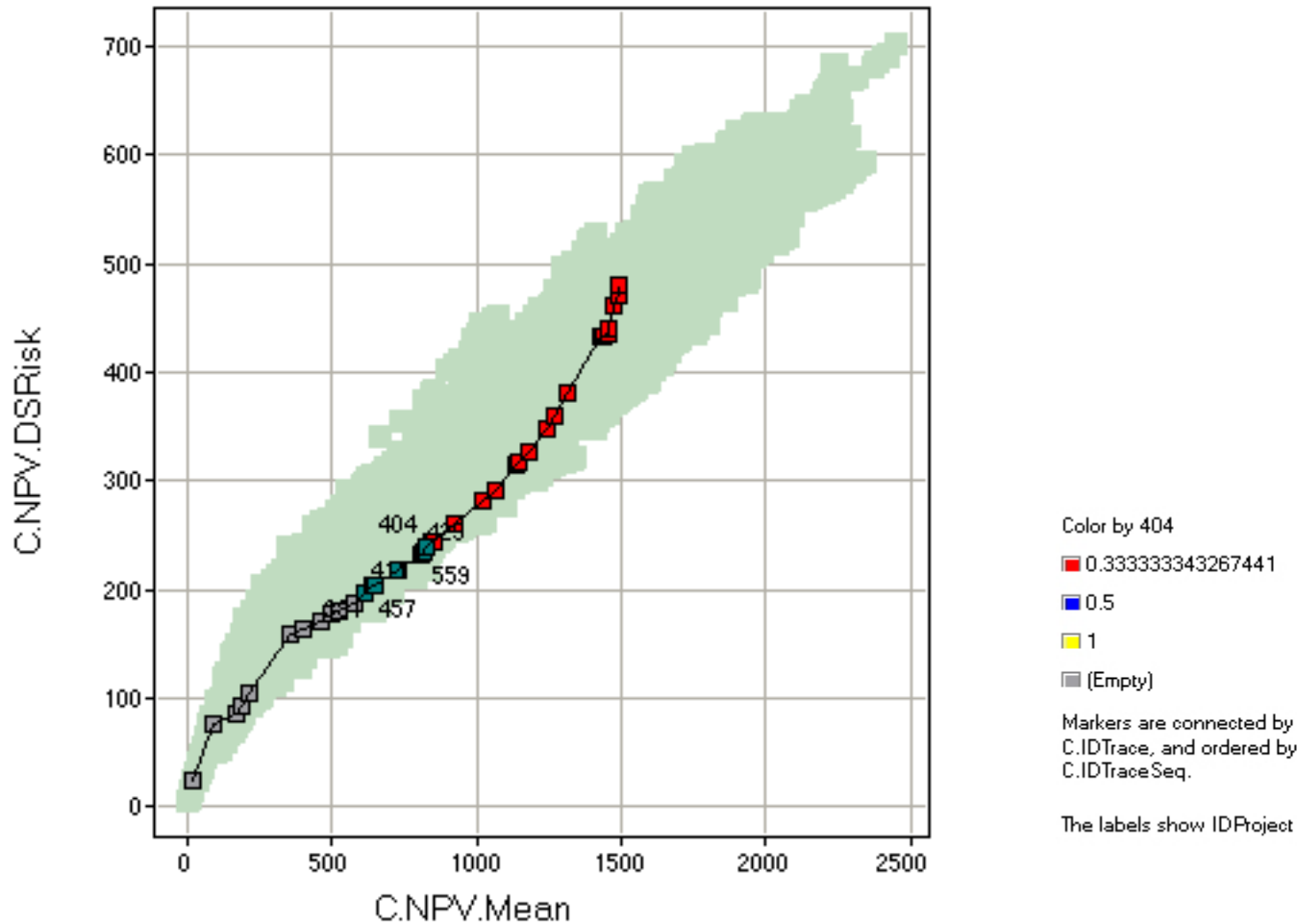
The projects funded at the selected portfolios

Increasing Capex

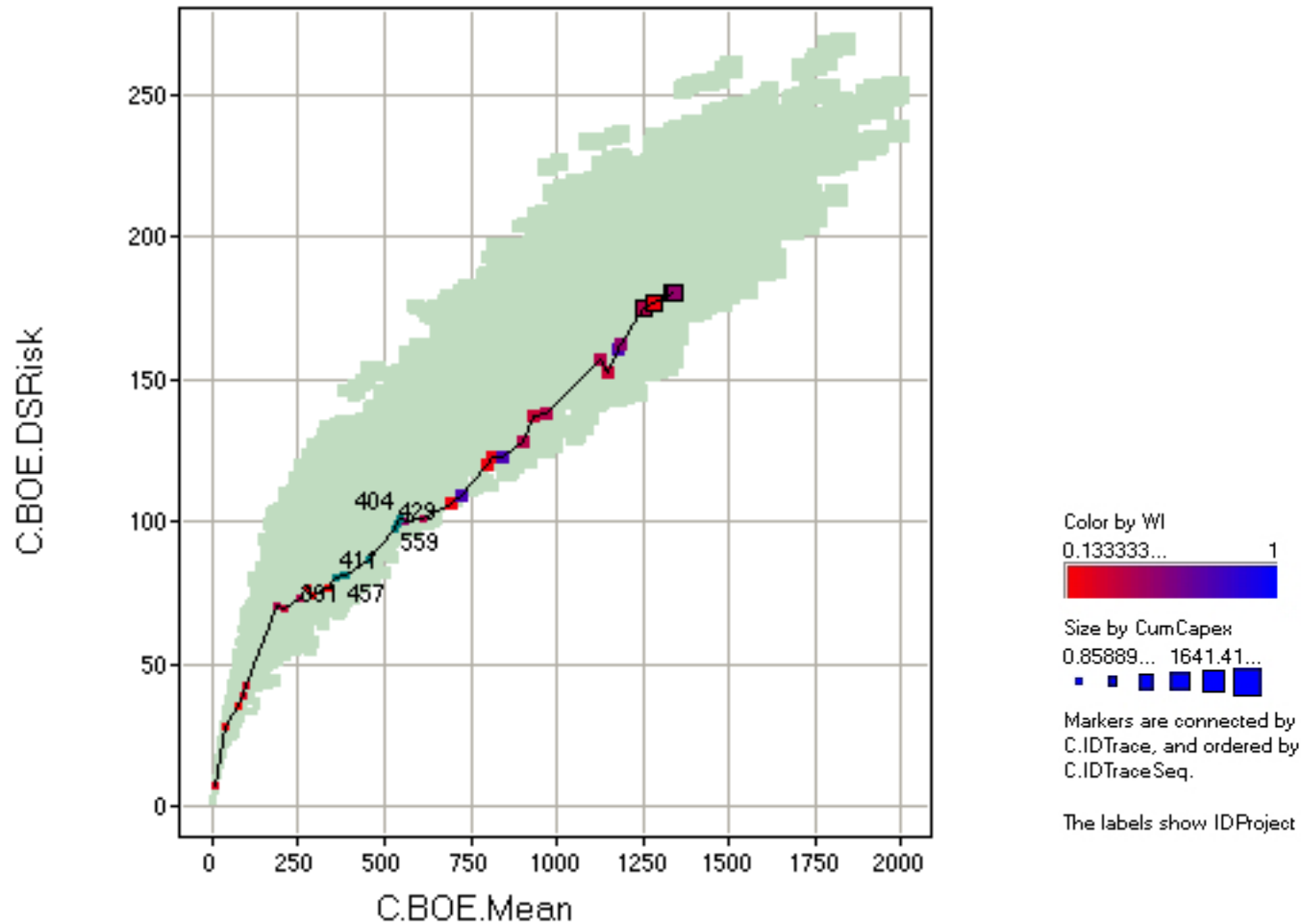
Scatter Plot Trace 616



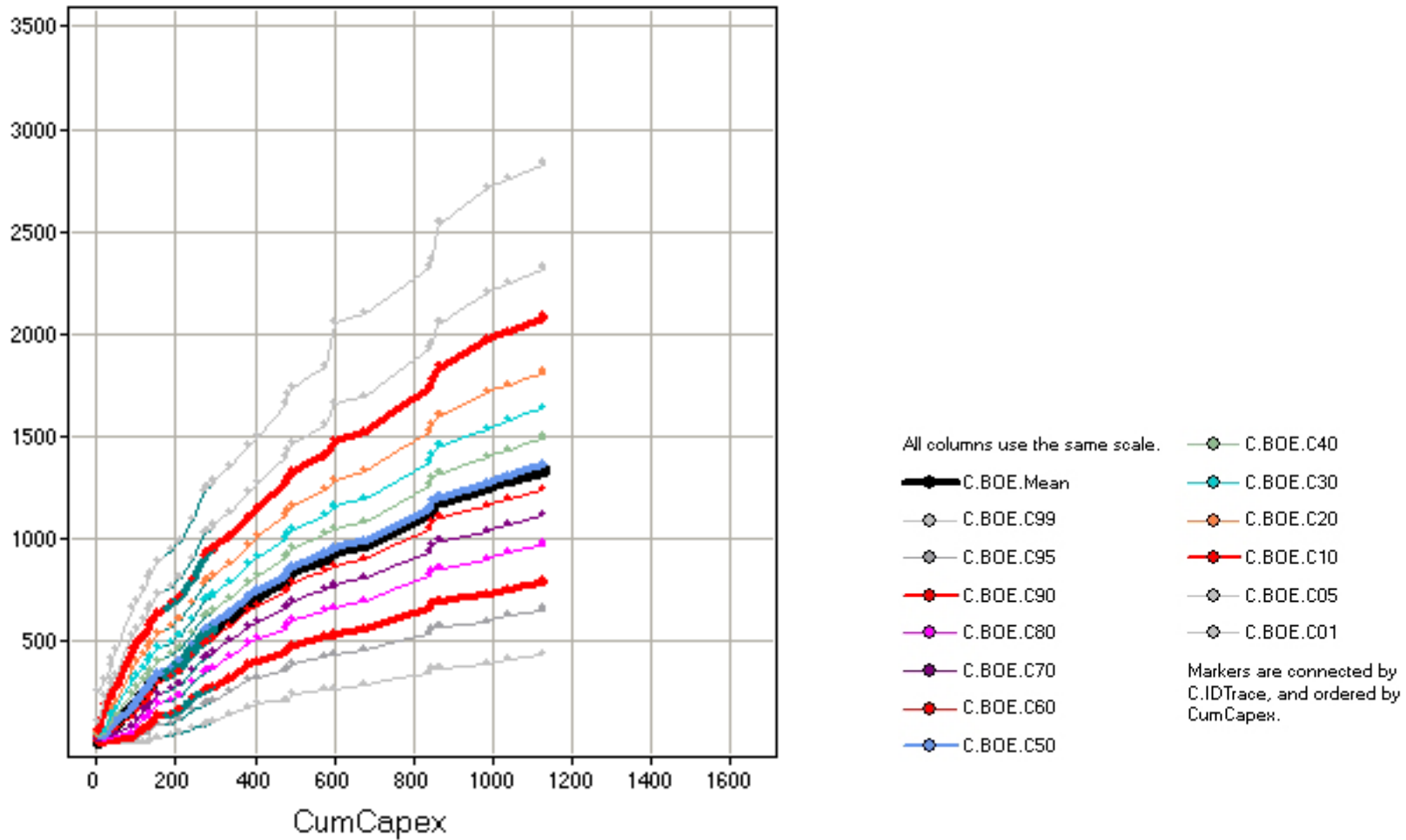
DS NPV - Color by WI of 1 Project - C.NPV.Mean vs. C.NPV.DSRisk Trace 616



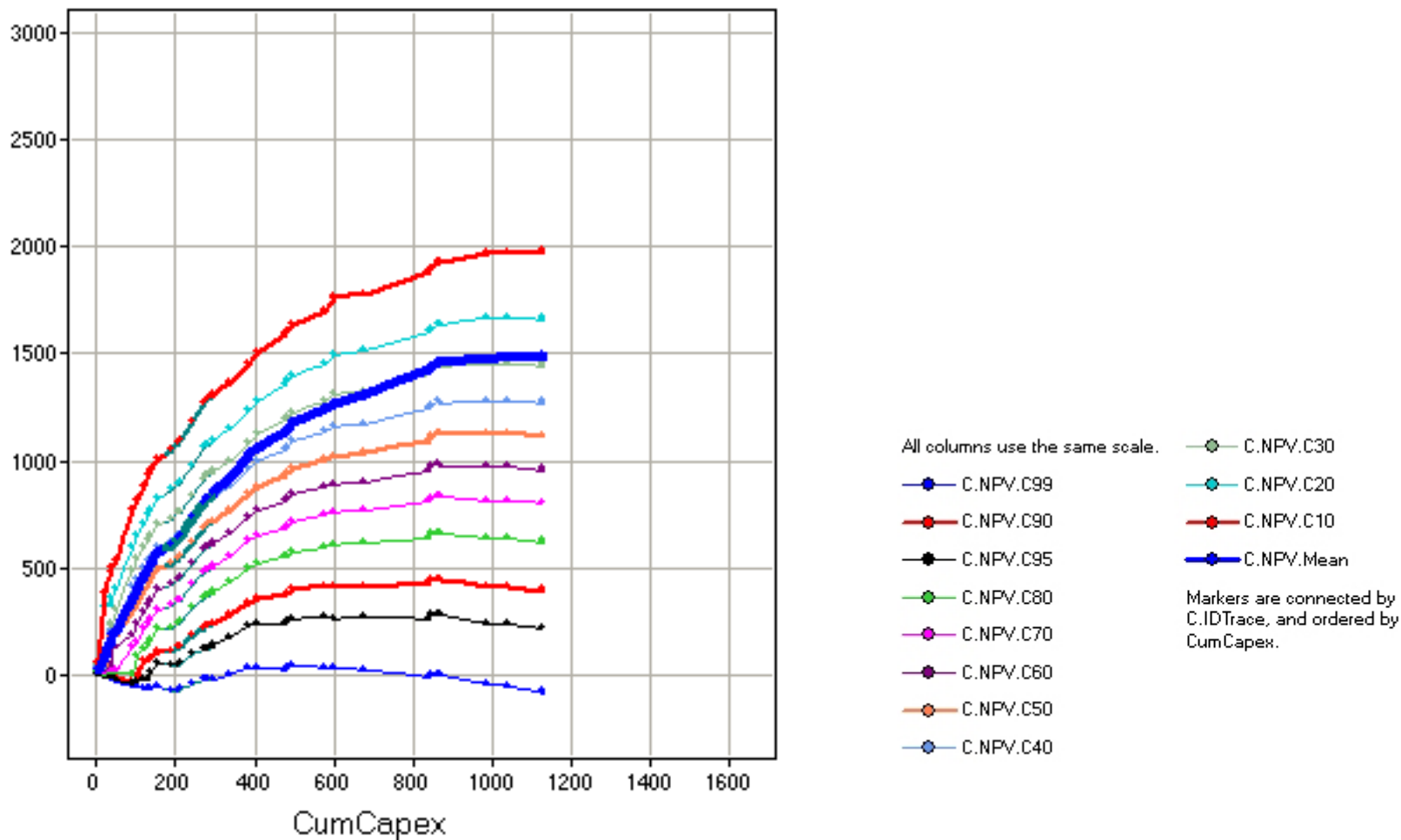
Scatter Plot Trace 616



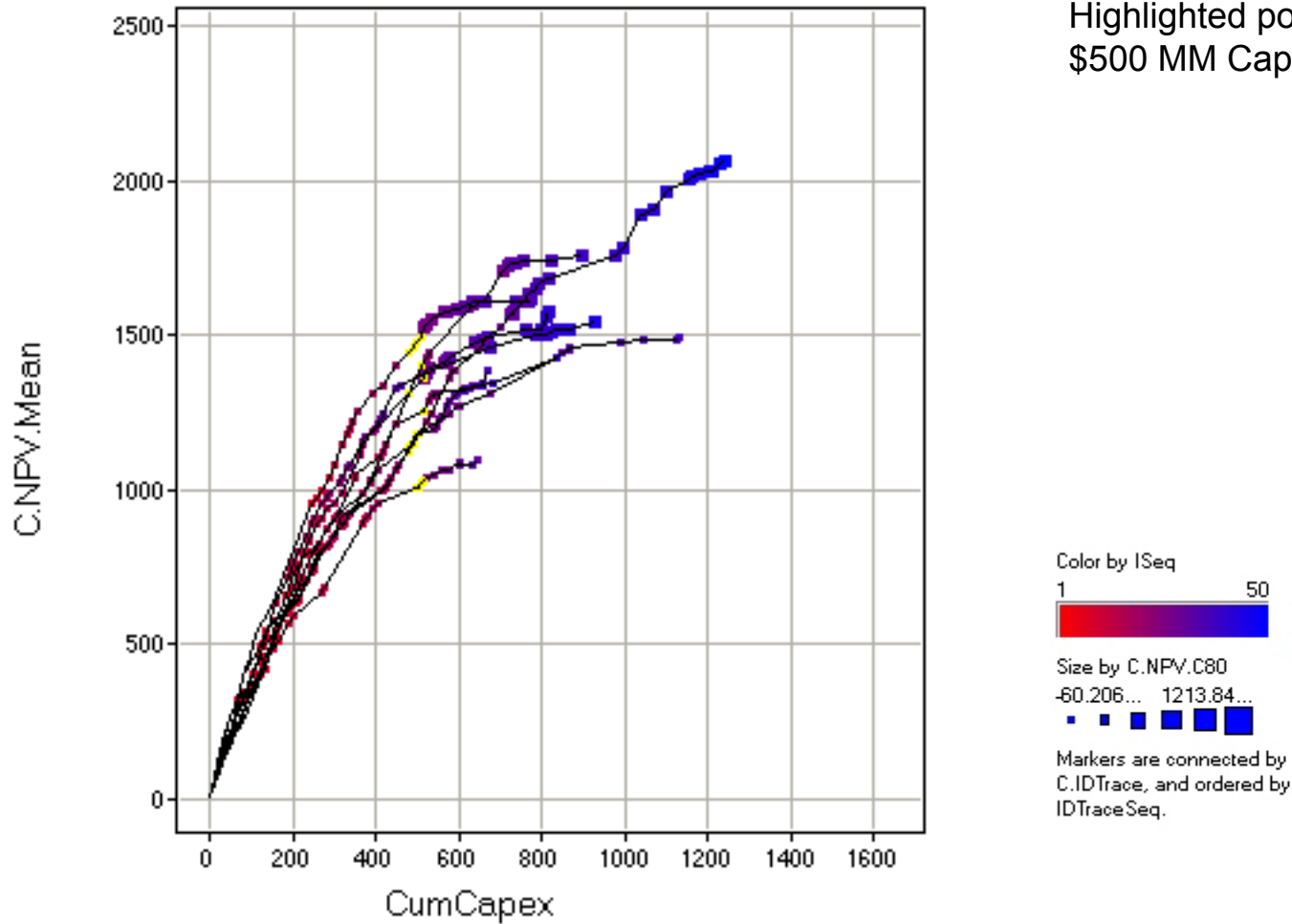
MMBOE Prob by Cumul Capex Trace 616



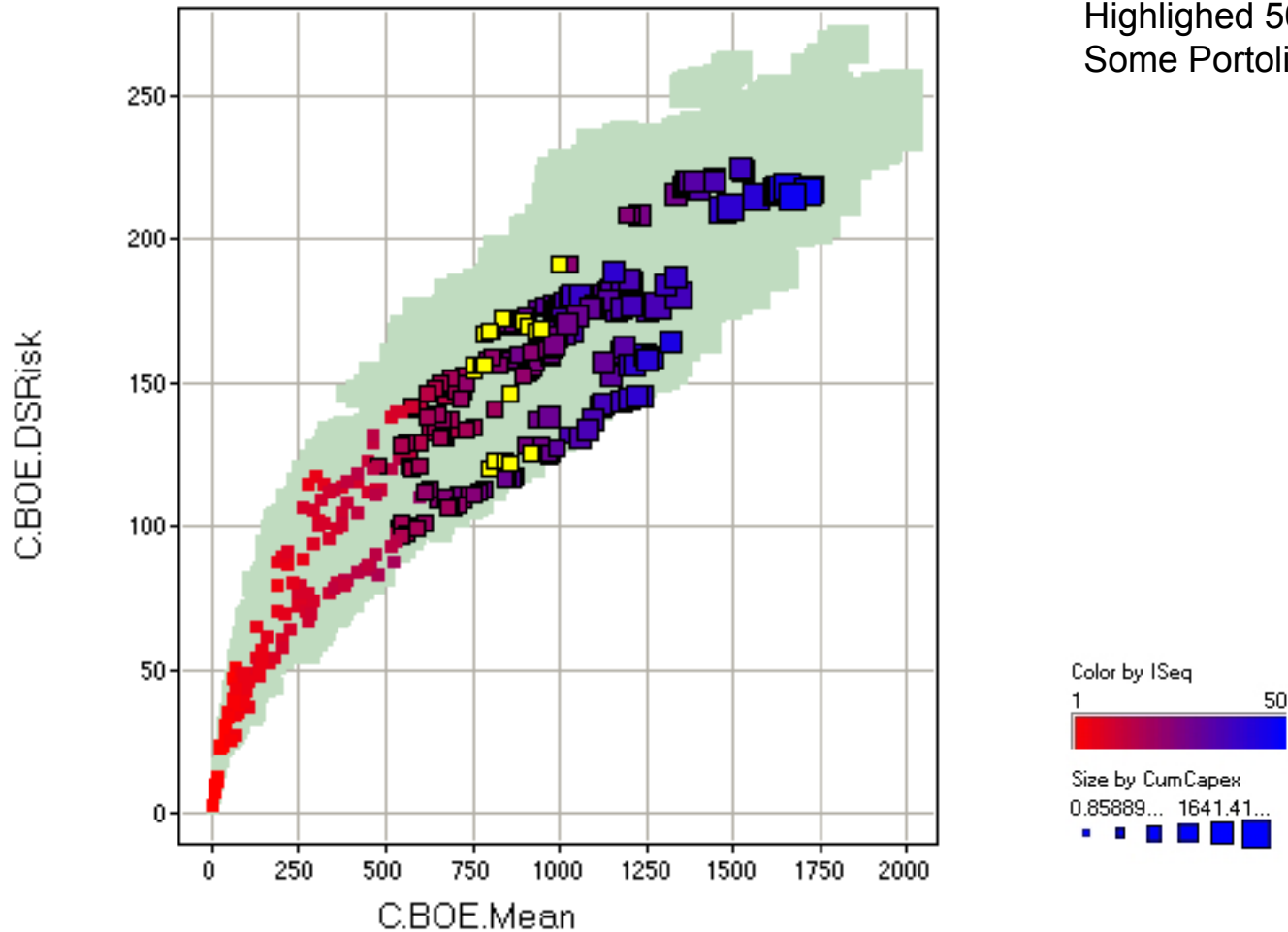
NPV Prob by Cumul Capex Trace 616



Some individual Portfolio Build Traces

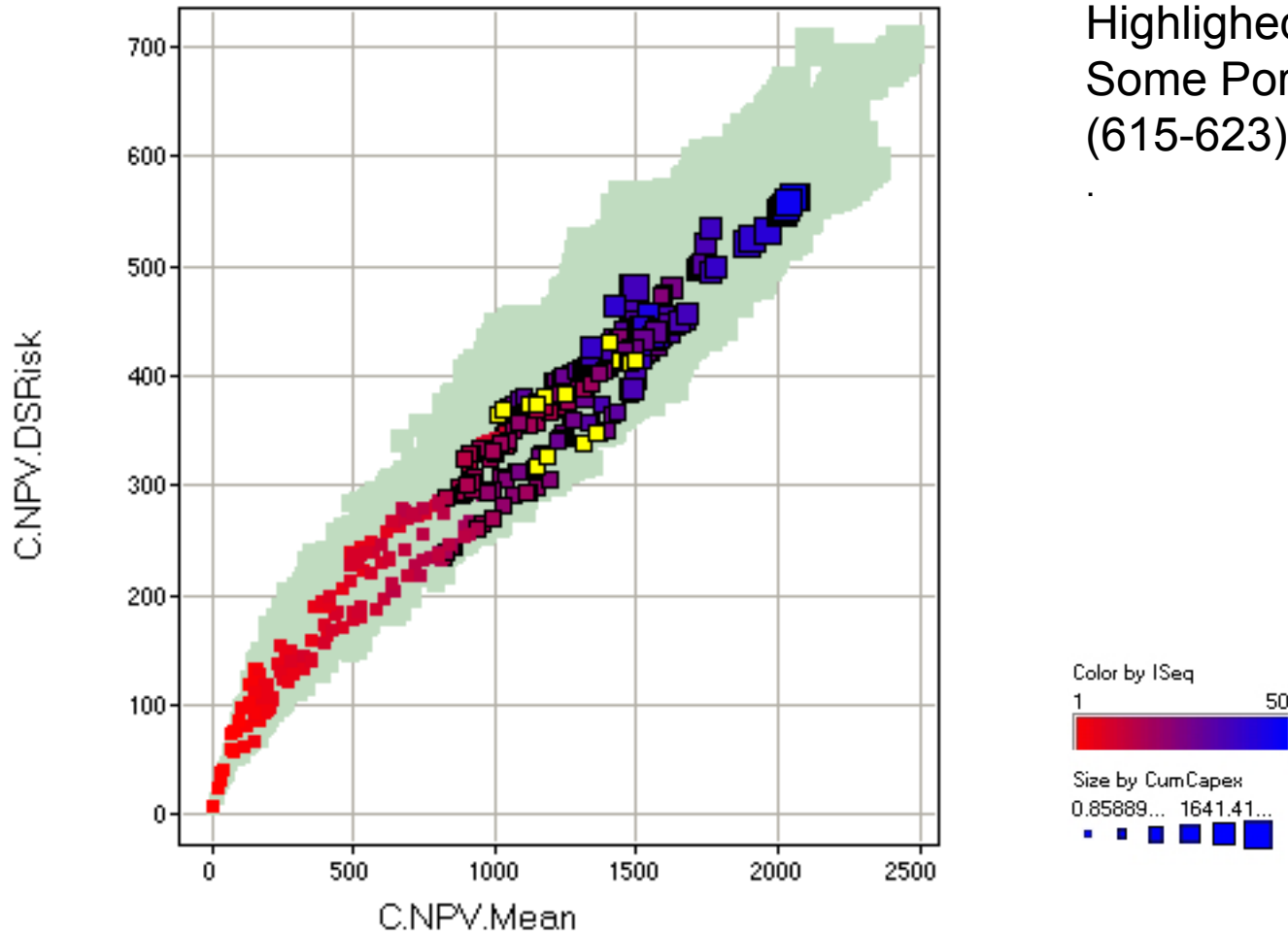


DS BOE



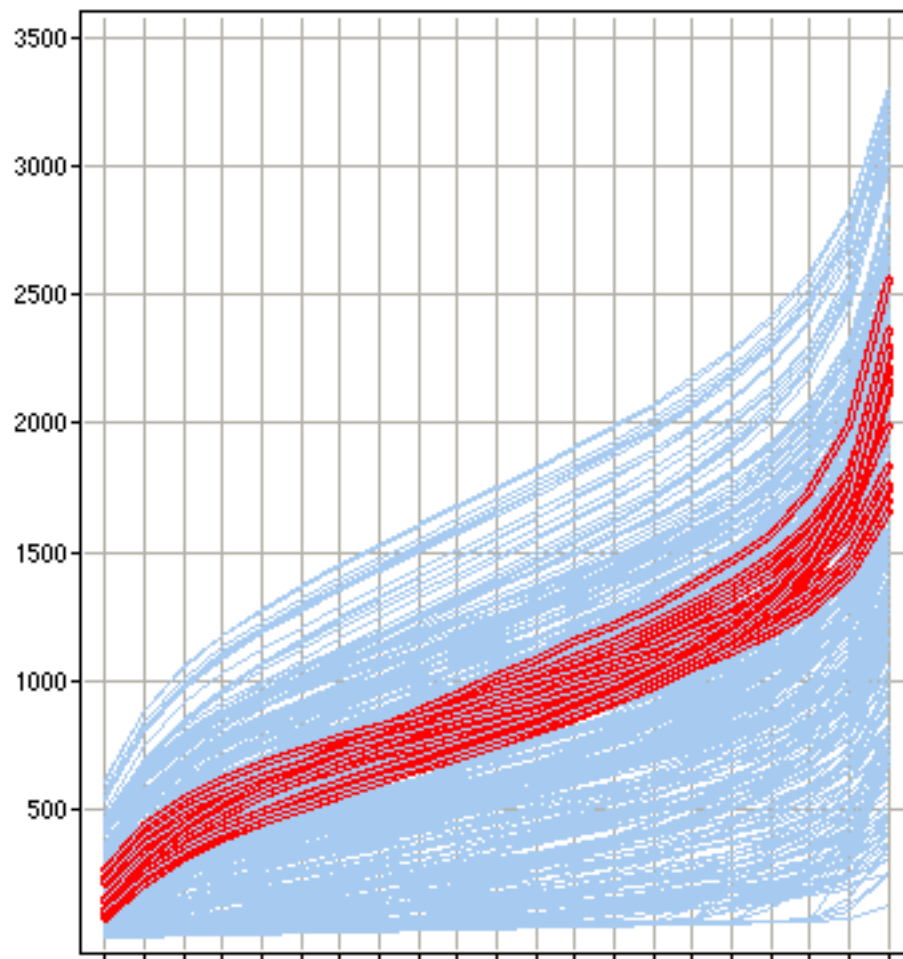
Highlighted 500 MM Capex.
Some Portfolio build traces (615-623)

DS NPV



Highlighted 500 MM Capex.
Some Portfolio build traces
(615-623)

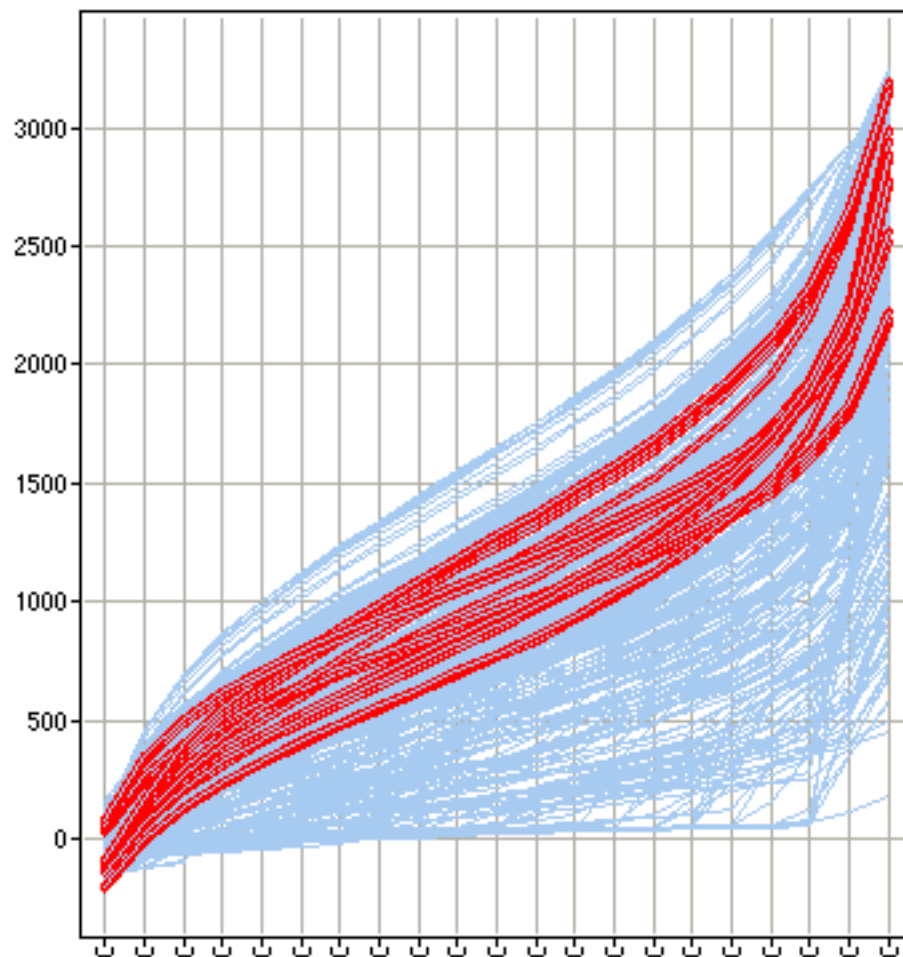
Profile Chart



Highlighted 500 MM Capex.
Some Portfolio build traces
(615-623)

All columns use the same scale.

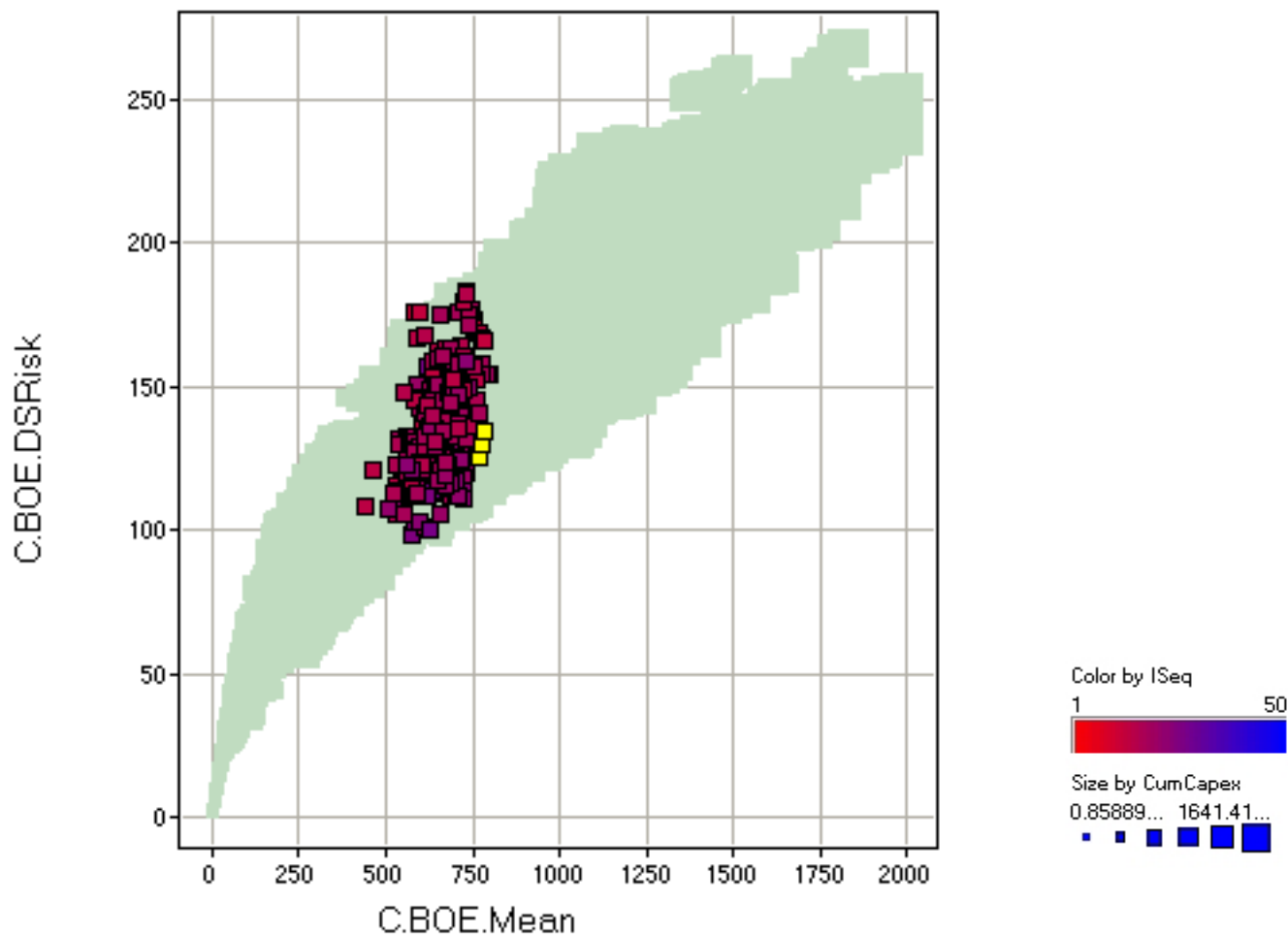
Profile Chart



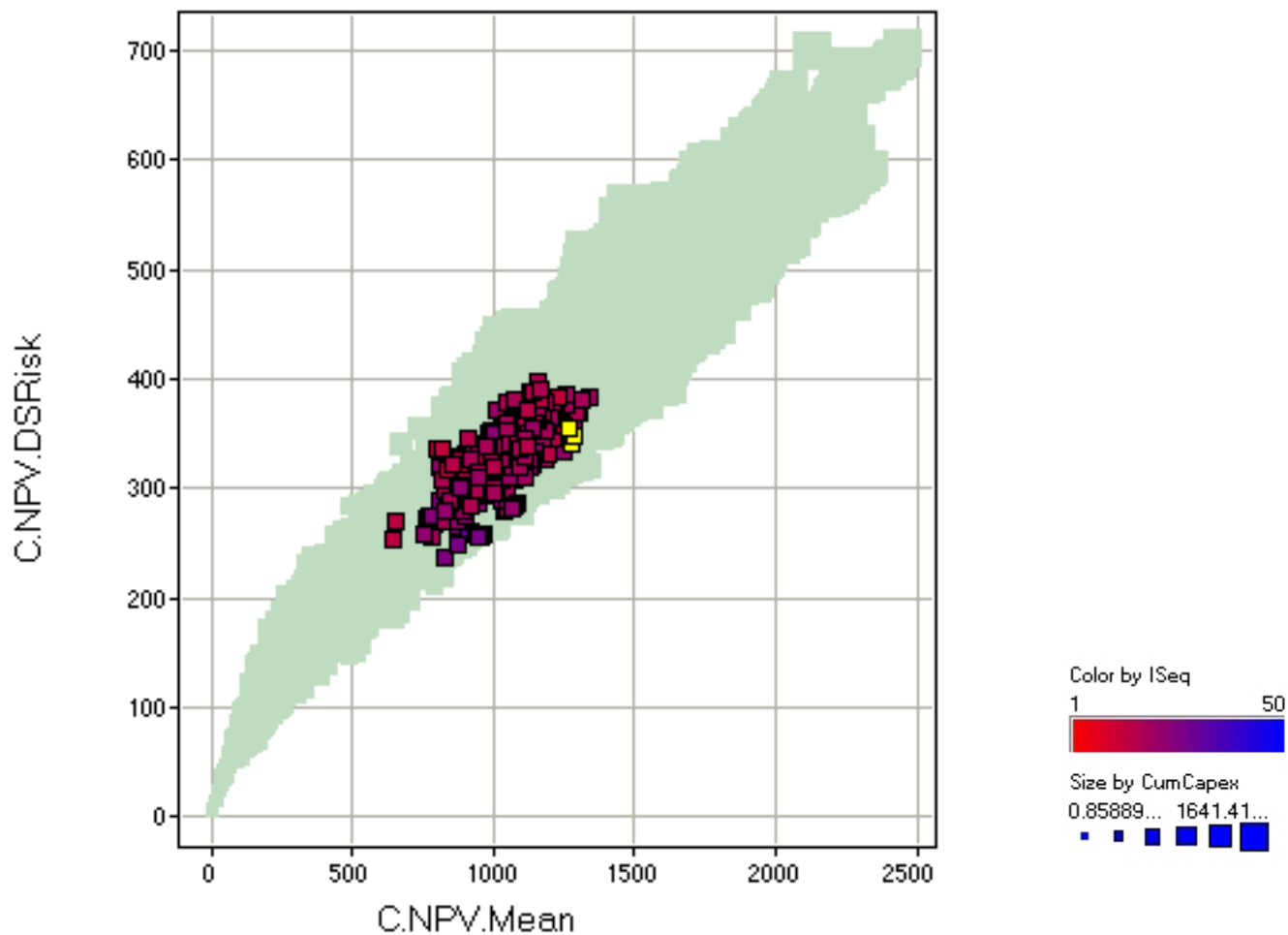
Highlighted 500 MM Capex.
Some Portfolio build traces
(615-623)

All columns use the same scale.

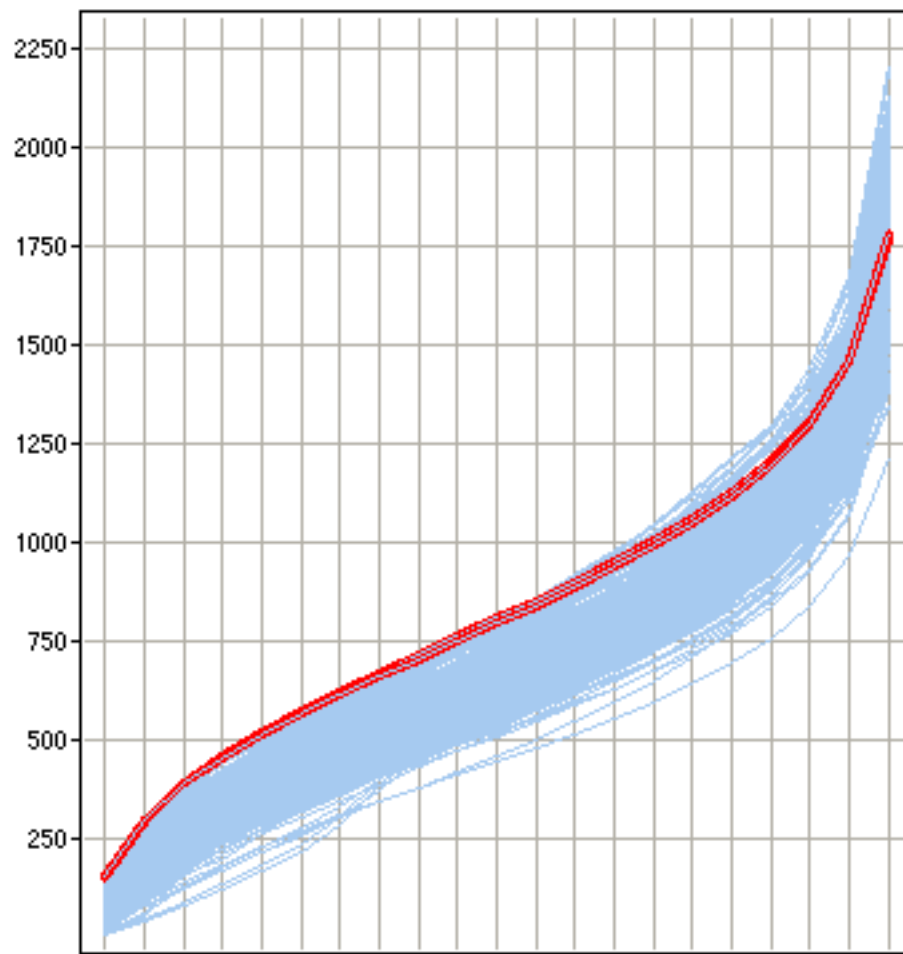
DS BOE



DS NPV

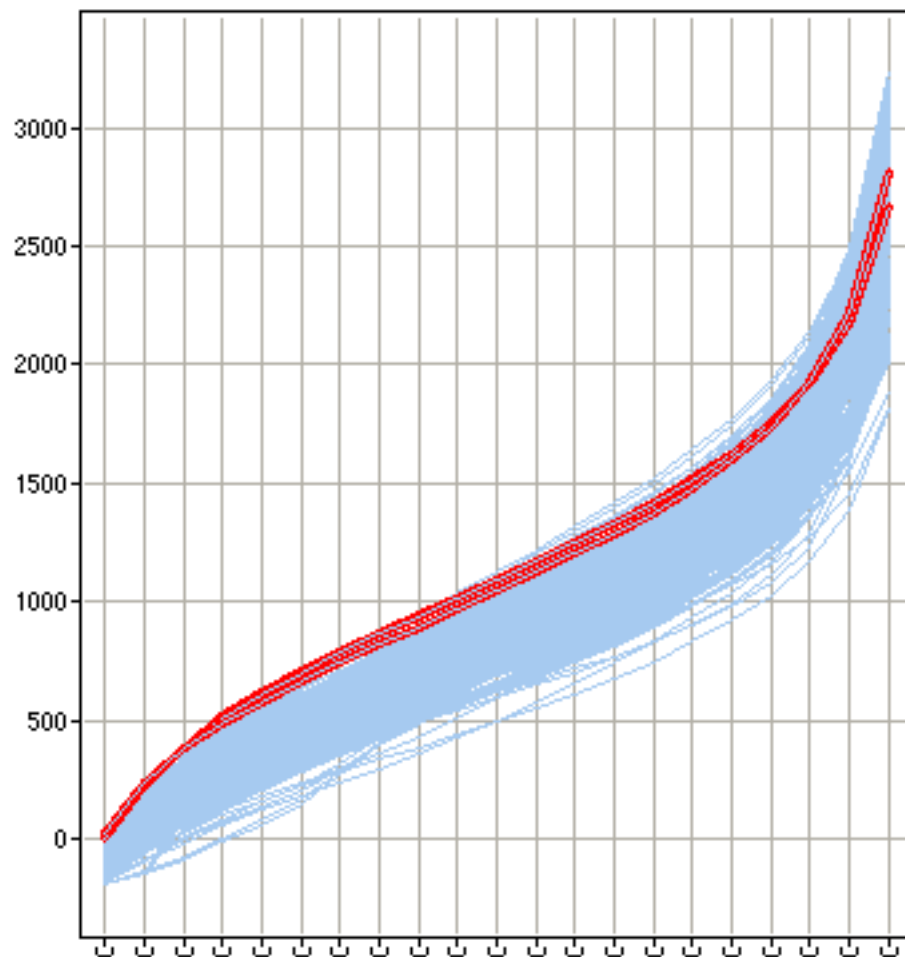


BOE Conf



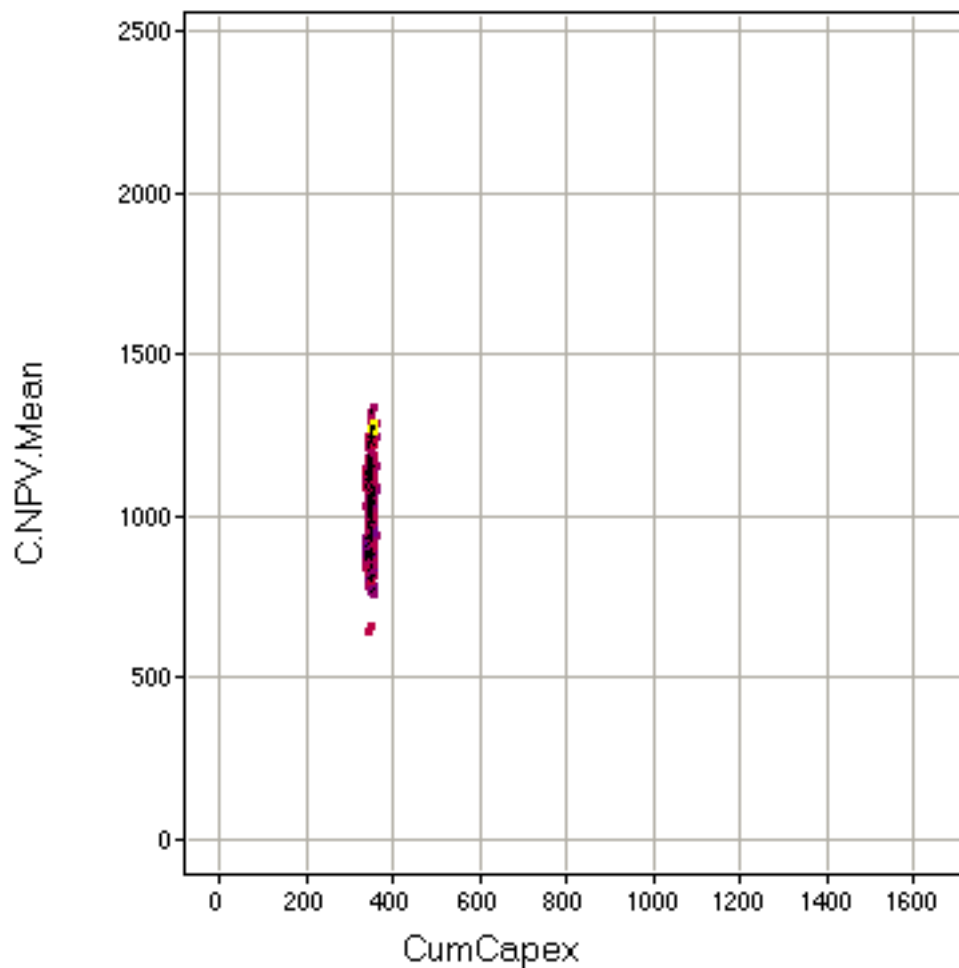
All columns use the same scale.

NPV Conf



All columns use the same scale.

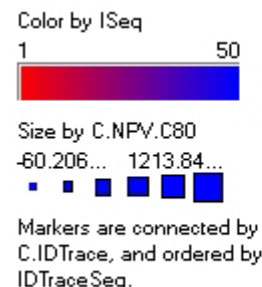
NPV vs Capex



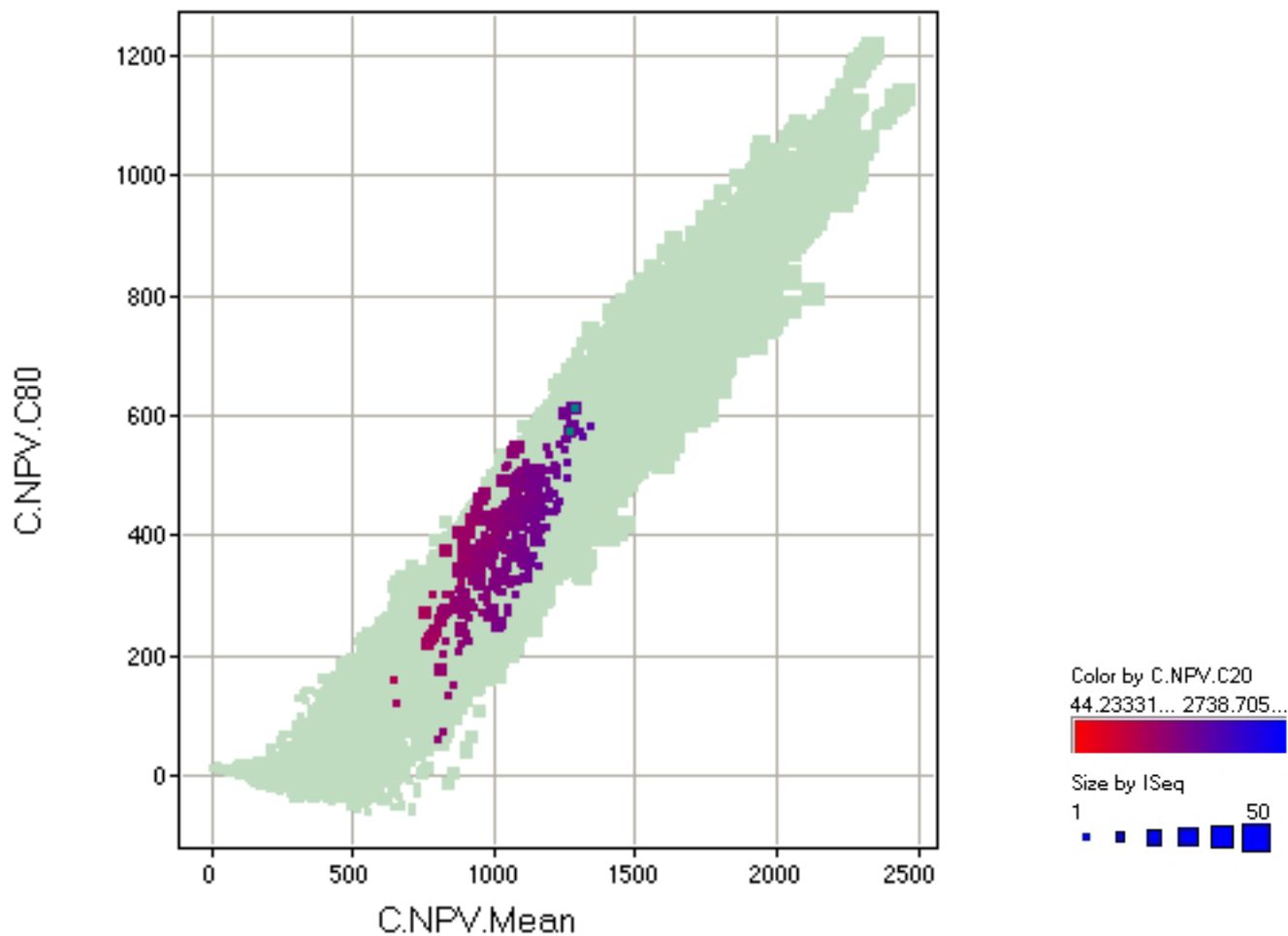
This may be a dumb looking chart, but it comes in very handy. It is the only thing to tell you the Capex range selected when you output to PowerPoint.

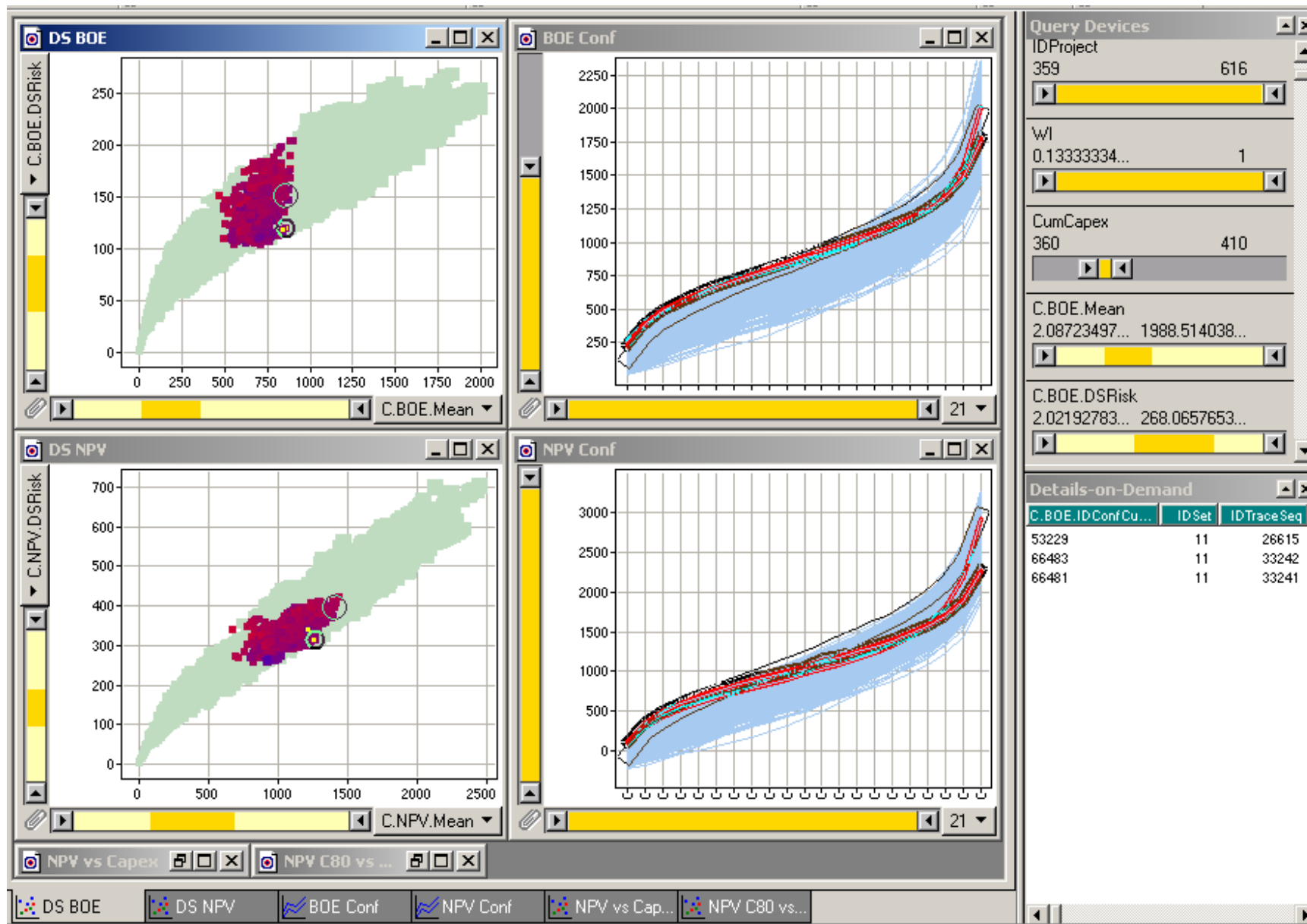
Note to Spotfire Developers: You should offer the option to output the SQL to PowerPoint as you do with a web page. It is far easier to delete a PPT object than to add notes later.

BTW: Kudos for the PowerPoint writer!!!!



NPV C80 vs Mean



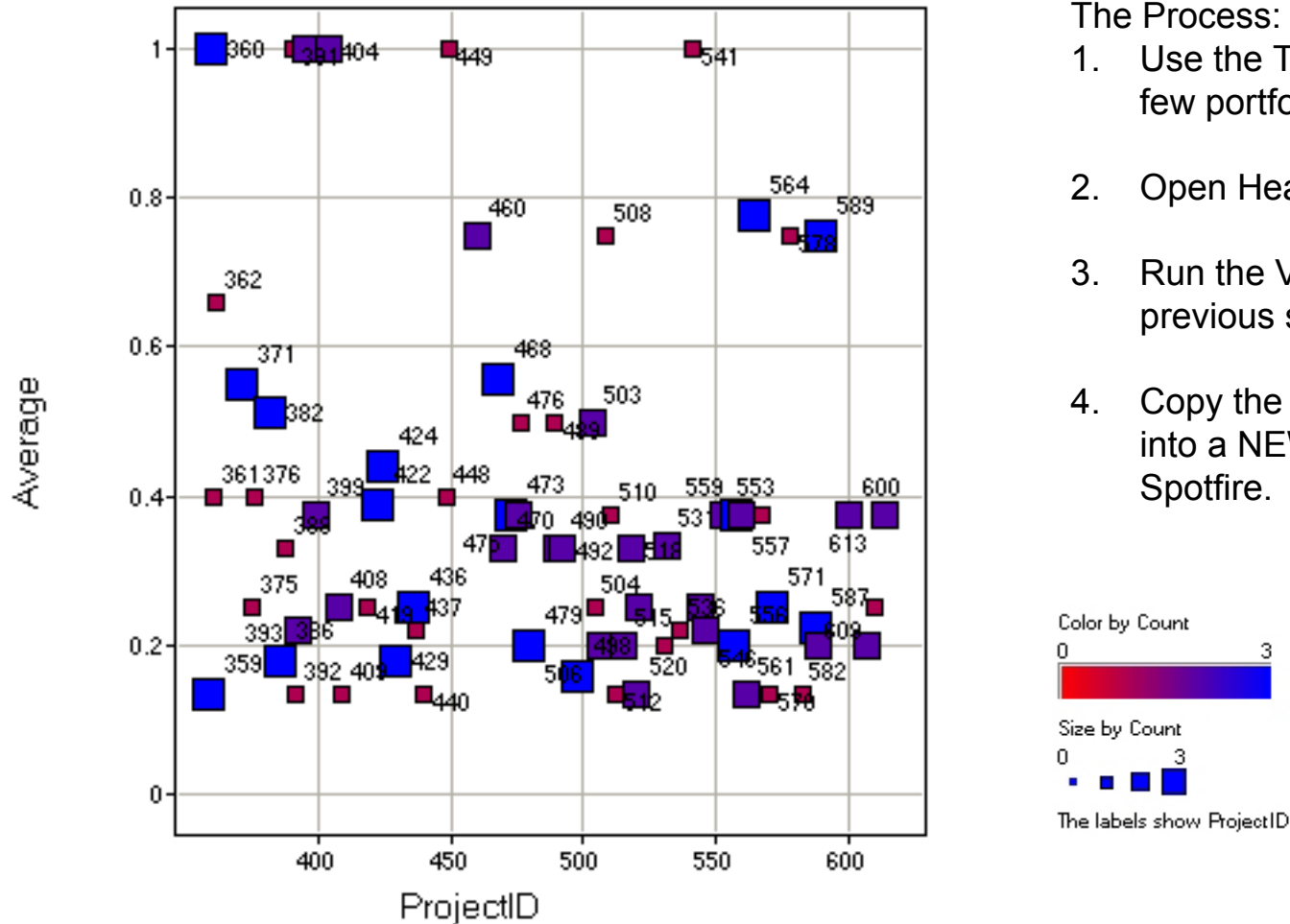


VBA to Summarize Marked Records of a Heat Map.

- Dim appSF As **Spotfire.Application**
- Dim shmH1 As **Spotfire.HeatMap**
- Dim svisCur As **Spotfire.Visualization**
- Dim hmc As **HeatMapColumn**
- Dim srec As **Spotfire.Record**
- Sub S00_main()
- S10_Get_AppSF
- Dim sum(1 To 1000, 3) As Single 'index2: 1: running sum, 2: count, 3: average
- Dim nHMcols As Integer
- Dim value As Variant
- Dim i As Integer
-
- Set svisCur = **appSF.ActiveVisualization**
- Set shmH1 = **svisCur.Views("HMProj")**
- nHMcols = **shmH1.Columns.count**
-
-

- For Each srec In **svisCur.MarkedRecords**
- If **srec.Marked** = True Then
- i = 0
- For Each hmc In **shmH1.Columns**
- i = i + 1
- value = **srec.Field(hmc.Column)**
- If IsNull(value) Then
- Else
- sum(i, 1) = sum(i, 1) + value
- sum(i, 2) = sum(i, 2) + 1
- End If
- Next
- End If
- Next
- For i = 1 To nHMcols
- If sum(i, 2) > 0 Then
- sum(i, 3) = sum(i, 1) / sum(i, 2)
- Else
- sum(i, 3) = 0
- End If
- With ActiveWorkbook.ActiveSheet
- .Cells(5 + i, 1).value = **svisCur.Records.Columns(shmH1.Columns(i).Column).Name**
- .Cells(5 + i, 2).value = sum(i, 1)
- .Cells(5 + i, 3) = sum(i, 2)
- .Cells(5 + i, 4) = sum(i, 3)
- End With
- Next
- End Sub

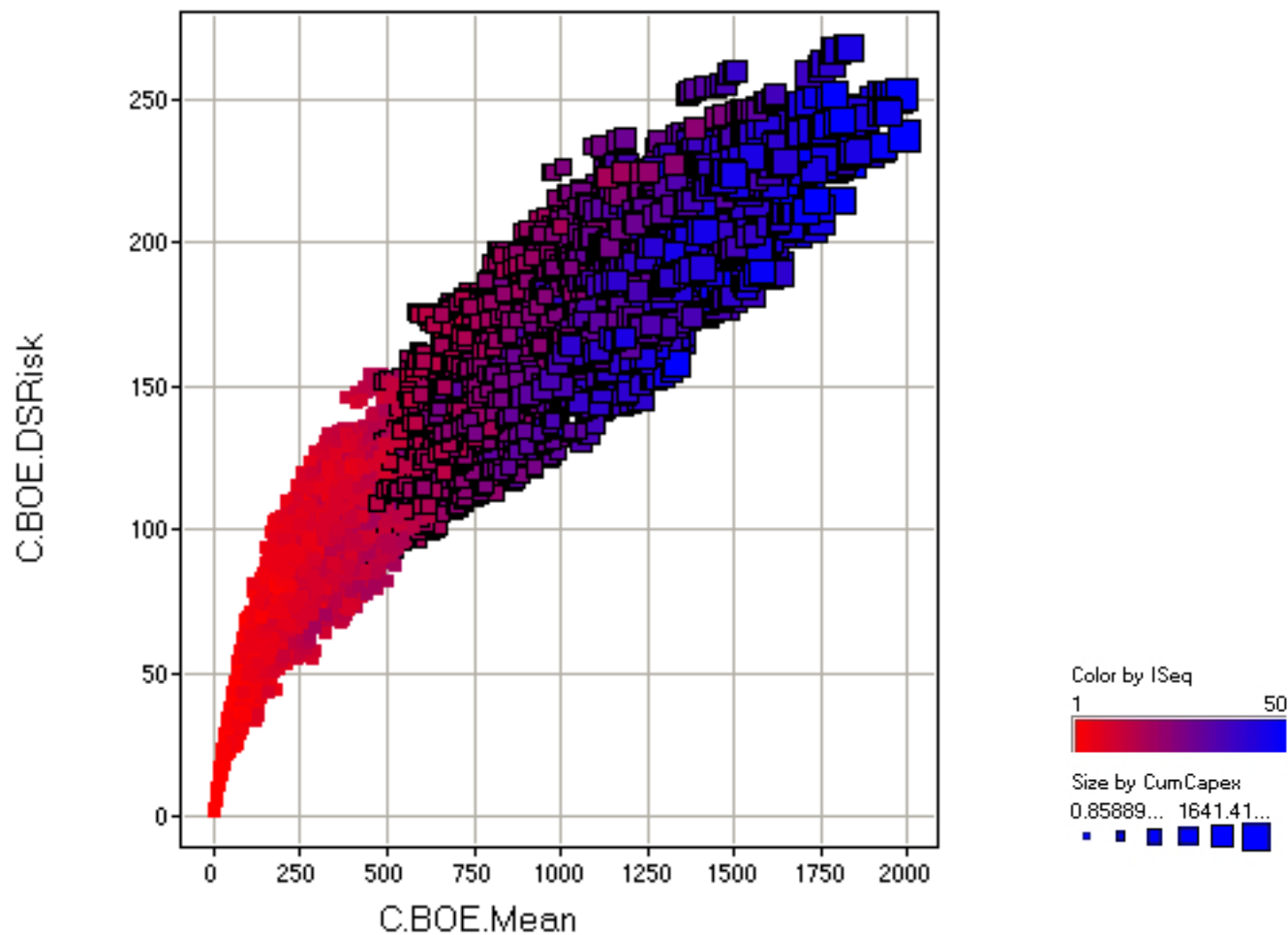
The Projects, and how many times selected in the marked portfolios and at what average working interest.

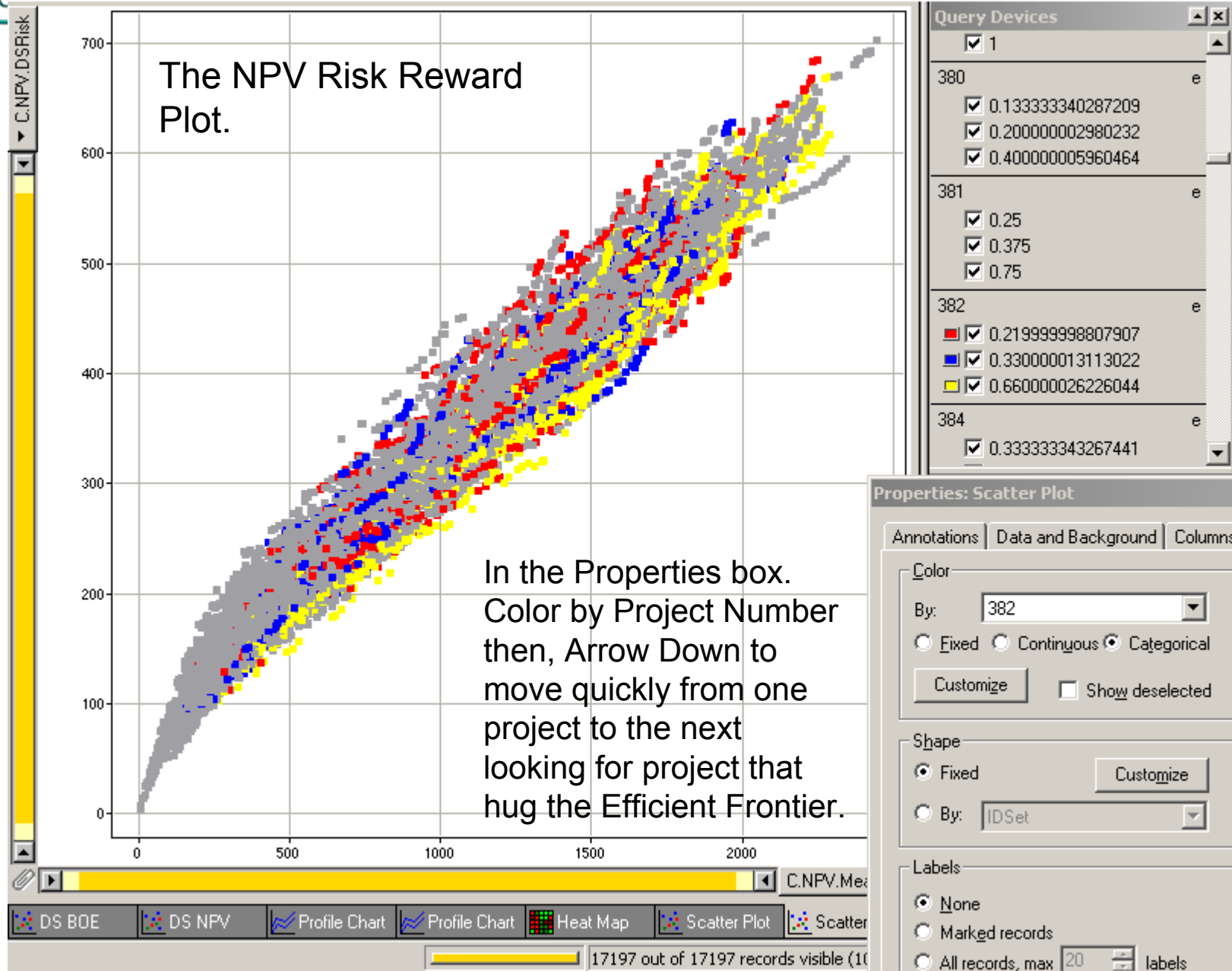


The Process:

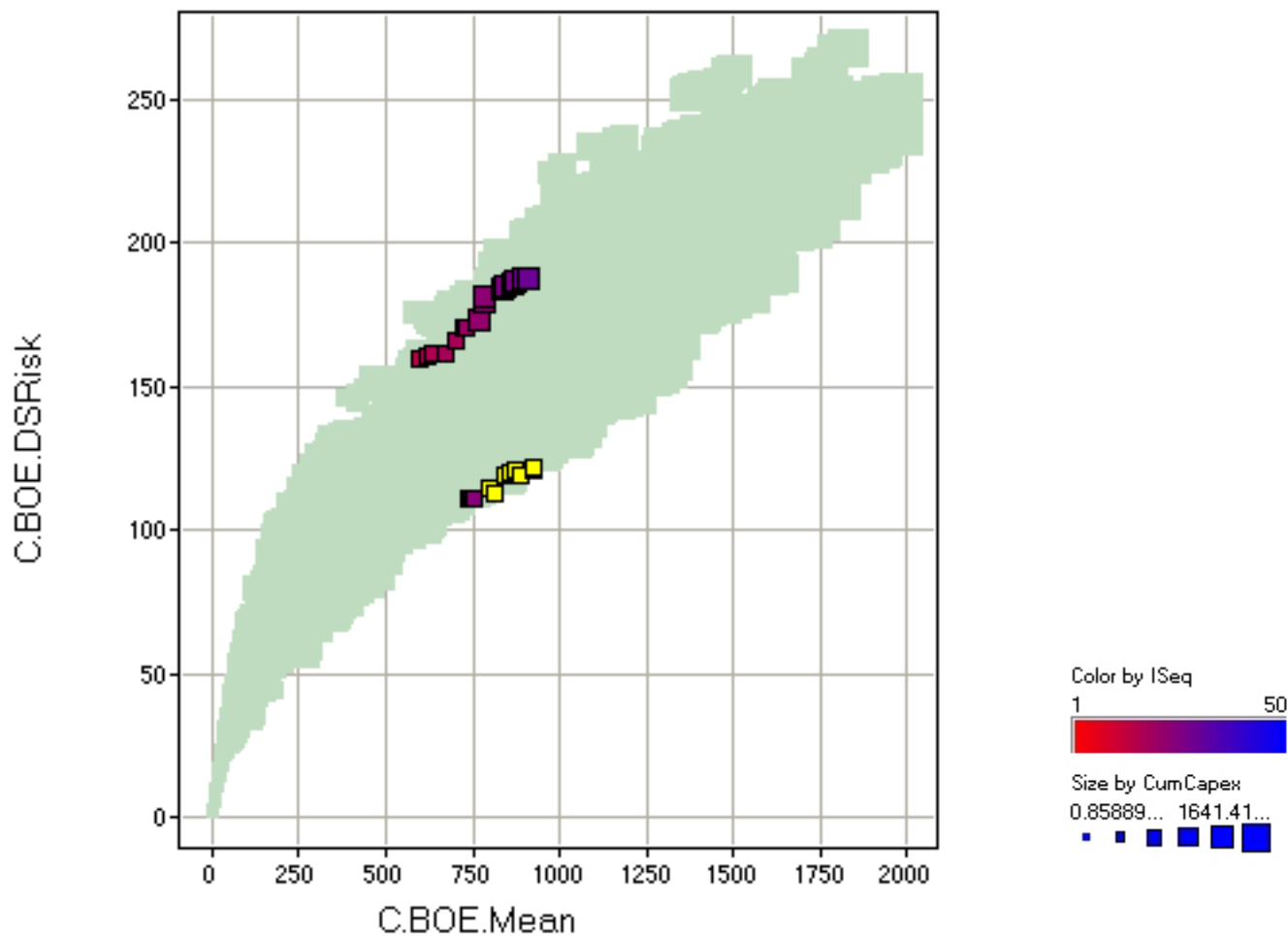
1. Use the T1D5 template to pick a few portfolio points of interest.
2. Open HeatMapReader.xls.
3. Run the VBA macro (from the previous slide).
4. Copy the output cells and paste into a NEW INSTANCE of Spotfire.

DS BOE

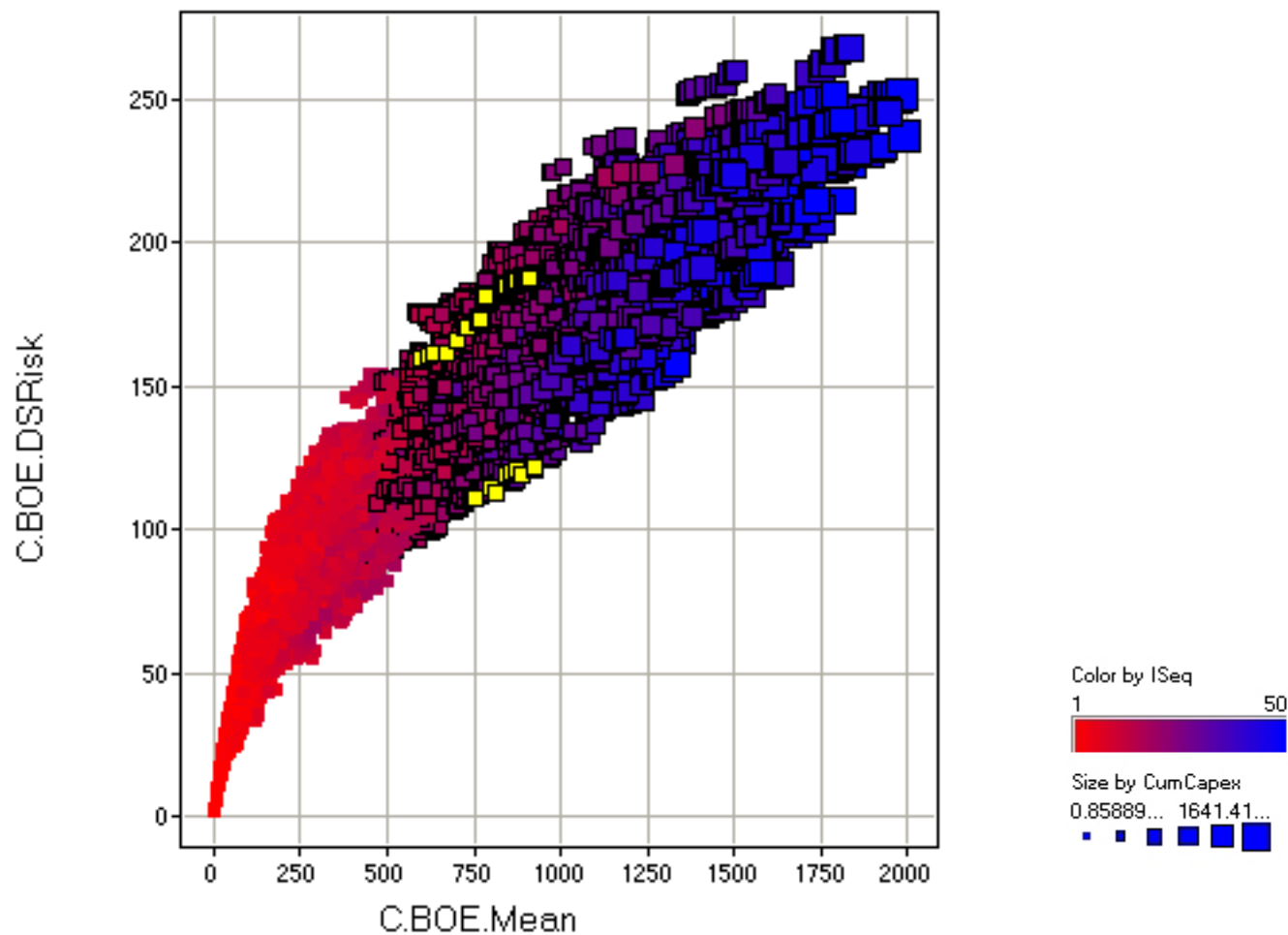




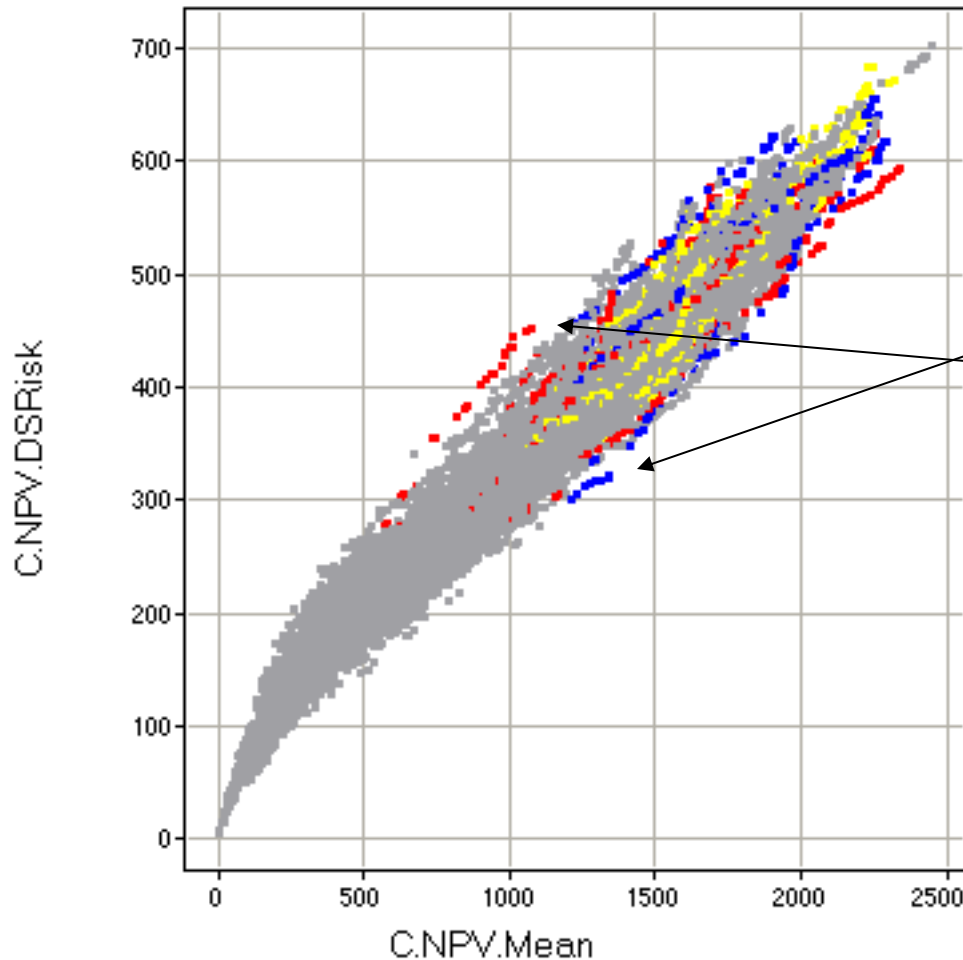
DS BOE



DS BOE



DS NPV - Color by WI of 1 Project (386)



Here we see the portfolios highlighted by funding levels of Project 386.

This project is in both efficient and very inefficient portfolios.

In the inefficient portfolio, there are OTHER projects making it inefficient.

Color by 386

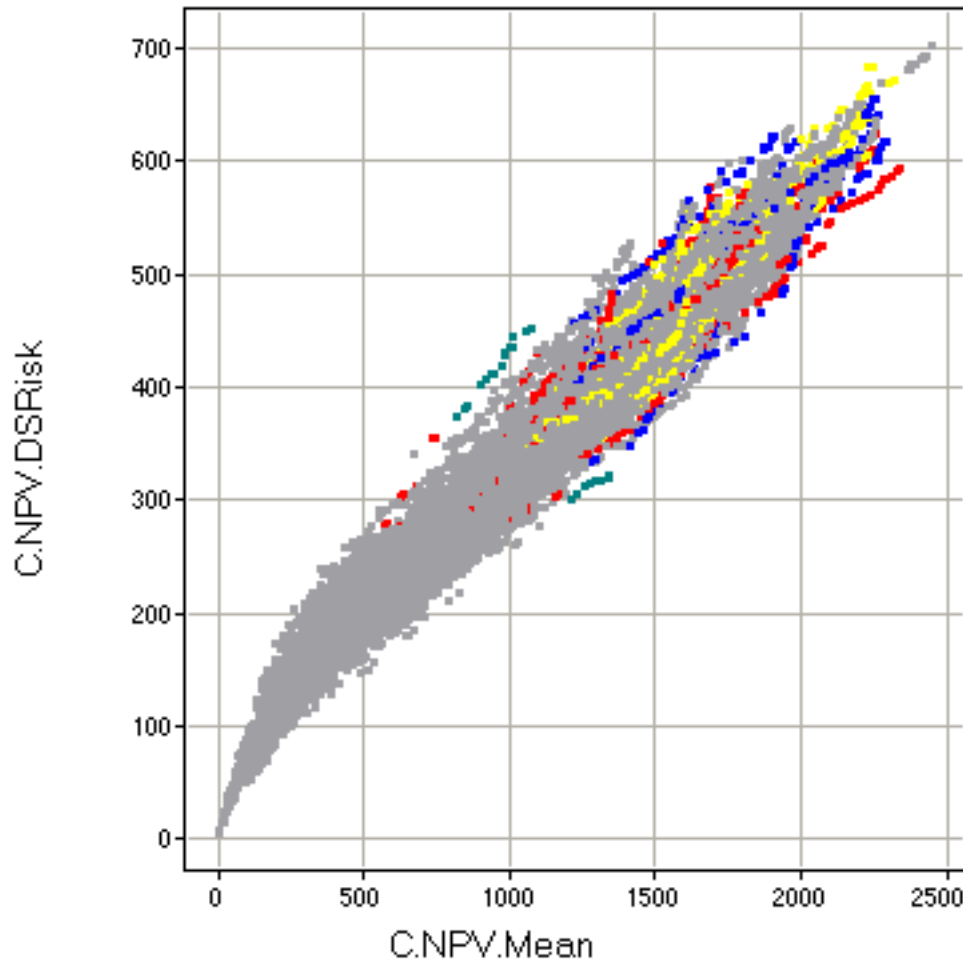
0.133333340287209

0.200000002980232

0.400000005960464

(Empty)

DS NPV - Color by WI of 1 Project (386)



Here we see the portfolios highlighted by funding levels of Project 386.

Highlight the good and bad.
Create a new column on
Marked Records
"386Difference"

Select only
386Difference = yes
View the Heat map.

Color by 386

0.133333340287209

0.200000002980232

0.400000005960464

(Empty)

Heat Map

Candidates for Poor performing Projects

More

Look for differences in the project selections.

The longer the stripe, the earlier the project is picked in the Portfolio Trace

Inefficient Points

Efficient Points without 386 caught up in the selection

Efficient Points

Order by 386Difference

386

View the Portfolio Confidence Curves and Portfolio Flow Data (Production, Devel Capex, CFAT, NIAT, CapEmpl) on a Risked Basis

- T1F6 Query: Confidence Curves (MMBOE, NPV) and Portfolio Flow data (Years 2003 through 2012)

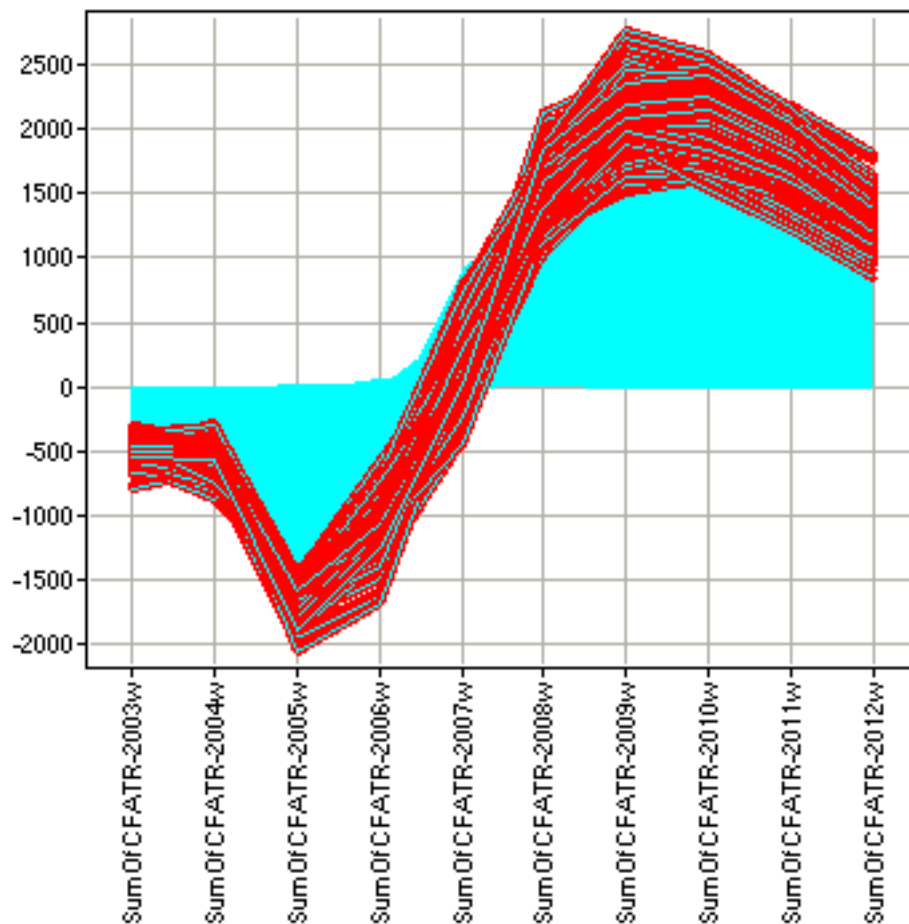
		LineItem and Year
Set	Trace	TraceSeq, CumulCapex, Conf Curves (MMOBE, NPV) DevCap03,DevCap04, ...DevCap12,ProdOil03.... All on one line
	Trace	TraceSeq, CumulCapex, Conf Curves (MMOBE, NPV) DevCap03,DevCap04, ...DevCap12,ProdOil03.... All on one line

1 to 4 Sets, 100-400 Traces per Set, 20-50 Portfolio per Trace.
2000-80000 records, 175 columns.

16000 records in about 2:00 minutes (PIV 2.4 GH) Access 2002

The trick is that at each TraceSeq, you must sum the Risked Flows from all funded Projects (times their Working interests) at each Portfolio Point (TraceSeq record)

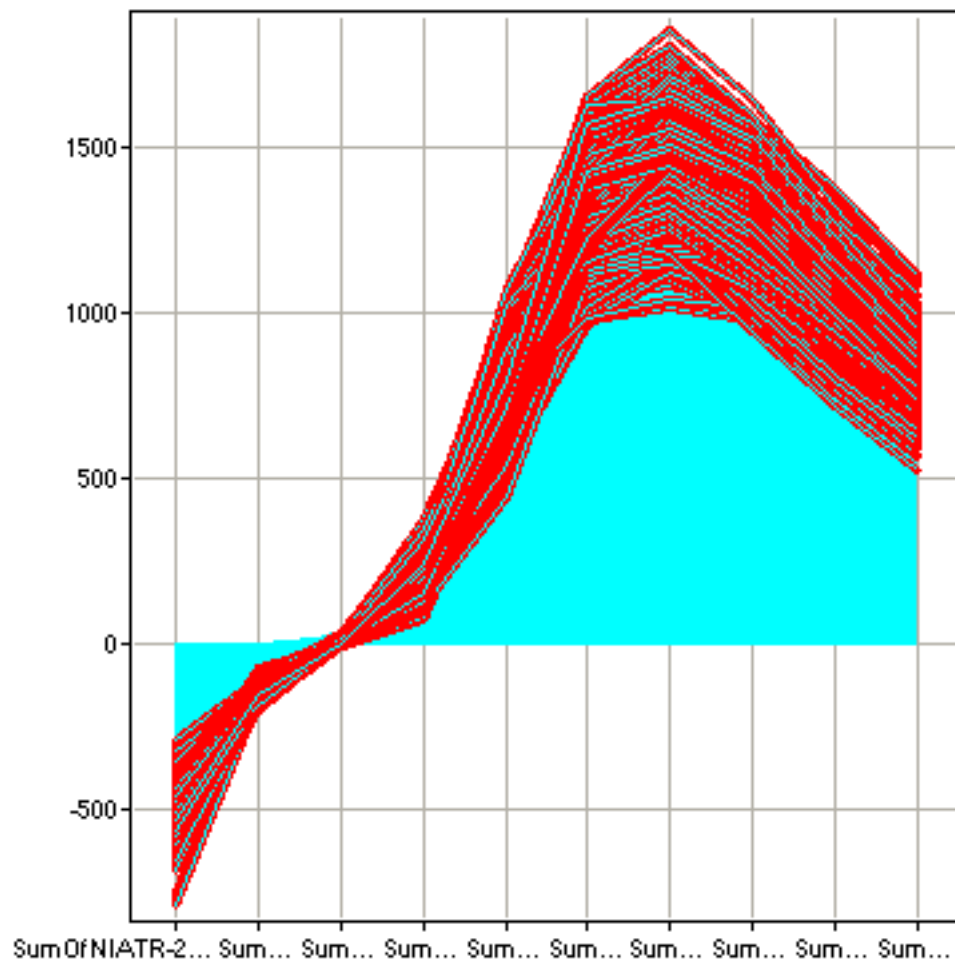
Cash Flow After Tax Line Chart (T1F6)



We highlight all portfolios that exceed a mean expected \$1.4 Billion negative cash flow in any year.

All columns use the same scale.

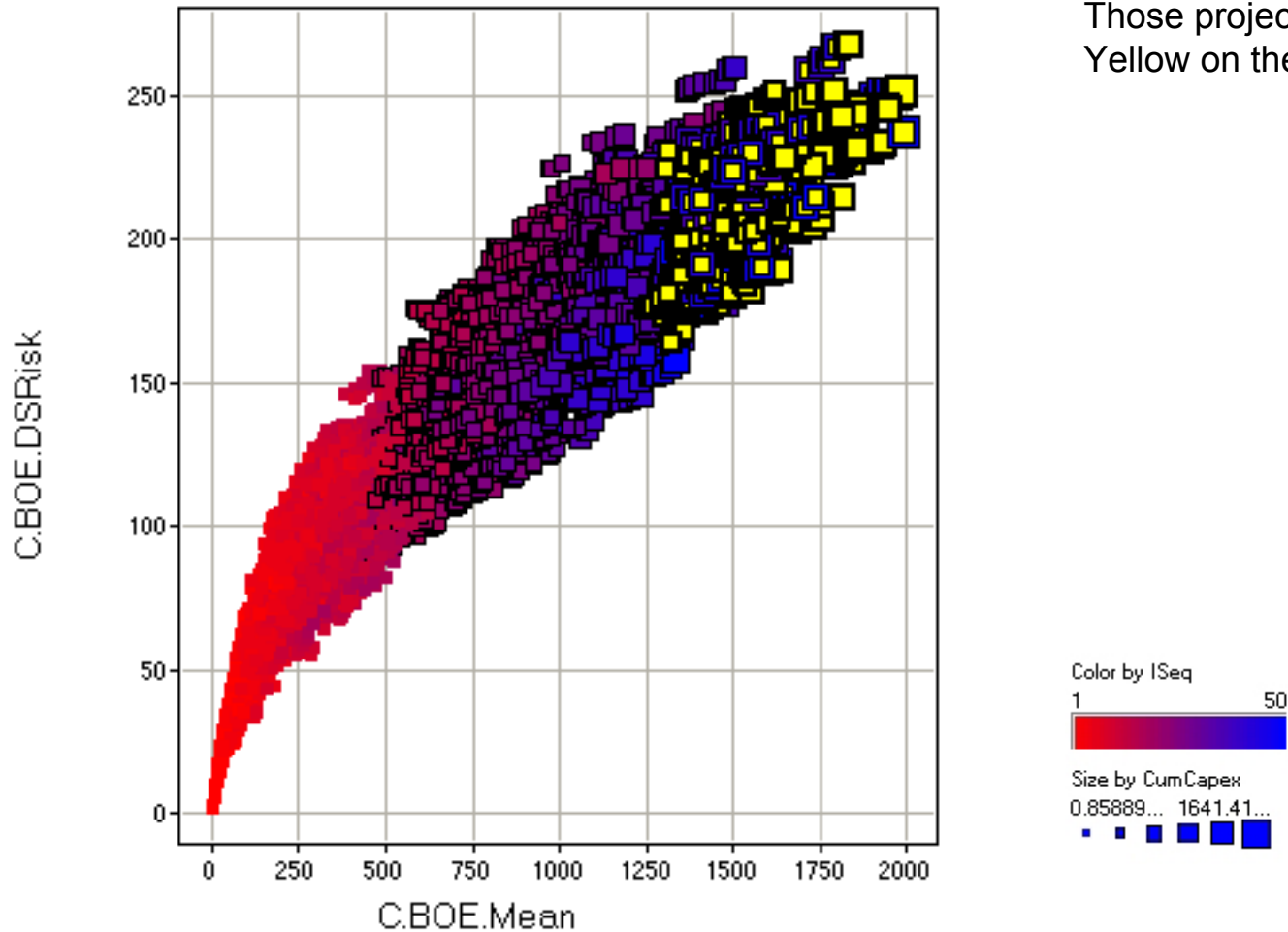
NIAT by Year Line Chart



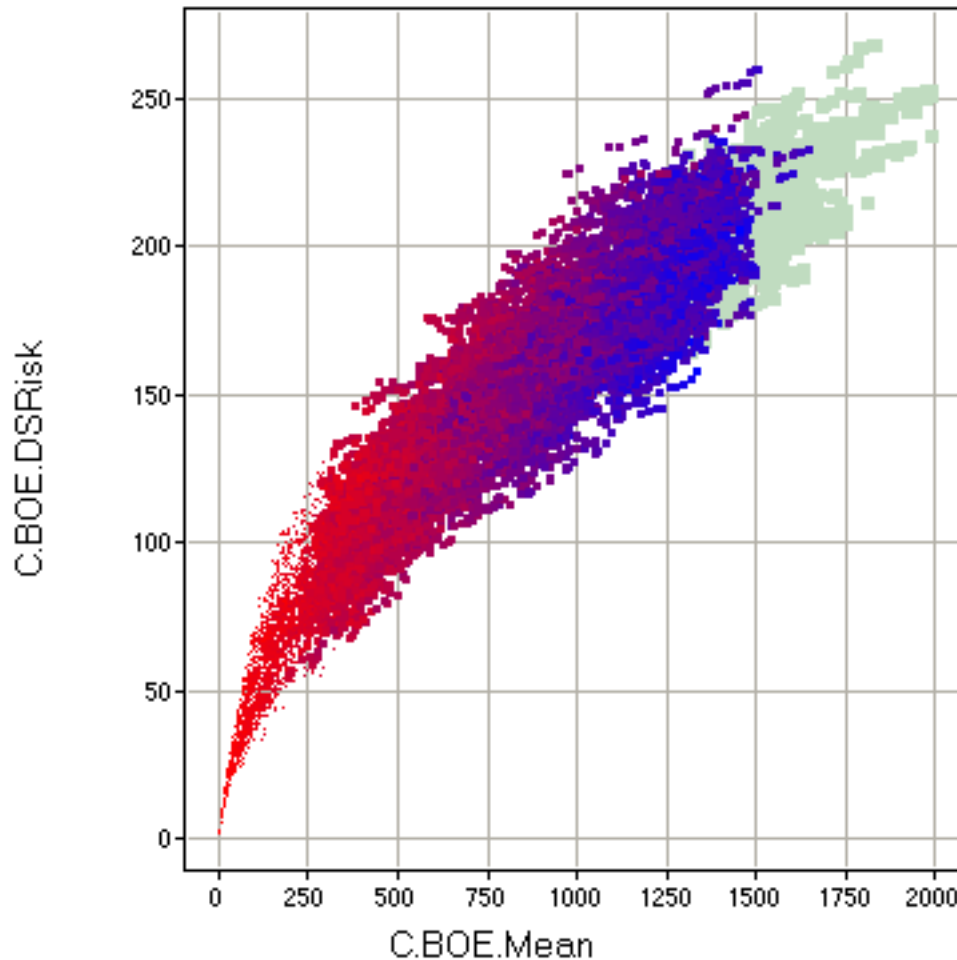
The projects we selected are, surprise, surprise, the project that have the highest earnings in the production years.

All columns use the same scale.

DS BOE Risk / Reward

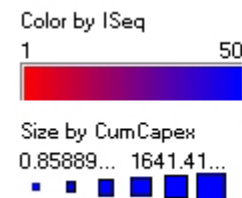


DS BOE Risk / Reward

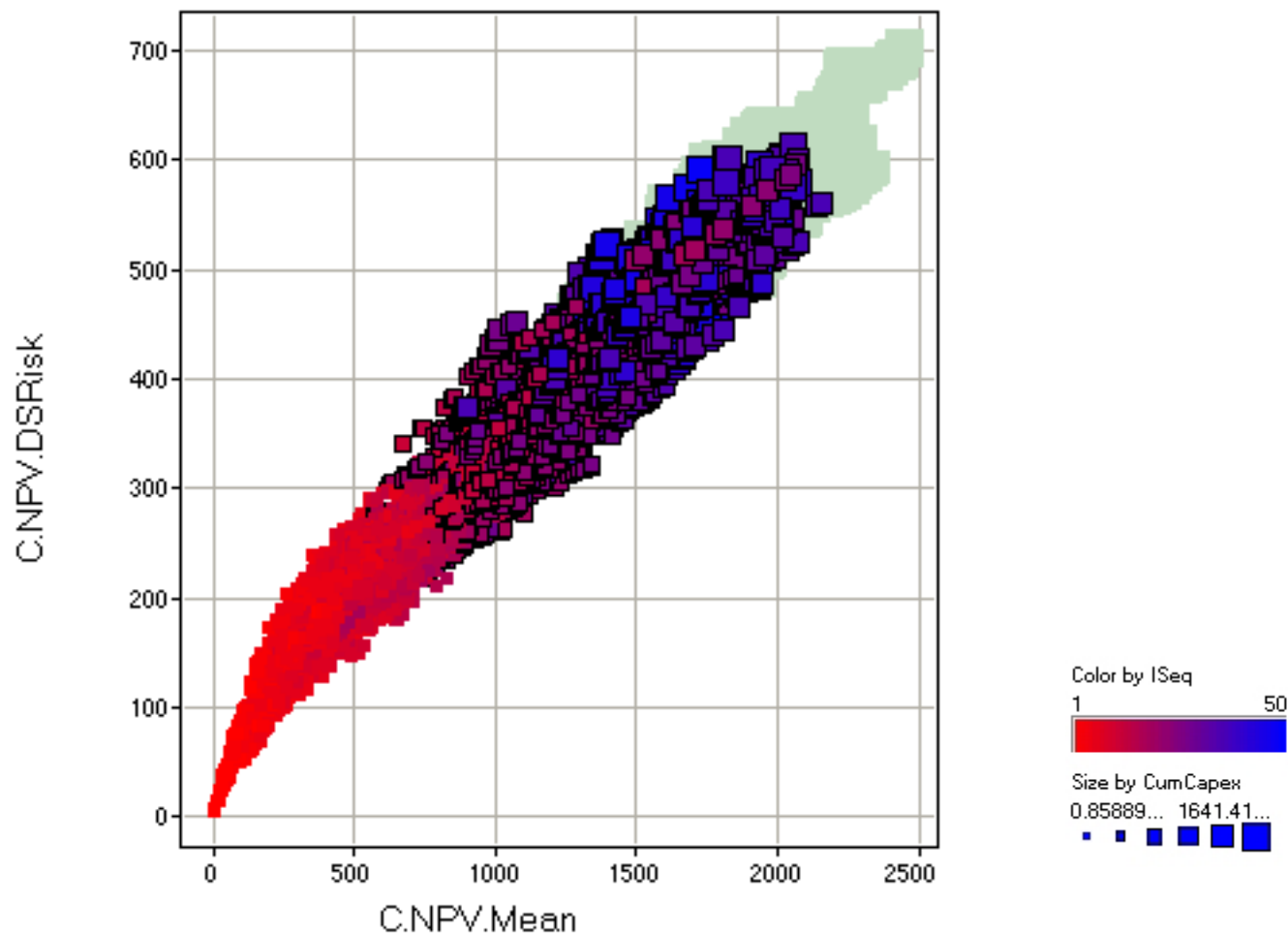


We mark the records selected.
Then turn them off.

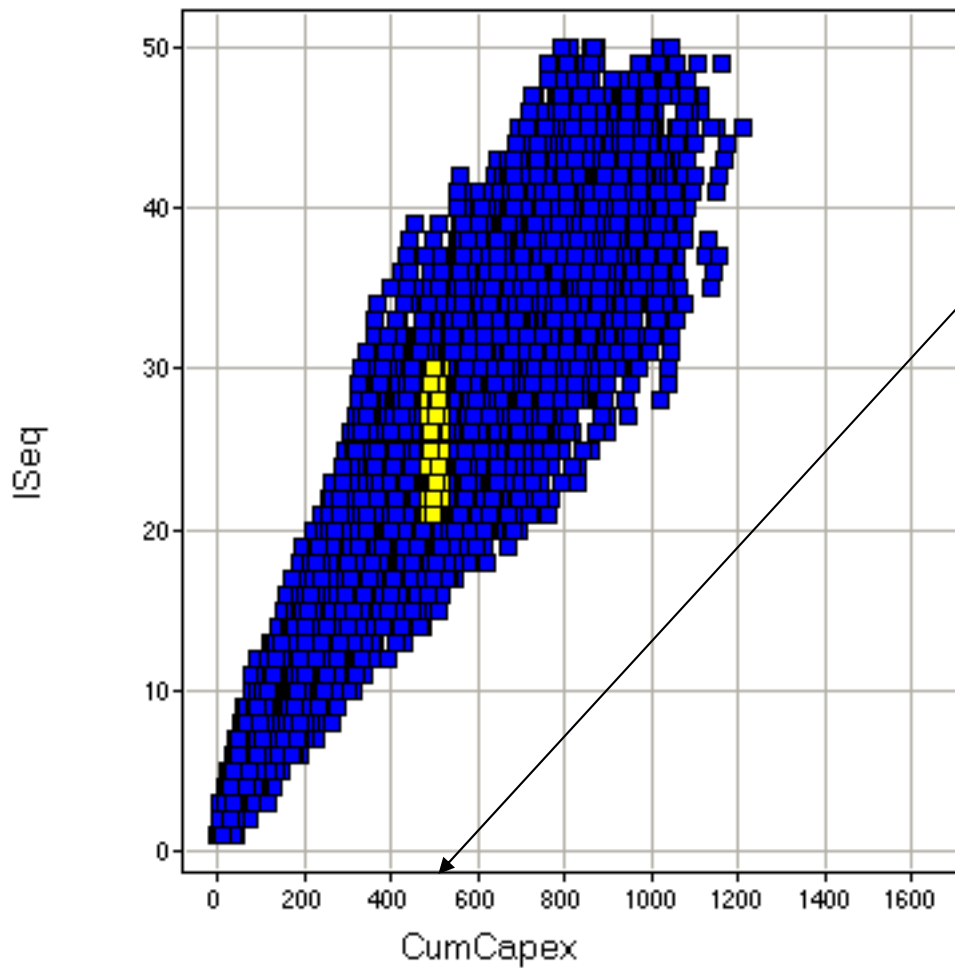
The portfolios that remain stay within
the \$1.4 Billion negative Risk Cash
Flow restriction.



DS NPV Risk / Reward



Scatter Plot Sequence Number vs Cum Capex

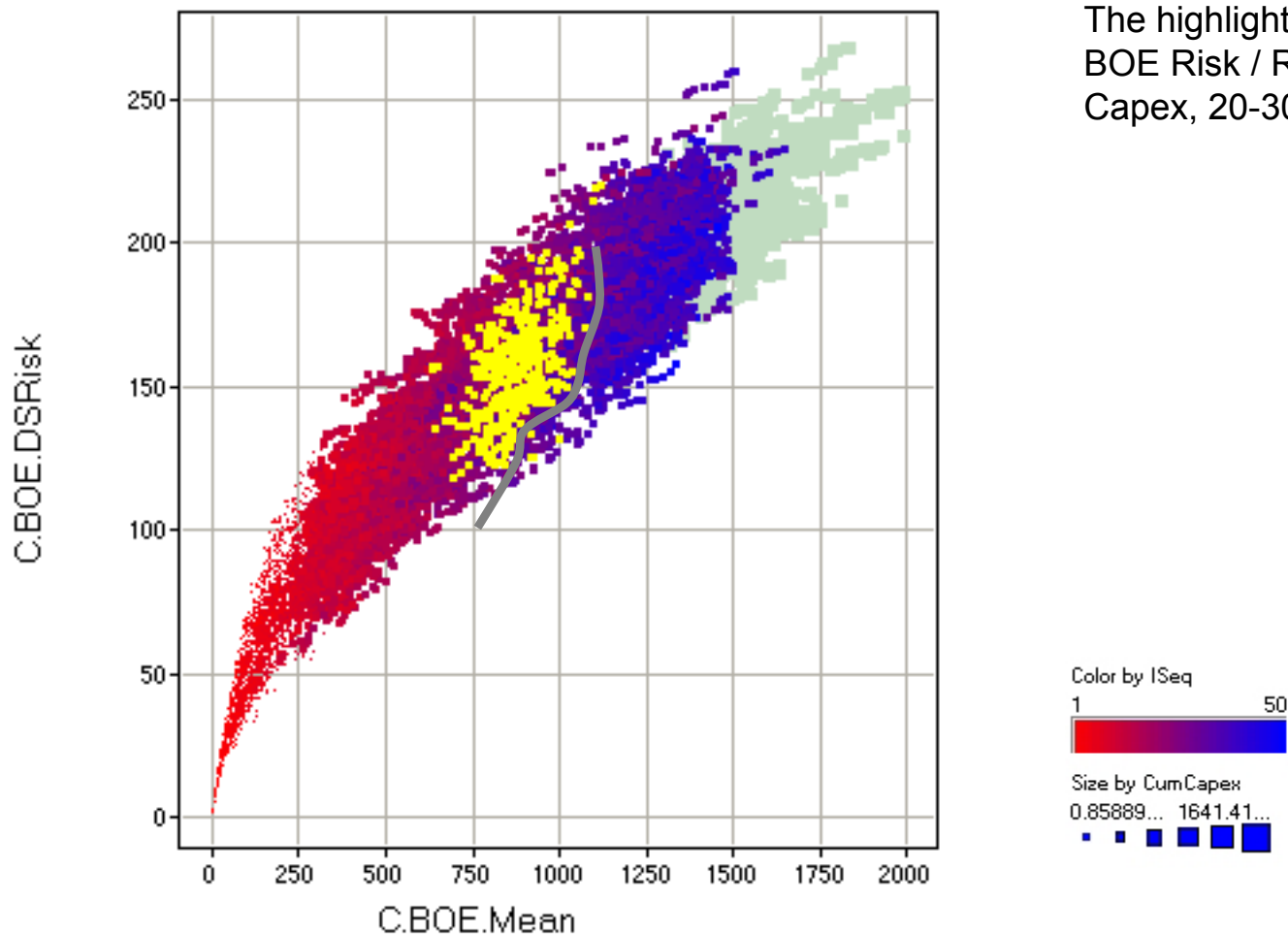


Let's look at the remaining portfolios that we fund at

About \$500 Capex and

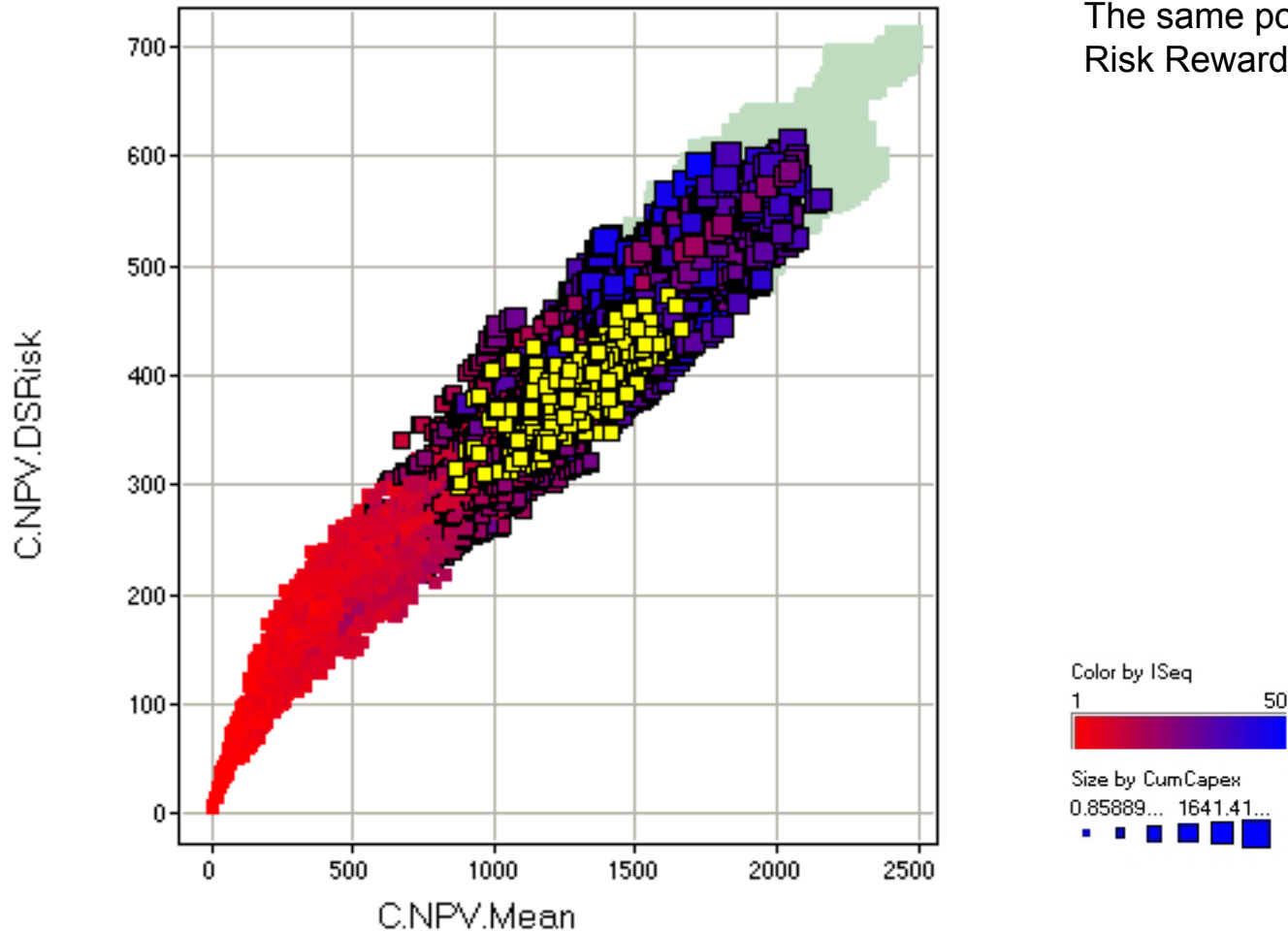
20 to 30 Projects
(because there are limits to the number of projects we can manage with our available staff)

DS BOE

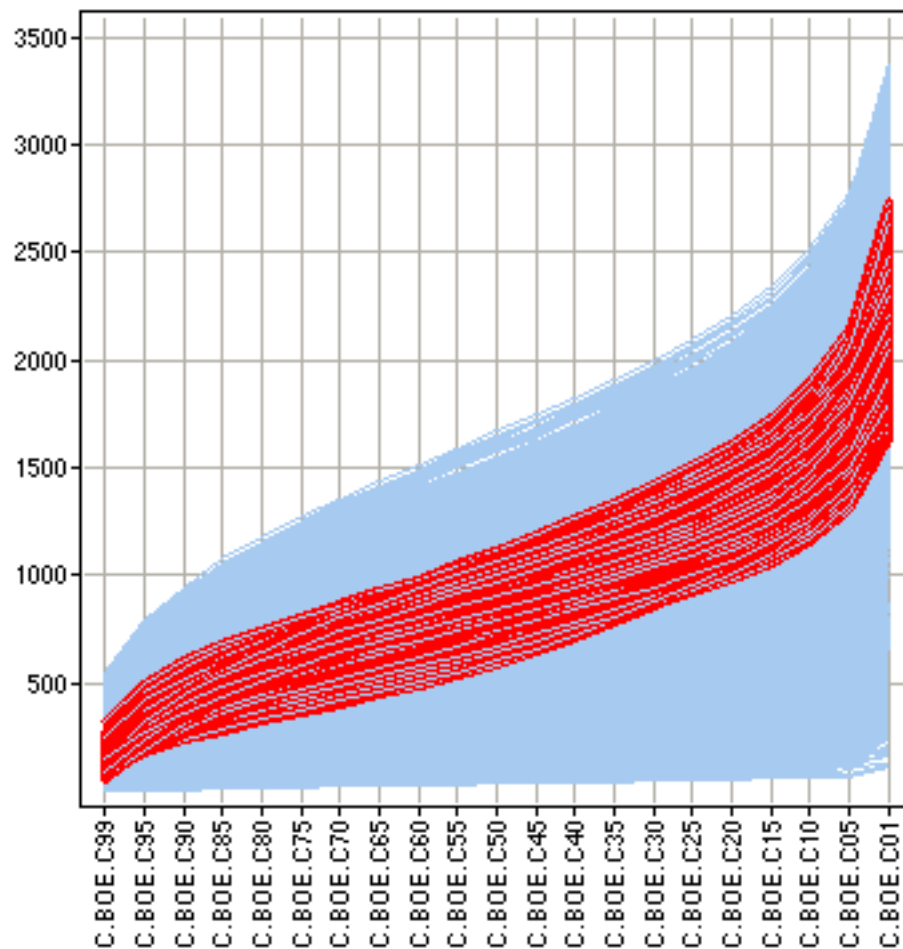


The highlighted portfolios in the this BOE Risk / Reward abide by the \$500 Capex, 20-30 project limit.

DS NPV Risk/Reward

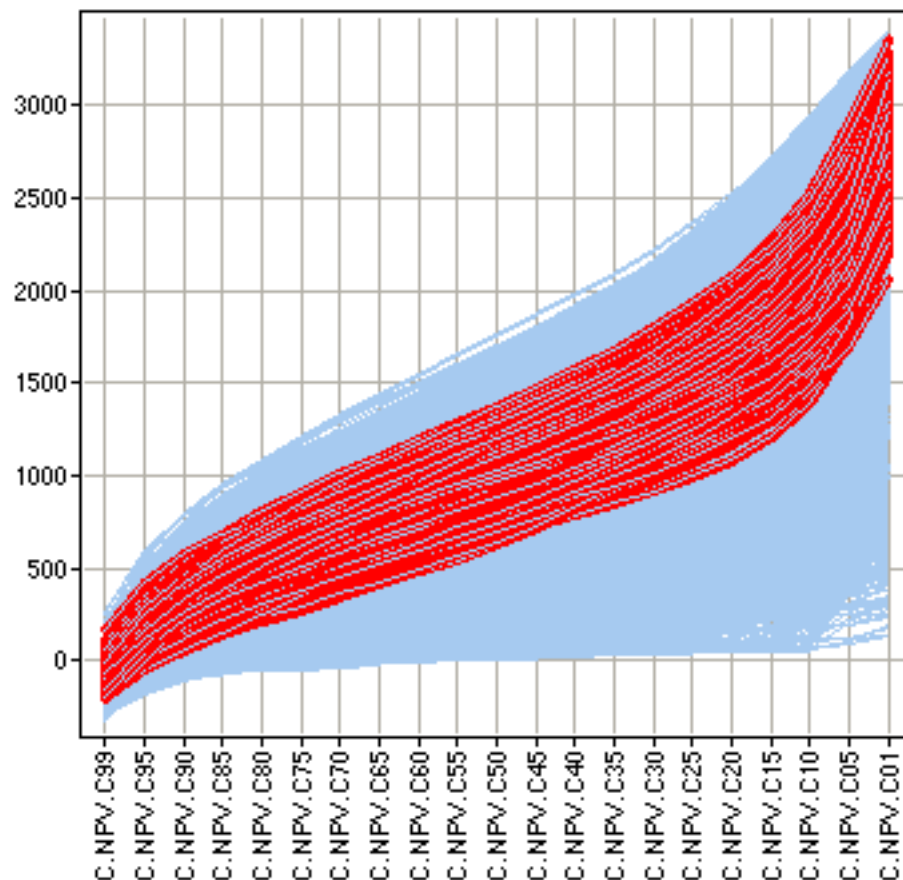


MMBOE Confidence Profile Chart



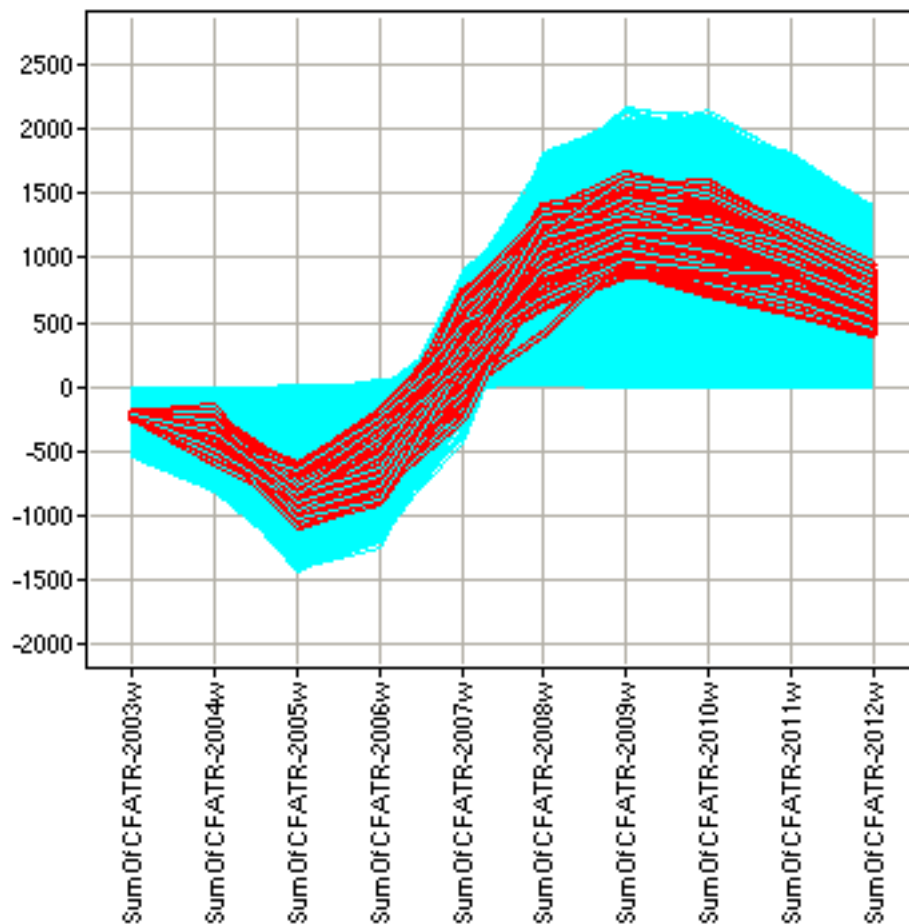
All columns use the same scale.

NPV Confidence Profile Chart



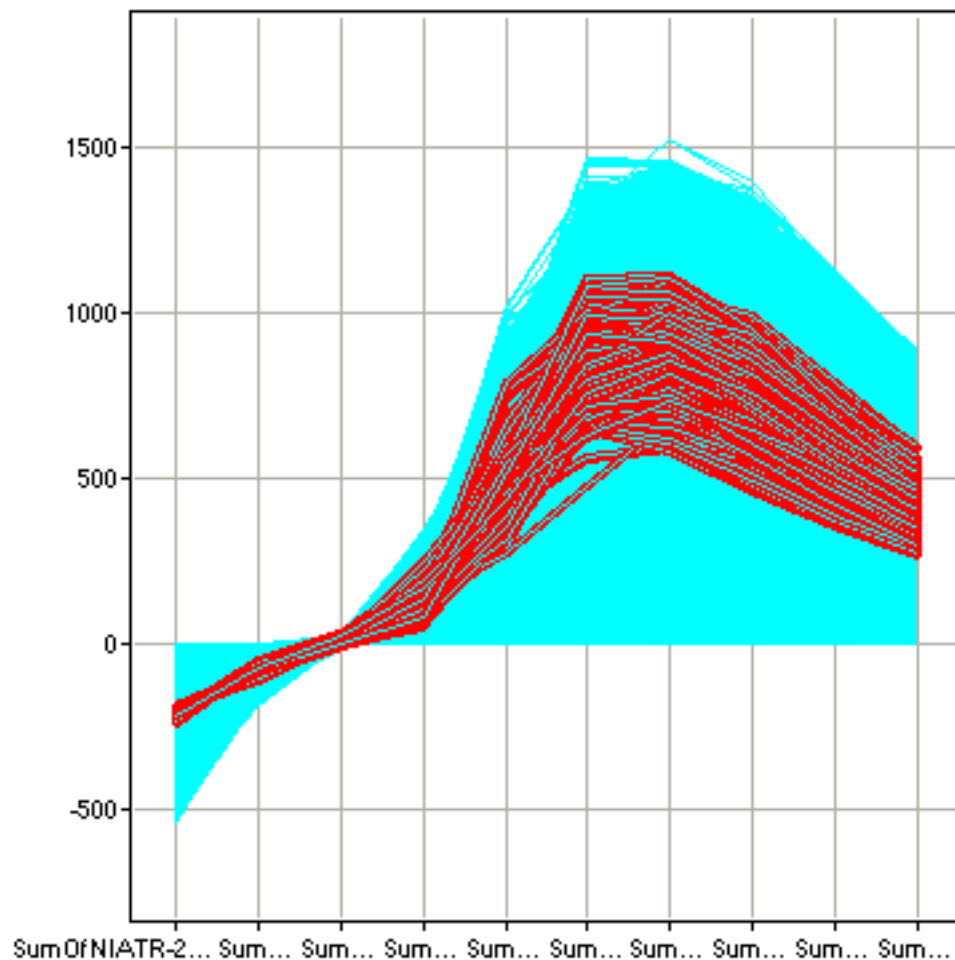
All columns use the same scale.

CFAT Profile Chart



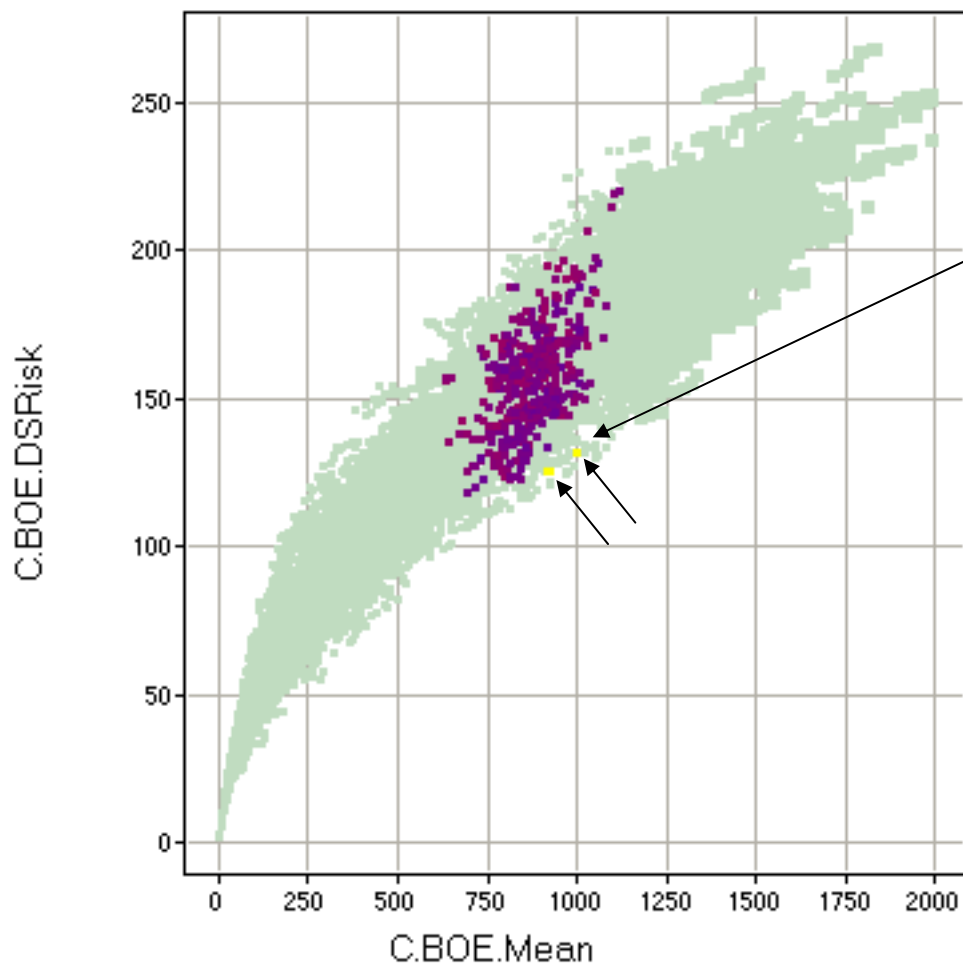
All columns use the same scale.

NIAT by Year Line Chart



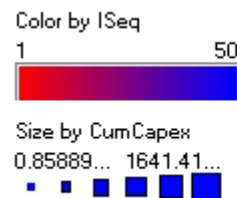
All columns use the same scale.

DS BOE

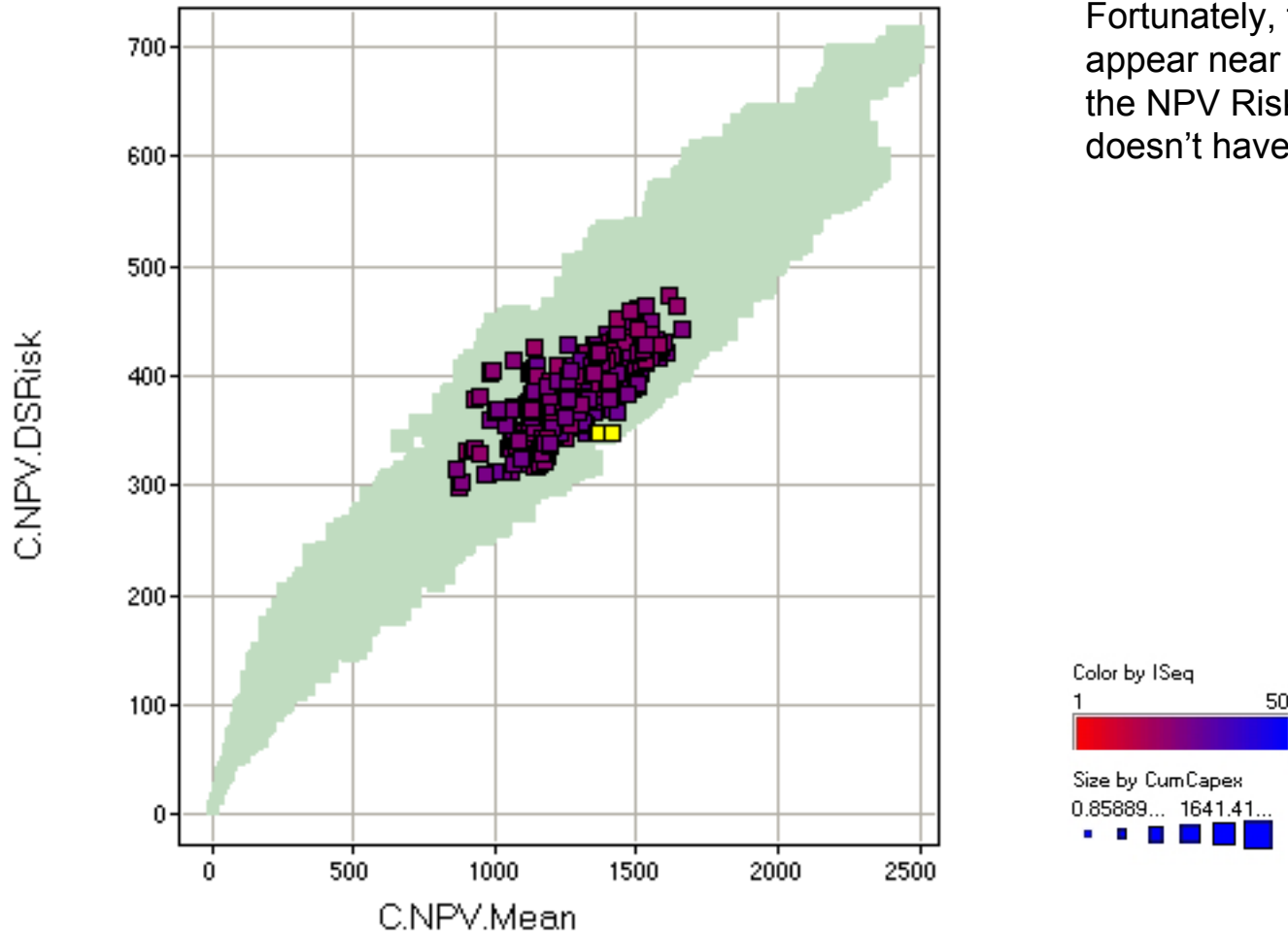


We Mark those project and only select them.

We select two portfolio nearest the Efficient Frontiers (yes, the yellow is hard to see --- sorry.)

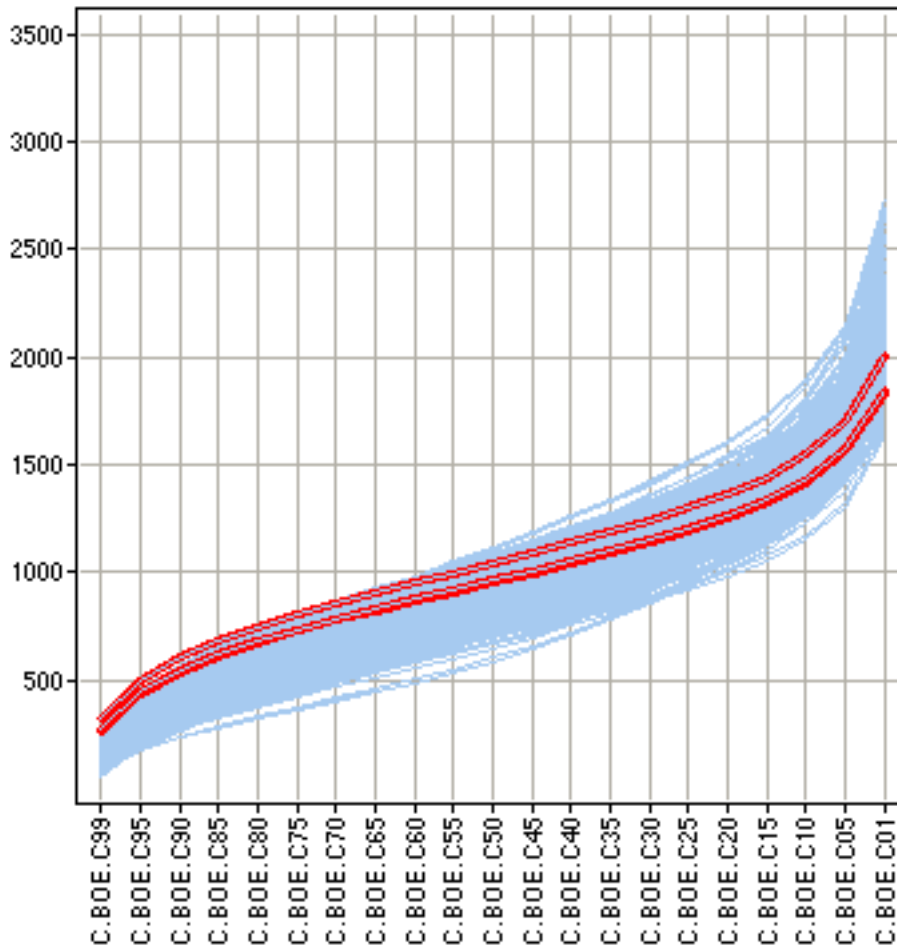


DS NPV



Fortunately, those project also appear near the efficient frontier of the NPV Risk Reward plot. (It doesn't have to be).

BOE Confidence Curve Profile Chart



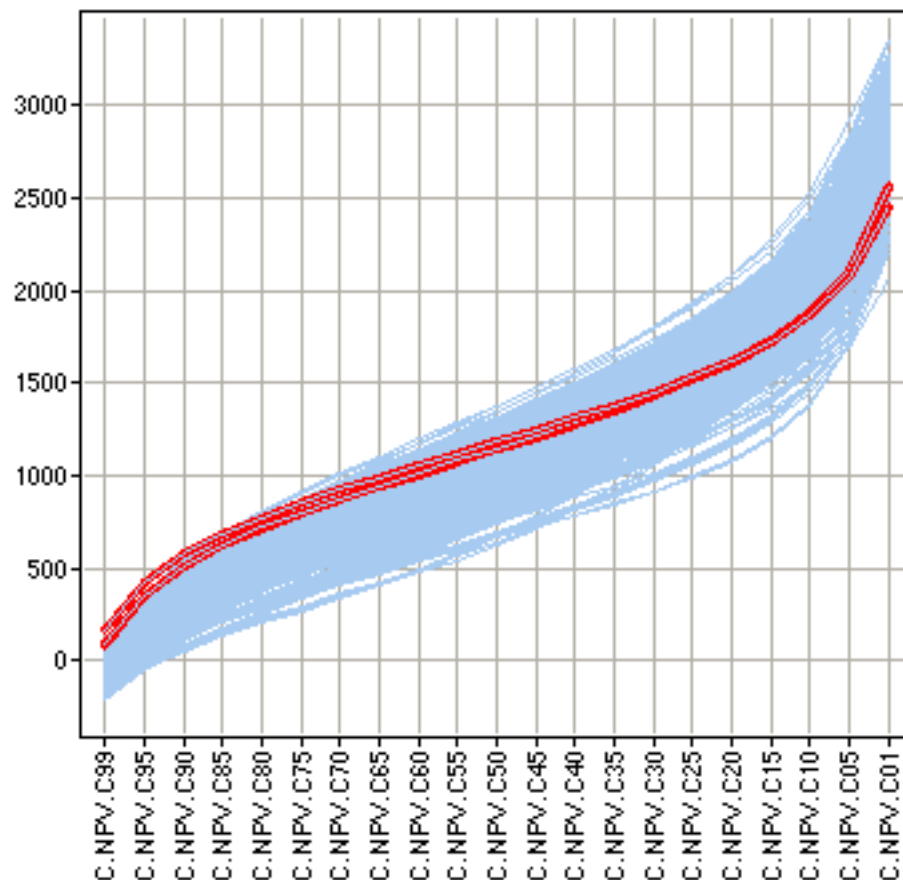
Those projects have relatively good performance at high confidence,

But don't have as great an upside as other points.

(Only the \$500 MM Capex, 20-30 project Portfolios are displayed in blue. All other portfolios are hidden.)

All columns use the same scale.

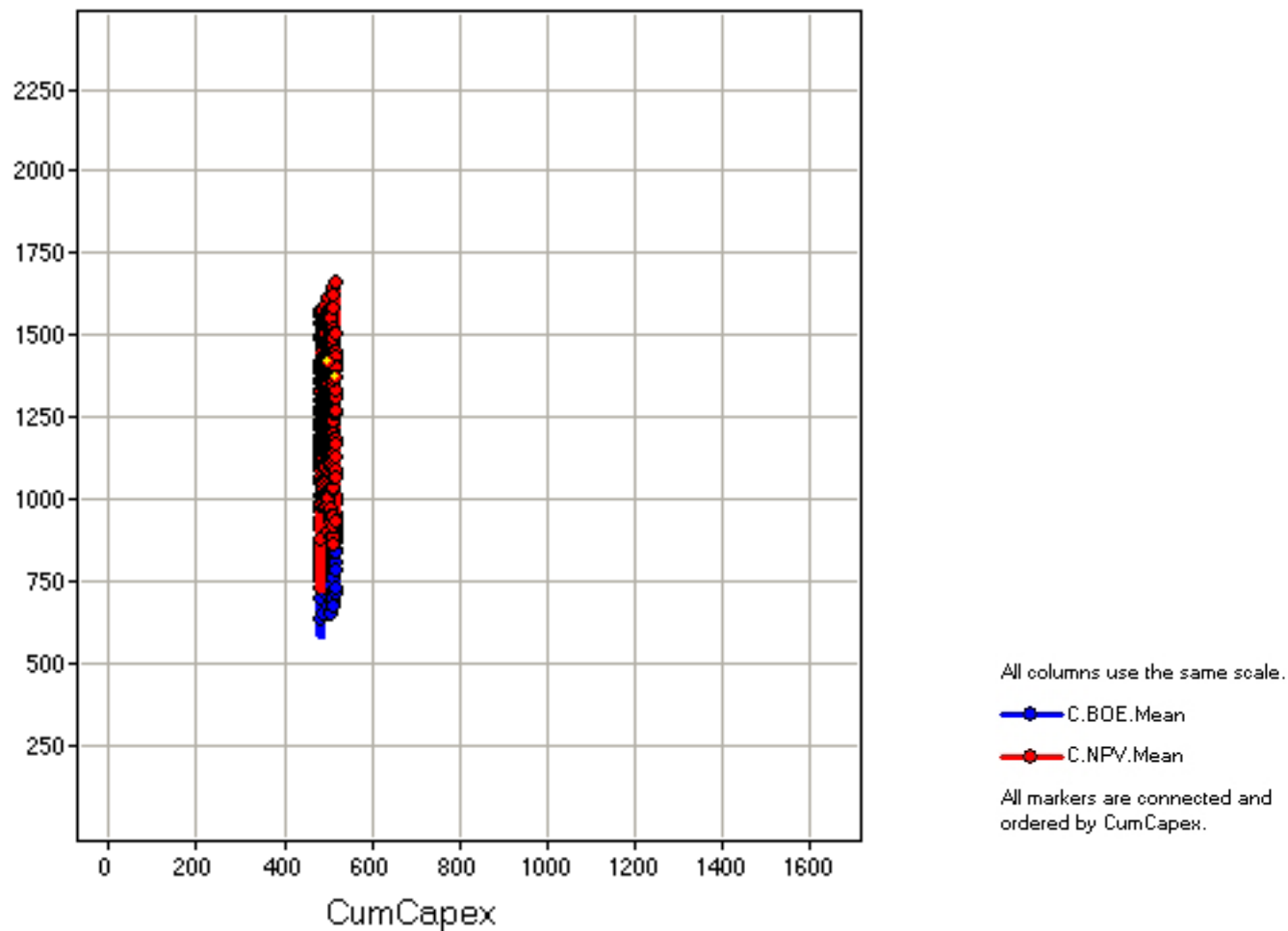
NPV Confidence Curves Profile Chart



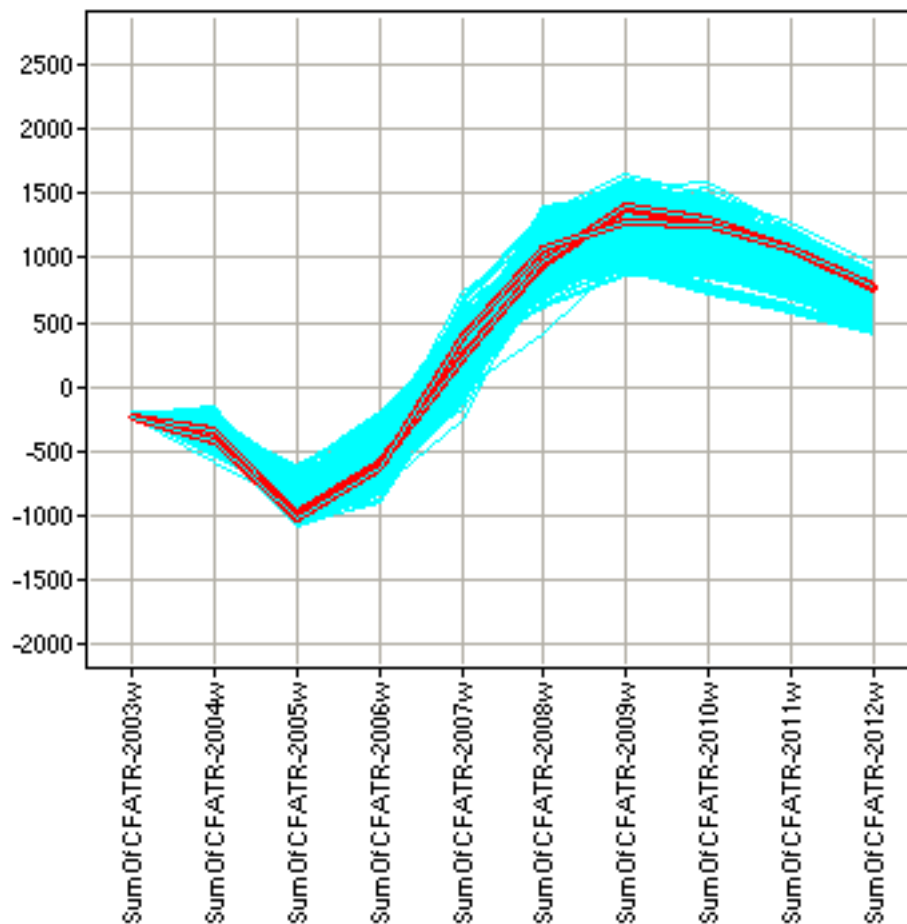
Likewise for the NPV Confidence curves

All columns use the same scale.

MMBOE & NPV vs Cum Capex



CFAT by year Profile Chart



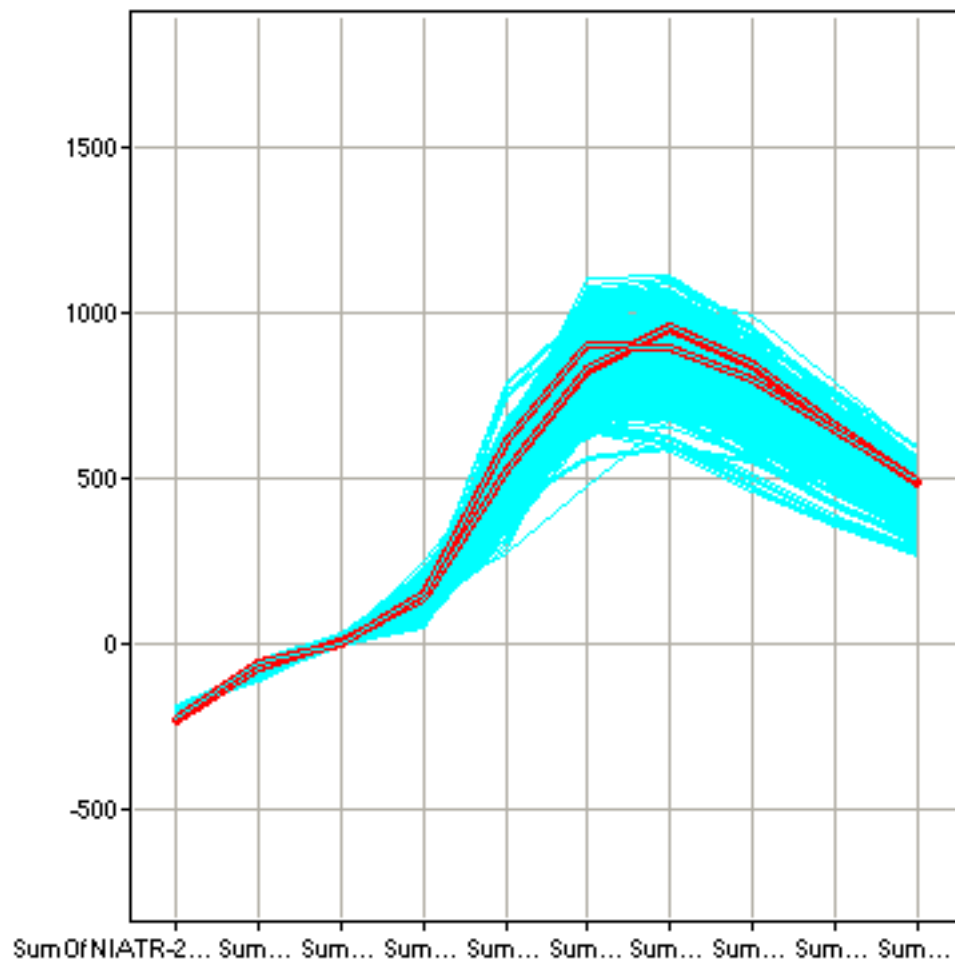
For the two selected portfolios.

Can we stand it? A management call.

If not, we select additional portfolios to exclude and analyze what is left.

All columns use the same scale.

NIAT by Year Line Chart



All columns use the same scale.

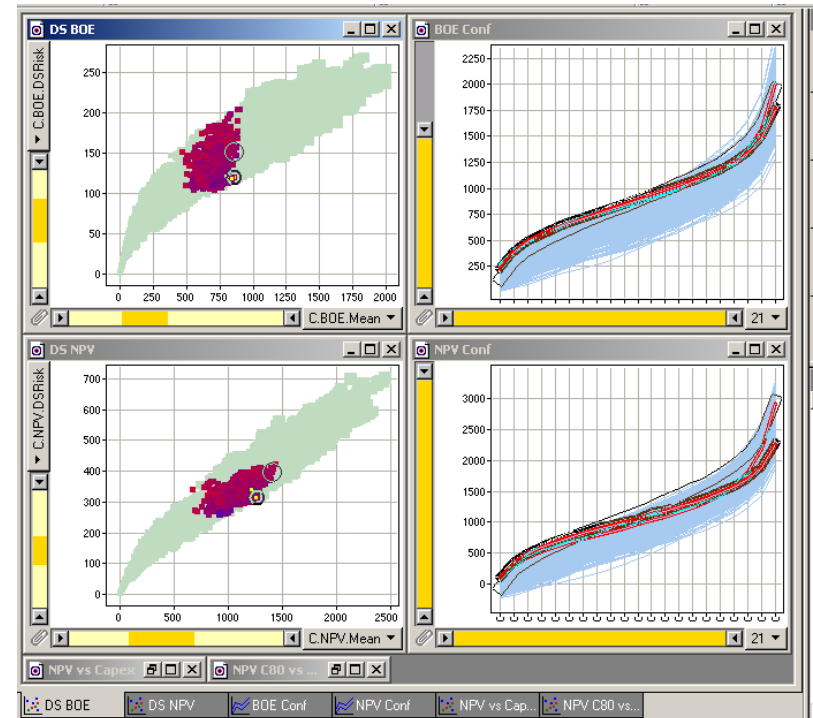
Spotfire Sheds Light on a Complicated Problem

- Woolsey's 1st Law
 - “A Manager would rather live with a problem he cannot solve than accept a solution he cannot understand.”
- Woolsey's 2nd Law
 - “A Manager does not want, and will not pay for, an OPTIMUM solution. He wants to be better off now, as quickly and as cheaply as possible.

* R. E. D. Woolsey, Professor of OR/MS, Colorado School of Mines

WiserWays Portfolio Calculator and Analyzer

- By making VISIBLE the potential funding opportunities, **DECISION MAKERS** can see available alternatives and the degree of difference (or equivalence) between them.
- Understandable.
Quick. Easy.



Thanks to

- Spotfire
 - For the opportunity to speak hear and for the work we have done together.
- Joe Taylor
 - For helping me debug the Access-Spotfire interaction.
- Ian Learch (Prof. U. of S. Carolina)
 - Who in 1997 catalyzed my development of the Confidence Curve Calculator.

And Thank You for your attention.

- This presentation is available on-line at
<http://wiserways.com/downloads/030220Spotfire.pdf>

You can do the job many ways....

Do it better with



Dr. Stephen M. Rasey

raseysm@wiserways.com

713-870-4706